



**UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA**

***ECOTOXICOLOGY AND HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT OF  
HEAVY METAL IN TINY SCALE BARB [*Thynnichthys thynnoides*  
(Bleeker, 1852)] FROM UPSTREAM PERAK RIVER, MALAYSIA***

**FARHANA AHMAD AFFANDI**

**FPAS 2021 6**



**ECOTOXICOLOGY AND HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT OF  
HEAVY METAL IN TINY SCALE BARB [*Thynnichthys thynnoides* (Bleeker,  
1852)] FROM UPSTREAM PERAK RIVER, MALAYSIA**

**By**

**FARHANA AHMAD AFFANDI**

**Thesis Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies, Universiti Putra Malaysia, in  
Fulfillment of the Requirement for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy**

**December 2020**

All material contained within the thesis, including without limitation text, logos, icons, photographs and all other artwork, is copyright material of Universiti Putra Malaysia unless otherwise stated. Use may be made of any material contained within the thesis for non-commercial purposes from the copyright holder. Commercial use of material may only be made with the express, prior, written permission of Universiti Putra Malaysia.

Copyright © Universiti Putra Malaysia



Abstract of the thesis presented to the Senate of Universiti Putra Malaysia in fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

**ECOTOXICOLOGY AND HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT OF HEAVY METAL IN TINY SCALE BARB [*Thynnichthys thynnoides* (Bleeker, 1852)] FROM UPSTREAM PERAK RIVER, MALAYSIA**

By

**FARHANA BINTI AHMAD AFFANDI**

**December 2020**

**Chairman : Mohd Yusoff Ishak, PhD**  
**Faculty : Forestry and Environment**

The upstream of Perak River has continuously received pollution from anthropogenic activities. These activities are responsible for the release of heavy metals into the environment. Thus, this study aimed to profile the concentrations of heavy metals in water, sediment, and tiny scale barb *Thynnichthys thynnoides* of the upstream of Perak River by integrating analytical and statistical approaches. This study also assessed the potential ecological and human health risks to heavy metals contamination. Furthermore, this study investigated the effect of heavy metal contamination on genetic variation of the tiny scale barb populations of this river using microsatellite loci from cross-species amplification. The concentrations of heavy metals [i.e. aluminum (Al), arsenic (As), copper (Cu), iron (Fe), manganese (Mn), lead (Pb), and nickel (Ni)] were analysed by the inductively coupled plasma mass spectrometry (ICP-MS). The results revealed that the water and sediment of this river were primarily polluted by As and potentially by Cu and Pb. The mean concentrations of As in both water (0.17 mg/L) and sediment (878.6 mg/kg) were observed to exceed the standard quality guidelines recommended for water (0.01 mg/L, Ministry of Health Malaysia) and sediment (70 mg/kg, Hong Kong Environmental Protection Department), respectively. The principal component analysis (PCA) then identified mixed anthropogenic sources related to the pollution mainly from mining, followed by logging and plantation activities. The high bioaccumulations of As in the tiny scale barb tissues were also correlated to the high concentrations of As in the river. The contamination factor (CF) and potential ecological risk index (RI) showed that this Perak River is severely contaminated by As and could pose a serious ecological risk to aquatic organisms. The concentration of As in the muscle tissues of tiny scale barb (1.00 mg/kg) has reached the maximum permissible limit by the Malaysian Food Regulations (1.00 mg/kg) and target hazard quotient (THQ) suggested that daily consumption of this fish would likely to cause adverse health effects to the consumer. Despite the high levels of metals in the tiny scale barb tissues, it shows no correlation with genetic variation in the tiny scale barb populations. However, this study observed reduced genetic diversity in tiny scale barb populations above the Kenering dam compared to the populations below dam. This is

an indication of genetic divergence and inbreeding due to the physical river barrier. Recent population bottlenecks were also observed in the populations above the dam possibly due to the effects of pollution and overfishing. In conclusion, this study has successfully provided data on heavy metals in river ecosystems for the purpose of monitoring, environmental protection and human safety. This study has also provided valuable genetic information for the fisheries sector and native species conservation efforts.



Abstrak tesis yang dikemukakan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk ijazah Doktor Falsafah

**EKOTOKSIKOLOGI DAN PENILAIAN RISIKO KESIHATAN MANUSIA  
TERHADAP LOGAM BERAT DALAM IKAN LOMA [*Thynnichthys thynnoides*  
(Bleeker, 1852)] DARI HULU SUNGAI PERAK, MALAYSIA**

Oleh

**FARHANA AHMAD AFFANDI**

**Disember 2020**

**Pengerusi : Mohd Yusoff Ishak, PhD**  
**Fakulti : Perhutanan dan Alam Sekitar**

Hulu Sungai Perak masih menerima pencemaran daripada aktiviti-aktiviti antropogenik. Kegiatan ini dilihat bertanggungjawab dalam menyebabkan terlepasnya logam berat ke persekitaran. Oleh itu, kajian ini dilakukan dengan tujuan untuk memaparkan kepekatan logam berat di dalam air, tanah, dan ikan Loma *Thynnichthys thynnoides* di hulu Sungai Perak, melalui pendekatan analitik dan statistik. Kajian ini juga menilai potensi risiko pencemaran logam berat terhadap kesihatan manusia dan ekologi. Selain itu, kajian ini turut meneliti kesan pencemaran logam berat terhadap variasi genetik populasi ikan Loma di sungai ini dengan menggunakan locus mikrosatelit melalui penggandaan silang spesies. Kepekatan logam berat [iaitu aluminium (Al), arsenik (As), kuprum (Cu), besi (Fe), mangan (Mn), plumbum (Pb), and nikel (Ni)] dianalisis menggunakan Spektrometer Jisim Gandingan Aruhan Plasma (ICP-MS). Hasil kajian menunjukkan bahawa air dan tanah di sungai ini telah dicemari terutamanya dengan As, dan berpotensi dicemari oleh Cu dan Pb. Kepekatan As di dalam air (0.17 mg/L) dan tanah (878.6 mg/kg) dilihat telah melebihi garis panduan kualiti standard yang telah disyorkan untuk air (0.01 mg/L, Kementerian Kesihatan Malaysia) dan tanah (70 mg/kg, Jabatan Perlindungan Alam Sekitar Hong Kong). Seterusnya, analisis komponen utama (PCA) telah mengenal pasti sumber-sumber antropogenik yang menyumbang kepada pencemaran adalah dari aktiviti perlombongan, pembalakan, dan perladangan. Biopengumpulan As yang tinggi di dalam tisu ikan Loma dilihat selari dengan kepekatan As yang tinggi di dalam sungai. Faktor pencemaran (CF) dan potensi indeks risiko ekologi (RI) menunjukkan bahawa hulu Sungai Perak ini sangat teruk dicemari dengan As dan boleh menimbulkan risiko ekologi yang serius kepada organisma akuatik. Kepekatan As di dalam tisu otot ikan Loma (1.00 mg/kg) dilihat telah mencapai had maksimum yang dibenarkan oleh Peraturan Makanan Malaysia (1.00 mg/kg) dan sasaran darjah bahaya (THQ) menunjukkan bahawa pengambilan ikan ini dalam diet harian berkemungkinan mendatangkan kesan buruk kepada kesihatan pengguna. Meskipun tahap logam berat di dalam tisu ikan Loma tinggi, ia tidak menunjukkan sabarang korelasi dengan variasi genetik populasi ikan Loma ini. Walaupun begitu, kajian ini menunjukkan

penurunan dalam kepelbagaian genetik pada populasi ikan Loma di sebelah atas empangan Kenering berbanding dengan populasi di sebelah bawah empangan. Ini membuktikan bahawa berlakunya pembiakbakaan dalam dan evolusi atau perubahan pada genetik disebabkan oleh halangan pada fizikal sungai. Populasi ikan Loma di sebelah atas empangan juga didapati mengalami kesesakan mungkin disebabkan oleh kesan dari pencemaran dan penangkapan ikan yang berlebihan. Kesimpulannya, kajian ini telah berjaya memberikan data mengenai logam berat dalam ekosistem sungai bagi tujuan pemantauan, perlindungan alam sekitar dan keselamatan manusia. Kajian ini juga telah memberikan info genetik yang berharga untuk sektor perikanan serta usaha pemuliharaan spesies asli.



## ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

First and foremost, praises and gratitude to Allah S.W.T. for allowing me to live, learn, and experience a lot of things throughout this PhD journey. Thank you Allah S.W.T. for giving me the strength and courage to complete this.

My grateful appreciation goes to my main supervisor, Dr. Mohd Yusoff Ishak for his great support, patience, and encouragement throughout the studies. I am also thankful to my co-supervisors, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Yuzine Esa, Assoc. Prof. Dr. Mohammad Noor Amal Azmai, and Dr. Syaizwan Zahmir Zulkifli for their willingness to be part of the committee members and assisting whenever needed.

I wish to thank all the staffs and post-graduate students in the Department of Environment (Forestry and Environment) and Department of Aquaculture (Agriculture), UPM for their assistance and cooperation during the studies, especially to Mr. Mohd Sulkifli Ibrahim, Miss Dalina Jaafar, Mr. Abdul Rahman Sokran, Mr. Zairi Ismail, Dr. Safaa A Kadhum, Mohamad Radhi Amonodin, and Nurul Atikah Wahid. My heartiest appreciation also goes to my friends, especially Zarith Sufiani Baharom, Nurhazwani Juzaimi, Nur Rahmah Majiran, Dr. Syahidah Ahmad, Nabilah Fatin Abd Razak, Dr. Nur Fatihah Abd Halid, and Dr. Mohamad Faizul Mat Isa for help and understanding.

I dedicate this thesis to my family, especially my mom, Radziah Othman, and my dad, Ahmad Affandi Kamaruddin, for their support, love, and patience that has given me the motivation to keep on going until the end.

Not to forget, I thank the Ministry of Higher Education and Universiti Putra Malaysia for the funding under Fundamental Research Grant Scheme, Geran Putra IPS, and Graduate Research Fellowship.



This thesis was submitted to the Senate of Universiti Putra Malaysia and has been accepted as fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The members of the Supervisory Committee were as follows:

**Mohd Yusoff bin Ishak, PhD**

Senior Lecturer  
Faculty of Forestry and Environment  
Universiti Putra Malaysia  
(Chairman)

**Yuzine bin Esa, PhD**

Associate Professor  
Faculty of Agriculture  
Universiti Putra Malaysia  
(Member)

**Mohammad Noor Amal bin Azmai, PhD**

Associate Professor  
Faculty of Science  
Universiti Putra Malaysia  
(Member)

**Syaizwan Zahmir bin Zulkifli, PhD**

Senior Lecturer  
Faculty of Science  
Universiti Putra Malaysia  
(Member)

---

**ZALILAH MOHD SHARIFF, PhD**

Professor and Dean  
School of Graduate Studies  
Universiti Putra Malaysia

Date: 11 November 2021

## Declaration by Members of Supervisory Committee

This is to confirm that:

- the research conducted and the writing of this thesis was under our supervision;
- supervision responsibilities as stated in the Universiti Putra Malaysia (Graduate Studies) Rules 2003 (Revision 2012-2013) are adhered to.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Chairman  
of Supervisory  
Committee: Dr. Mohd Yusoff Ishak

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Member  
of Supervisory  
Committee: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Yuzine Esa

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Member  
of Supervisory  
Committee: Assoc. Prof. Dr. Mohammad Noor Amal Azmai

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_  
Name of Member  
of Supervisory  
Committee: Dr. Syaizwan Zahmir Zulkifli

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<b>Page</b>
<b>ABSTRACT</b>	i
<b>ABSTRAK</b>	iii
<b>ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS</b>	v
<b>APPROVAL</b>	vi
<b>DECLARATION</b>	viii
<b>LIST OF TABLES</b>	xiii
<b>LIST OF FIGURES</b>	xvi
<b>LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS</b>	xviii
<b>CHAPTER</b>	
<b>1 GENERAL INTRODUCTION</b>	<b>1</b>
1.1 Background of Study	1
1.2 Problem Statement	2
1.3 Hypothesis	3
1.4 Objectives	4
<b>2 LITERATURE REVIEW</b>	<b>6</b>
2.1 River Water Quality in Malaysia	6
2.2 Heavy Metals	11
2.2.1 Heavy Metal Pollution in Riverine Ecosystems	12
2.2.2 Heavy Metal Bioaccumulation in Fish	15
2.2.3 Effects of Heavy Metal Pollution on Fish Genetics and Population	16
2.3 Fish as Environmental Bioindicators	18
2.4 Perak River, Perak	21
2.4.1 Fish of Perak River	23
2.4.2 Tiny Scale Barb <i>Thynnichthys thynnoides</i>	23
2.4.3 Anthropogenic Disturbance in Perak River	26
2.5 Genetic Application in Ecotoxicology Research	27
2.5.1 Previous Studies on Genetics and Heavy Metal	28
2.5.2 Microsatellites	29
2.5.3 Dam Effects on Genetic Diversity	30
<b>3 GENERAL METHODOLOGY</b>	<b>31</b>
3.1 Study Area	31

<b>4</b>	<b>ASSESSMENT OF HEAVY METAL IN THE WATER AND SEDIMENT OF UPPER PERAK RIVER AND THEIR BIOACCUMULATION IN TINY SCALE BARB <i>Thynnichthys thynnoides</i></b>	<b>42</b>
4.1	Introduction	42
4.2	Materials and Methods	43
4.2.1	Sample Collection	43
4.2.2	Water Analysis	44
4.2.3	Sediment Analysis	45
4.2.4	Fish Analysis	45
4.2.5	Quality Assurance and Quality Control	46
4.2.6	Statistical Analyses	48
4.2.7	Contamination Factor in Sediment	48
4.2.8	Potential Ecological Risk Assessment	48
4.2.9	Bioaccumulation Factor	49
4.3	Results	49
4.3.1	Physicochemical Properties and Heavy Metal Concentrations in Water	49
4.3.2	Physicochemical Properties and Heavy Metal Concentrations in Sediment	57
4.3.3	Relationship between Physicochemical Properties and Heavy Metals in Water and Sediment	63
4.3.4	Identification of Pollution Sources	66
4.3.5	Contamination Factor and Potential Ecological Risk	69
4.3.6	Heavy Metal Concentrations in Fish Tissues	70
4.3.7	Relationship between Heavy Metal Concentrations in Water, Sediment, and Fish Tissues	77
4.3.8	Bioaccumulation Factor	79
4.4	Discussion	81
4.5	Conclusion	86
<b>5</b>	<b>RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN HEAVY METAL POLLUTION AND GENETIC VARIATION IN TINY SCALE BARB <i>Thynnichthys thynnoides</i></b>	<b>87</b>
5.1	Introduction	87
5.2	Materials and Methods	88
5.2.1	Fish Samples	88
5.2.2	DNA Extraction	89
5.2.3	Gel Electrophoresis	89
5.2.4	Optimisation of PCR for Cross-species Microsatellites	90
5.2.5	PCR Amplification of Polymorphic Microsatellites	93
5.2.6	Fragment Analysis	93
5.2.7	Statistical Analyses	94
5.3	Results	96
5.3.1	Heavy Metal Pollution Status	96

5.3.2	Condition Factor and Hepatosomatic Index	98
5.3.3	Microsatellites Genotyping	98
5.3.4	Genetic Variation	101
5.3.5	Genetic Differentiation among Populations	103
5.3.6	Relationship between Heavy Metal Pollution and Genetic Variability in Tiny Scale Barbs	107
5.4	Discussion	108
5.5	Conclusion	111
<b>6</b>	<b>HUMAN HEALTH RISK ASSESSMENT OF HEAVY METALS IN TINY SCALE BARB <i>Thynnichthys thynnoides</i> FROM THE UPSTREAM OF PERAK RIVER</b>	<b>112</b>
6.1	Introduction	112
6.2	Materials and Methods	112
6.2.1	Estimated Daily Intake	113
6.2.2	Target Hazard Quotient	113
6.2.3	Total Hazard Index	114
6.2.4	Cancer Risk	114
6.3	Results	115
6.3.1	Maximum Permissible Limit	115
6.3.2	Estimated Daily Intake	116
6.3.3	Target Hazard Quotient	116
6.3.4	Cancer Risk	121
6.4	Discussion	123
6.5	Conclusion	124
<b>7</b>	<b>GENERAL DISCUSSION, CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS</b>	<b>125</b>
	<b>REFERENCES</b>	<b>128</b>
	<b>APPENDICES</b>	<b>160</b>
	<b>BIODATA OF STUDENT</b>	<b>162</b>
	<b>LIST OF PUBLICATIONS</b>	<b>163</b>

## LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
2.1	DOE Water Quality Index Classification	7
2.2	DOE Water Quality Classification based on Water Quality Index	7
2.3	DOE National Water Quality Standards	8
2.4	NWQS water classes and uses	11
2.5	Heavy metal studies in riverine ecosystems in Malaysia	13
2.6	Biomarkers used in the assessment of environmental health and quality of aquatic ecosystems	20
3.1	Description of sampling sites	33
4.1	The operating condition of Perkin Elmer ICP-MS, ELAN DRC-e	44
4.2	The limit of detection (LOD) and recovery percentage of metal detection by ICP-MS	47
4.3	The limit of detection (LOD) and recovery percentage for channel sediment BCR <sup>®</sup> -320R	47
4.4	The limit of detection (LOD) and recovery percentage for fish protein DORM-4	47
4.5	The average shale (mg/kg) and toxicity coefficient ( $T_r^i$ ) of heavy metals in sediment	49
4.6	Physicochemical properties (mean $\pm$ SD) in the surface waters of upper Perak River	51
4.7	Heavy metal concentrations (mean $\pm$ SD, mg/L) in the surface waters of upper Perak River	52
4.8	Comparison of physicochemical properties (range) in water from upper Perak River with other studies	53
4.9	Comparison of heavy metal concentrations (range, mg/L) in water from upper Perak River with other studies	55
4.10	Physicochemical properties (mean $\pm$ SD) in the surface sediments of upper Perak River	59

4.11	Heavy metal concentrations (mean $\pm$ SD, mg/kg) in the surface sediments of upper Perak River	60
4.12	Comparisons of physicochemical properties (range) and heavy metal concentrations (range, mg/kg) in sediment from upper Perak River with other studies	61
4.13	Correlation coefficient among water quality variables	64
4.14	Correlation coefficient among sediment quality variables	65
4.15	Principle component matrix of water quality variables (bold values represent parameters that contribute to the variability in the component)	67
4.16	Contamination factor (CF) for heavy metals in surface sediments	69
4.17	Potential ecological risk indices of heavy metals	70
4.18	Heavy metal concentrations (mean $\pm$ SD, mg/kg wet weight) in tissues of tiny scale barbs from upper Perak River	72
4.19	Comparisons of heavy metal concentrations (mg/kg wet weight) in fish tissues from upper Perak River with other studies	74
4.20	Correlation coefficient of heavy metal concentrations among water, sediment, and fish tissues	78
4.21	Bioaccumulation factor of metals in fish tissues from water and sediment of the upper Perak River	80
5.1	Primers of microsatellite loci tested for cross-species amplification in tiny scale barb <i>T. thynnoides</i>	91
5.2	Characteristics of successfully amplified primer pairs in tiny scale barb <i>T. thynnoides</i>	92
5.3	Characteristics of polymorphic microsatellite loci in tiny scale barb <i>T. thynnoides</i>	93
5.4	Software used in analysis of microsatellite loci	94
5.5	Total length (TL), weight (W), condition factor (K), and hepatosomatic index (HSI) of tiny scale barb populations	98
5.6	The allele frequencies of four microsatellite loci from five populations of tiny scale barbs. A locus is considered polymorphic if the frequency of the most common allele does	101

	not exceed 0.95	
5.7	Genetic variability at four microsatellite loci in five populations of tiny scale barb	102
5.8	Hierarchical analysis of molecular variance (AMOVA) in tiny scale barbs	103
5.9	Pairwise estimates of genetic distance (below diagonal) and $F_{ST}$ (upper diagonal) among five populations of tiny scale barb	104
5.10	$F_{ST}$ values reported for different freshwater fish species and populations	105
5.11	Population assignment of tiny scale barb	106
5.12	Current bottleneck evidence within populations of tiny scale barb	106
5.13	The correlation of heavy metal concentrations in the tissues of tiny scale barb with the allele frequencies from four microsatellite markers	107
6.1	The oral reference dose (RfD) and cancer slope (CSF) of heavy metals for fish consumption	114
6.2	Heavy metal concentrations in muscle tissues of tiny scale barbs from upper Perak River. All values are presented in mg/kg wet weight basis	115
6.3	Estimated daily intake (EDI, mg/kg body weight/day), target hazard quotient (THQ), total hazard index (HI), and oral reference dose (RfD, mg/kg body weight/day) of heavy metals in tiny scale barbs consumed by adults and children in Malaysia	117
6.4	Comparisons of estimated daily intake (EDI, mg/kg body weight/day) values of heavy metals of the current study with the other studies	118
6.5	Comparisons of target hazard quotient (THQ) values of the current study with the other studies	119
6.6	Cancer risk of heavy metals in tiny scale barbs consumed by adults and children in Malaysia	121
6.7	Comparisons of cancer risk (CR) values of the current study with the other studies	122



## LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
1.1	The research framework of this study	5
2.1	Diagram showing the impacts of metal pollution on fish individuals and populations (Adapted and modified from Hamilton et al., 2016)	17
2.2	Map of Perak River basin	22
2.3	Taxonomy of tiny scale barb <i>Thynnichthys thynnoides</i> (Bleeker, 1852)	24
2.4	Land use map along the Perak River basin (Omar et al., 2018)	26
3.1	Monthly rainfall data at the upper Perak River from years 2014 to 2016 (Malaysian Meteorology Department, 2016)	32
3.2	Study area	34
3.3	Location at S2 showing the yellow-orange water and sediment of Kepayang River before entering the Rui River	35
3.4	Aerial view of mining area at the upstream of Kepayang River (Google Maps, 2017)	35
3.5	Location at S3 showing (A) the effluent from mining area being treated with limestone solution and (B) the mine effluent treatment pond	36
3.6	Fishing of the tiny scale barbs using a scoop net at S4	37
3.7	Aerial view of palm oil and rubber plantations near to S4 (Google Maps, 2017)	37
3.8	Aerial view of logging and mining area at the upstream of Kuak River (Google Maps, 2017)	38
3.9	Location at S6 which is also known as 'Dataran Loma'	38
3.10	Location at S7 where the water comes from Bersia Reservoir	39
3.11	Aerial view of logging activity, palm oil and rubber plantations near to S9 (Google Maps, 2017)	39
3.12	Location at S10	40
3.13	Flowchart of research methodology	41

4.1	Muscle part of fish that was used for metal analysis	46
4.2	Gill filament (Steven Bardin, 2019)	46
4.3	Dendrogram showing different clusters of sampling stations at the upper Perak River by various variables in the water and sediment. Coloured lines show cluster differences	68
4.4	Heavy metal concentrations between different tissues of tiny scale barbs. Letters a and b show statistically significant differences ( $p < 0.05$ )	73
5.1	Tissue part of fish that was used for genetic analysis	88
5.2	Dendrogram showing different clusters of sampling stations at the upper Perak River by heavy metal concentrations in the water and sediment. Coloured lines show cluster differences	97
5.3	Examples of PCR bands using microsatellite primers (A) MFW1, (B) MFW17, (C) MFW19, and (D) MFW24 on 16 different samples of tiny scale barb	99
5.4	Examples of fragment results of observed heterozygosity (two peaks) and homozygosity (one peak) in sample S4R2 of the tiny scale barb using (A) MFW1, (B) MFW17, (C) MFW19, and (D) MFW24 primers	100
5.5	UPGMA cluster diagram based on the unbiased genetic distance for five populations of tiny scale barb	104
5.6	Dendrogram showing different clusters of tiny scale barb populations based on heavy metal concentrations in different parts of their tissues	108

## LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ANOVA	Analysis of variance
bp	Base pair
Bq	Becquerel
BHC	Benzene hexachloride
CCE	Carbon chloroform extract
cm	Centimeter
DDT	Dichlorodiphenyltrichloroethane
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic acid
FAM	Fluorescein amidites
gDNA	Genomic DNA
g	Gram
h	Hour
H <sub>2</sub> O	Water
hpf	Hour post-fertilization
Kg.	Kampung
kb	Kilobase
kg	Kilogram
km	Kilometer
L	Liter
m	Meter
MBAS	Methylene blue active substances
µg	Microgram
µl	Microliter
µm	Micrometer

μS	Micro Siemen
mg	Milligram
min	Minute
ml	Milliliter
mm	Millimeter
ms	Millisecond
ng	Nanogram
nm	Nanometer
NTU	Nephelometric turbidity unit
O&G	Oil and grease
PBS	Phosphate-buffered saline
PCB	Polychlorinated biphenyl
PCR	Polymerase chain reaction
ppm	Part per million
ppt	Part per thousand
rpm	Round per minute
SAR	Sodium adsorption ratio
SD	Standard deviation
sec	Second
sp. or spp.	Species (for singular or plural term)
SPSS	Statistical Package for Social Science
TCU	True color unit
UPM	Universiti Putra Malaysia
UPGMA	Unweighted pair group method with arithmetic mean
UV	Ultraviolet
V	Volt

v/v            Volume per volume

W             Watt

w/v            Weight per volume



© COPYRIGHT UPM

## CHAPTER 1

### GENERAL INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Background of Study

Rapid industrialisation and population growth in Malaysia have caused serious problems to the water quality and fish population in many rivers in the country (Yap et al., 2003). Beyond that, water pollution has fundamentally emerged as a major problem worldwide and the presence of harmful contaminants in the environment is raising much concern. One of the main causes of water pollution particularly is heavy metals, whereby pollution due to these materials are known to cause adverse health effects towards aquatic organisms and humans alike (Reis, 2013; Okpala et al., 2018).

Heavy metals are introduced into the aquatic environment by both natural and anthropogenic activities through runoff, land-based point discharge, and weathering processes. Heavy metals are considered toxic pollutants in the aquatic environment due to their persistence, toxicity, and ability to be accumulated into the food chain (Bastami et al., 2014). Unlike other pollutants (mainly organic), metals are not degraded or eliminated from the ecosystem (Rajkowska and Protasowicki, 2013). However, they are incorporated among the various aquatic environmental compartments such as water, sediments, suspended solids, and organisms (plants, fish, invertebrates, and microbes) (Azizur Rahman et al., 2012). These metals may occur in the aquatic environment in dissolved, particulate, or complex forms. These metals will accumulate in the food chain and cause various adverse effects or even death to the aquatic organisms.

Fish are exposed to metals both through the water and food chain. In the water, metals remain as free ions of organic and inorganic anions. Hence, these free metal ions are accumulated in fish via direct uptake across the gills (Hodson, 1988). Other than that, these free metal ions can accumulate in algae, plankton, and bacteria, which then are transferred to a higher trophic level of the food chain such as the forage fish and small invertebrates (Azizur Rahman et al., 2012). Finally, these small fishes and invertebrates will be eaten by predator fish thus accumulating a high concentration of metals in the fish organs and tissues (Azizur Rahman et al., 2012).

The tiny scale barb *Thynnichthys thynnoides* (Bleeker, 1852) is a freshwater fish widely distributed in Southeast Asia which inhabits the streams and lakes in Malaysia particularly in Tasik Chini, Pahang (Kutty et al., 2009) as well in Perak River, Perak (Ali and Kadir, 1996). Perak River is the second longest river in Peninsular Malaysia after the Pahang River. Perak River has become an attraction among locals to harvest the tiny scale barbs during their mass migration starting in October every year (Ismail et al., 2015). Even though the IUCN Red List Status has categorised the tiny scale barb as one of the Least Concern species, these species are facing a few threats such as impact from water pollution, overfishing, and habitat degradation due to deforestation (Chong et al., 2010). This apparently will decrease the fish numbers and population

which may lead to species absence in certain areas, as absence reported in the southern parts of Peninsular Malaysia (Ambak et al., 2010).

Genetic disturbance or change in fish as a response to pollutant exposure has been discussed for at least three decades (De Flora et al., 1993; Belfiore and Anderson, 2001; Moon et al., 2020). Bickham et al. (2000) and Hamilton et al. (2016) observed the potential reduction of species diversity and population, as well as the predicted loss of genetic variation due to pollutant exposure. Frankham (1995) also stated that the population's ability to adapt to changing environments is dependent on its genetic diversity, and that small populations with less genetic diversity may have reduced fitness and be more vulnerable to extinction. Therefore, the genetic approach in evaluating the current status of the fish population and understanding the history of population changes have offered powerful tools in predicting future population directions (Belfiore and Anderson, 2001).

## **1.2 Problem Statement**

Water pollution is a major issue that has a negative impact on the aquatic ecosystem. A high level of heavy metals in the water could have disastrous effects for the ecological balance, changing the diversity of organisms in the water. Heavy metal toxicity's harmful effects on aquatic organisms may eventually have an influence on human lives as well. The metal accumulation in aquatic organisms could enter the human body system when consumed, which then leads to various health effects.

The upper Perak River plays an important role as the water resource for Kenering Reservoir. Rui River as its main tributary is familiarly associated with the provision of various sources of food, while also acting as a breeding ground for aquatic organisms, especially the tiny scale barb (Azmai et al., 2015). Due to the massive amount of tiny scale barb migrating through the river during the spawning season, fishing for the species has become a sought-after activity among locals and tourists alike. However, the low water quality reported in Rui River over the last few years has caused a decline in its catch (Bernama, 2015; Abd Manap, 2016). Despite such reports, the river continuously receives a huge amount of untreated discharge due to anthropogenic activities, such as mining, logging, and plantation. Surface runoff from the upstream mining and logging during the rainy season has caused intense sedimentation along the river and might contribute to the large amount of metal deposition in the river ecosystem. The presence of toxic metals such as arsenic, cadmium, lead, and mercury in waters associated with mining and logging activities, have been found accumulated in fish in levels that exceed the maximum levels for human consumption (Tarras-Wahlberg et al., 2001; Ashraf et al., 2012; Poon et al., 2016; Gusso-Choueri et al., 2018; Alizada et al., 2020). These metals are known as human carcinogens which are able to induce multiple organ damage and failure, even at lower concentrations of exposure (Tchounwou et al., 2012). Because of their high degree of toxicity, these metals are of great public health concern.

Previous studies showed that heavy metal bioaccumulation levels in aquatic organisms accurately reflect the pollution levels in their immediate environment, and this heavy metal stress is related to a loss of genetic diversity at the population level (Fratini et al., 2008; Ungherese et al., 2010). High levels of several metals from mining activities have been found to cause genotoxic effects in fish at molecular and chromosomal levels (Gusso-Choueri et al., 2016). Meanwhile, high metal levels in the thermal power plant effluent were found to cause DNA damage and oxidative stress in fish (Javed et al., 2016). Specifically, these toxic metals may reduce the diversity and abundance of aquatic biota as well as the total aquatic biomass composition. They are particularly harmful to the embryos and larvae of fishes, and deformities at these early stages of life will affect their subsequent survival and growth rate, devastating the fish populations (Lourenço et al., 2017; Ramos et al., 2015).

Since the tiny scale barbs are still being harvested in large amounts annually, the fish need to be used sustainably before extinction occurs in nature. Moreover, little is known about the genetic structure of the tiny scale barb population, especially at the micro-geographical scale such as in this Perak River where cycles of colonisation or extinction may be frequent. Therefore, it is important to measure and monitor the quality of this river ecosystem to prevent the loss of biodiversity and serious human health hazards. Understanding the effects of pollutants on genetic variability is necessary for conserving the evolutionary potential of natural populations. It is fundamental to have management efforts either by conservation or domestication.

### **1.3 Hypothesis**

This research tested the following hypotheses:

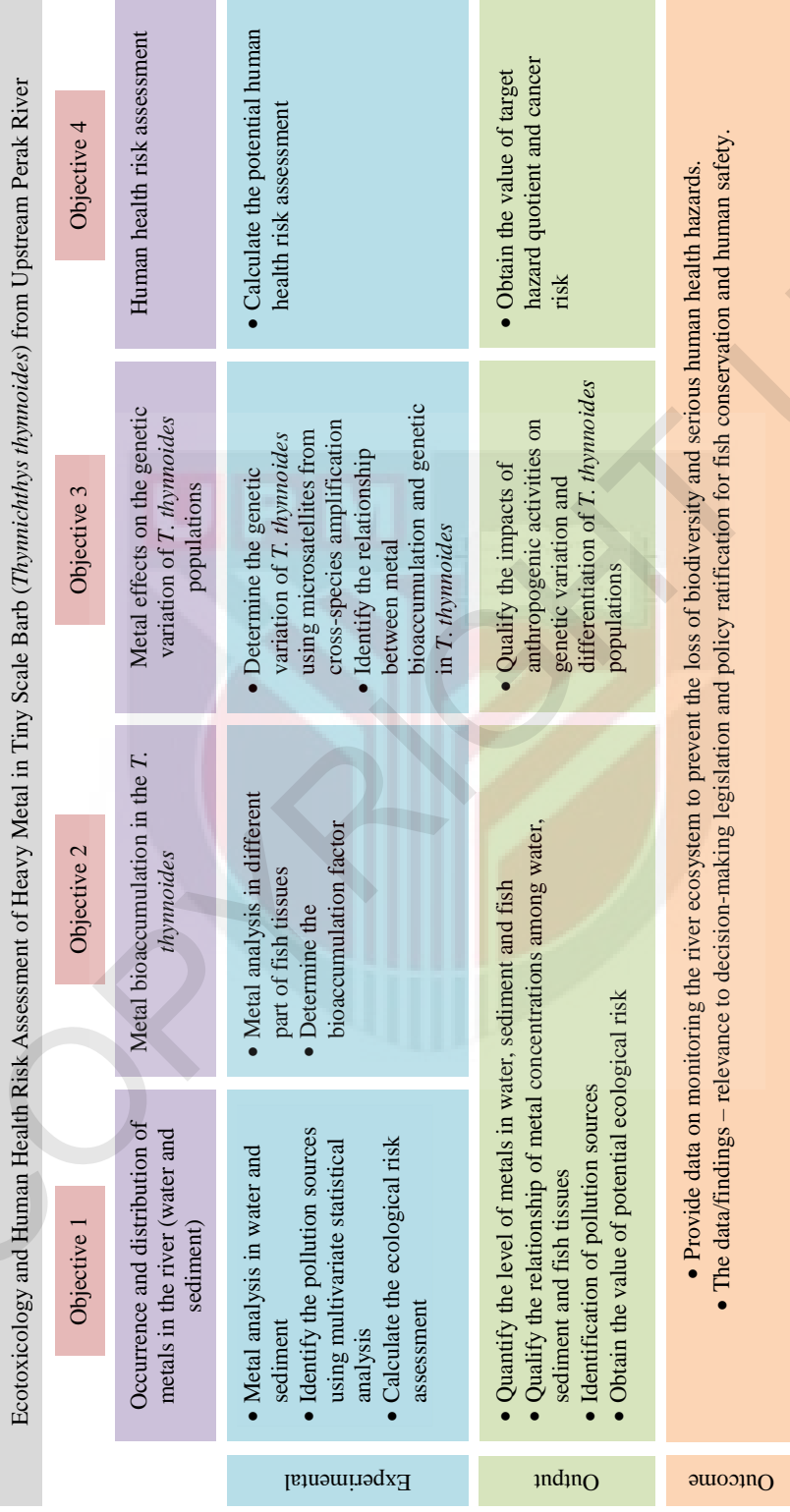
- 1)  $H_0$ : The upper Perak River is not polluted by heavy metal contamination from the upstream mining activity.  
 $H_1$ : The upper Perak River is mainly polluted by heavy metal contamination from the upstream mining activity.
- 2)  $H_0$ : There is no correlation between bioaccumulation of heavy metals in tiny scale barb tissues and heavy metal concentrations in water and sediment of the upper Perak River.  
 $H_1$ : Bioaccumulation of heavy metals in tiny scale barb tissues is correlated with heavy metal concentrations in water and sediment of the upper Perak River.
- 3)  $H_0$ : Heavy metal pollution in the upper Perak River has no effect on genetic variability of tiny scale barb population.  
 $H_1$ : Heavy metal pollution in the upper Perak River has a negative effect on genetic variability of tiny scale barb population.
- 4)  $H_0$ : Consumption of tiny scale barb from the upper Perak River will not cause any toxic effect on human health.  
 $H_1$ : Consumption of tiny scale barb from the upper Perak River will cause a toxic effect on human health.



#### 1.4 Objectives

This research was carried out to investigate the ecotoxicological effects and human health risk assessment of heavy metal in the tiny scale barbs of the upstream of Perak River. Figure 1.1 shows the framework of this research. The detailed objectives of this research are as follows:

- 1) To assess the status of heavy metal occurrence and distribution (Al, As, Cu, Fe, Mn, Ni, and Pb) in the water and sediment of the upstream of Perak River.
- 2) To determine and compare the bioaccumulation level of heavy metals in different parts of tissues (gills, liver, and muscle) of tiny scale barb collected from the upstream of Perak River.
- 3) To evaluate the effects of heavy metal pollution and bioaccumulation on genetic variability of the tiny scale barb collected from the upstream of Perak River.
- 4) To determine the human health risk of heavy metals in the tiny scale barb collected from the upstream of Perak River.



**Figure 1.1: The research framework of this study**

## REFERENCES

- Abd Hamid, M., Mansor, M., & Mohd Nor, S. A. (2015). Length-weight relationship and condition factor of fish populations in Temengor Reservoir: Indication of environmental health. *Sains Malaysiana*, 44(1), 61–66.
- Abd Manap, A. H. (2016, December 27). Dapat induk dengan gejala di Lenggong. *Harian Metro*. Retrieved from <http://www.hmetro.com.my/node/191930>
- Abdul-Muneer, P. M. (2014). Application of microsatellite markers in conservation genetics and fisheries management: recent advances in population structure analysis and conservation strategies. *Genetics Research International*, 2014, 691759. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2014/691759>
- Abdul Muneer, P. M., Gopalakrishnan, A., Musammilu, K. K., Mohindra, V., Lal, K. K., Basheer, V. S., & Lakra, W. S. (2009). Genetic variation and population structure of endemic yellow catfish, *Horabagrus brachysoma* (Bagridae) among three populations of Western Ghat region using RAPD and microsatellite markers. *Molecular Biology Reports*, 36(7), 1779–1791. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11033-008-9381-6>
- Abdullah, M. H., Sidi, J., & Aris, A. Z. (2007). Heavy metals (Cd, Cu, Cr, Pb and Zn) in *Meretrix meretrix* Roding, water and sediments from estuaries in Sabah, North Borneo. *International Journal of Environmental & Science Education*, 2(3), 69–74.
- Abdullah, M. Z., Louis, V. C., & Abas, M. T. (2015). Metal pollution and ecological risk assessment of Balok River sediment, Pahang Malaysia. *American Journal of Environmental Engineering*, 5(3A), 1–7. <https://doi.org/10.5923/c.ajee.201501.01>
- Abu Bakar, A. F., Yusoff, I., Ng, T. F., & Ashraf, M. A. (2014). Cumulative impacts of dissolved ionic metals on the chemical characteristics of river water affected by alkaline mine drainage from the Kuala Lipis gold mine, Pahang, Malaysia. *Chemistry and Ecology*, 31(January 2015), 22–33. <https://doi.org/10.1080/02757540.2014.950569>
- Affandi, F. A., & Ishak, M. Y. (2018). Heavy metal concentrations in tin mine effluents in Kepayang River, Perak, Malaysia. *Journal of Physical Science*, 29, 81–86. <https://doi.org/10.21315/jps2018.29.s3.10>
- Ahmad, A.K., & Sarah, A. A.-M. (2015). Human health risk assessment of heavy metals in fish species collected from catchments of former tin mining. *International Journal of Research Studies in Science, Engineering and Technology*, 2(4), 9–21.
- Ahmad, Abas Kutty, & Shuhaimi-Othman, M. (2010). Heavy metal concentrations in sediments and fishes from Lake Chini, Pahang, Malaysia. *Journal of Biological Sciences*. <https://doi.org/10.3923/jbs.2010.93.100>
- Ahmad, N. I., Mahiyuddin, W. R. W., Mohamad, T. R. T., Ling, C. Y., Daud, S. F.,

- Hussein, N. C., ... Sulaiman, L. H. (2016). Fish consumption pattern among adults of different ethnics in Peninsular Malaysia. *Food and Nutrition Research*, 60(February). <https://doi.org/10.3402/fnr.v60.32697>
- Ahmed, M. K., Habibullah-Al-Mamun, M., Parvin, E., Akter, M. S., & Khan, M. S. (2013). Arsenic induced toxicity and histopathological changes in gill and liver tissue of freshwater fish, tilapia (*Oreochromis mossambicus*). *Experimental and Toxicologic Pathology*, 65(6), 903–909. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.etp.2013.01.003>
- Ahmed, M. K., Shaheen, N., Islam, M. S., Habibullah-al-Mamun, M., Islam, S., Mohiduzzaman, M., & Bhattacharjee, L. (2015). Dietary intake of trace elements from highly consumed cultured fish (*Labeo rohita*, *Pangasius pangasius* and *Oreochromis mossambicus*) and human health risk implications in Bangladesh. *Chemosphere*, 128, 284–292. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chemosphere.2015.02.016>
- Akcil, A., & Koldas, S. (2006). Acid Mine Drainage (AMD): causes, treatment and case studies. *Journal of Cleaner Production*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jclepro.2004.09.006>
- Aktar, W., Sengupta, D., & Chowdhury, A. (2009). Impact of pesticides use in agriculture: Their benefits and hazards. *Interdisciplinary Toxicology*, 2(1), 1–12. <https://doi.org/10.2478/v10102-009-0001-7>
- Al-Badaii, F., Abdul Halim, A., & Shuhaimi-Othman, M. (2016). Evaluation of dissolved heavy metals in water of the Sungai Semenyih (Peninsular Malaysia) using environmetric methods. *Sains Malaysiana*, 45(6), 841–852.
- Al-Shami, S. A., Che Salmah, M. R., Abu Hassan, A., & Siti Azizah, M. N. (2011). Fluctuating asymmetry of *Chironomus spp.* (Diptera: Chironomidae) larvae in association with water quality and metal pollution in Permatang Rawa River in the Juru River Basin, Penang, Malaysia. *Water, Air, and Soil Pollution*, 216(1–4), 203–216. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11270-010-0528-4>
- Alam, N., Corbett, S. J., & Ptolemy, H. C. (2008). Environmental health risk assessment of nickel contamination of drinking water in a country town in NSW. *New South Wales Public Health Bulletin*, 19, 170–173. <https://doi.org/10.1071/NB97043>
- Alhashemi, A. H., Karbassi, A., Kiabi, B. H., Monavari, S. M., & Sekhavatjou, M. S. (2012). Bioaccumulation of trace elements in different tissues of three commonly available fish species regarding their gender, gonadosomatic index, and condition factor in a wetland ecosystem. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 184(4), 1865–1878. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-011-2085-8>
- Ali, A. B., & Kadir, B. K. (1996). The reproductive biology of the cyprinid, (Bleeker), *Thynnichthys thynnoides* in the Chenderoh Reservoir - a small tropical reservoir in Malaysia. *Hydrobiologia*, 318, 139–151.
- Ali, M. F., Heng, L. Y., Ratnam, W., Nais, J., & Ripin, R. (2004). Metal distribution and contamination of the Mamut River, Malaysia, caused by copper mine discharge. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology*, 73(3), 535–542. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00128-004-0462-5>

- Ali, M. M., Ali, M. L., Islam, M. S., & Rahman, M. Z. (2016). Preliminary assessment of heavy metals in water and sediment of Karnaphuli River, Bangladesh. *Environmental Nanotechnology, Monitoring & Management*, 5, 27–35. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.enmm.2016.01.002>
- Alizada, N., Malik, S., & Muzaffar, S. Bin. (2020). Bioaccumulation of heavy metals in tissues of Indian anchovy (*Stolephorus indicus*) from the UAE coast, Arabian Gulf. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 154(January). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2020.111033>
- Amirah, M. N., Afiza, A. S., Faizal, W. I. W., Nurliyana, M. H., & Laili, S. (2013). Human health risk assessment of metal contamination through consumption of fish. *Journal of Environment Pollution and Human Health*, 1(1), 1–5. <https://doi.org/10.12691/jephh-1-1-1>
- Amonodin, M.R. (2017). *Condition factor, catch per unit effort, environmental condition and migratory pattern of Thynnichthys thynnoides (Bleeker, 1852) for fisheries management in Rui River, Gerik, Perak*. Master dissertation. Universiti Putra Malaysia.
- Amonodin, R., Hashim, R., & Hashim, Z. (2020). The migratory pattern and condition of tiny scale barb, *Thynnichthys thynnoides* ( Bleeker , 1852 ) at Rui River , Perak , Malaysia. *Thai Journal of Agricultural Science*, 53(1), 19–31.
- APHA (American Public Health Association). (2005). *Standard Methods for the Examination of Water and Wastewater, 21st Edition*. American Water Works Association, Water Environment Federation. Washington. <https://doi.org/10.1097/BRS.0b013e31829a7c42>
- Arain, M. B., Kazi, T. G., Jamali, M. K., Afridi, H. I., Jalbani, N., Sarfraz, R. A., ... Memon, M. A. (2008). Time saving modified BCR sequential extraction procedure for the fraction of Cd, Cr, Cu, Ni, Pb and Zn in sediment samples of polluted lake. *Journal of Hazardous Materials*, 160(1), 235–239. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhazmat.2008.02.092>
- Arambourou, H., Beisel, J.-N., Branchu, P., & Debat, V. (2014). Exposure to sediments from polluted rivers has limited phenotypic effects on larvae and adults of *Chironomus riparius*. *Science of the Total Environment*, 484(June), 92–101. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2014.03.010>
- Araújo, F. G., Morado, C. N., Parente, T. T. E., Paumgarten, F. J. R., & Gomes, I. D. (2018). Biomarkers and bioindicators of the environmental condition using a fish species (*Pimelodus maculatus* Lacepède, 1803) in a tropical reservoir in Southeastern Brazil. *Brazilian Journal of Biology*, 78(2), 351–359. <https://doi.org/10.1590/1519-6984.167209>
- Arif, Z.M. (2019a, April 5). Villagers worried about arsenic pollution in Sungai Rui. Retrieved from <https://www.nst.com.my/news/nation/2019/04/476564/villagers-worried-about-arsenic-pollution-sungai-rui>.
- Arif, Z.M. (2019b, April 10). Halt to logging at Sg Rui, mining allowed under stringent conditions. Retrieved from

<https://www.nst.com.my/news/nation/2019/04/478116/halt-logging-sg-rui-mining-allowed-under-stringent-conditions>.

- Arthington, A. H., Dulvy, N. K., Gladstone, W., & Winfield, I. J. (2016). Fish conservation in freshwater and marine realms: status, threats and management. *Aquatic Conservation: Marine and Freshwater Ecosystems*, 26(5), 838–857. <https://doi.org/10.1002/aqc.2712>
- Ashraf, M. A., Maah, M. J., & Yusoff, I. (2012). Bioaccumulation of heavy metals in fish species collected from former tin mining catchment. *International Journal of Environmental Research*, 6(1), 209–218.
- Ashraf, Muhammad Aqeel, Maah, M. J., Yusoff, I., Wajid, A., & Mahmood, K. (2011). Sand mining effects, causes and concerns: A case study from Bestari Jaya, Selangor, Peninsular Malaysia. *Scientific Research and Essays*, 6(6), 1216–1231. <https://doi.org/10.5897/SRE10.690>
- Asker, N., Carney Almroth, B., Albertsson, E., Coltellaro, M., Bignell, J. P., Hanson, N., ... Sturve, J. (2015). A gene to organism approach-assessing the impact of environmental pollution in eelpout (*Zoarces viviparus*) females and larvae. *Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry*, 34(7), 1511–1523. <https://doi.org/10.1002/etc.2921>
- Asner, G. P., & Tupayachi, R. (2017). Accelerated losses of protected forests from gold mining in the Peruvian Amazon. *Environmental Research Letters*, 12.
- ATSDR (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry). (2007). *Toxicological Profile for Arsenic*. U.S Public Health Service, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. Retrieved August 2, 2017, from <https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/toxprofiles/tp2.pdf>.
- ATSDR (Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry). (2020). *Toxicological Profile for Lead*. U.S Department of Health and Human, Agency for Toxic Substances and Disease Registry. Retrieved April 10, 2021, from <https://www.atsdr.cdc.gov/toxprofiles/tp13.pdf>
- Authman, Mohammad M N, Abbas, W. T., & Gaafar, A. Y. (2012). Metals concentrations in Nile tilapia *Oreochromis niloticus* (Linnaeus, 1758) from illegal fish farm in Al-Minufiya Province, Egypt, and their effects on some tissues structures. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 84, 163–172. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2012.07.005>
- Authman, Mohammad Mahmoud Nabiha, & Abbas, H. H. H. (2007). Accumulation and distribution of copper and zinc in both water and some vital tissues of two fish species (*Tilapia zillii* and *Mugil cephalus*) of Lake Qarun, Fayoum Province, Egypt. *Pakistan Journal of Biological Sciences*, 10(13), 2106–2122. <https://doi.org/10.3923/pjbs.2007.2106.2122>.
- Avise, J. C., 1994. *Molecular markers, natural history and evolution*. Chapman and Hall, New York.
- Azizur Rahman, M., Hasegawa, H., & Peter Lim, R. (2012). Bioaccumulation,



- biotransformation and trophic transfer of arsenic in the aquatic food chain. *Environmental Research*, 116, 118–135. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envres.2012.03.014>
- Azmai, M. N. A., & Ahmad Ismail, Nurrul Shaqinah Nasruddin, F. R. (2015). Notes on the spawning activity of the tiny scale barb (*Thynnichthys thynnoides*, Bleeker 1852) in relation to its gonadal development in Perak River, Malaysia. *Tropical Natural History*, 15(1), 91–95. Retrieved from <https://tcithaijo.org/index.php/tnh/article/view/103086>
- Azrina, M. Z., Yap, C. K., Rahim Ismail, A., Ismail, A., & Tan, S. G. (2006). Anthropogenic impacts on the distribution and biodiversity of benthic macroinvertebrates and water quality of the Langat River, Peninsular Malaysia. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 64(3), 337–347. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2005.04.003>
- Baharom, Z. S., & Ishak, M. Y. (2015). Determination of heavy metal accumulation in fish species in Galas River, Kelantan and Beranang mining pool, Selangor. *Procedia Environmental Sciences*, 30, 320–325. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.proenv.2015.10.057>
- Baisvar, V. S., Kumar, R., Singh, M., Singh, A. K., Chauhan, U. K., Mishra, A. K., & Kushwaha, B. (2018). Genetic diversity analyses for population structuring in *Channa striata* using mitochondrial and microsatellite DNA regions with implication to their conservation in Indian waters. *Meta Gene*, 16(October 2017), 28–38. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mgene.2018.01.004>
- Baran, E. 2006. Fish migration triggers in the Lower Mekong Basin and other tropical freshwater systems. MRC Technical Paper No. 14, Mekong River Commission, Vientiane. pp. 56.
- Bashir, F. A., Shuhaimi-Othman, M., & Mazlan, A. G. (2012). Evaluation of trace metal levels in tissues of two commercial fish species in Kapar and Mersing coastal waters, peninsular Malaysia. *Journal of Environmental and Public Health*, 2012. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2012/352309>
- Bastami, K. D., Bagheri, H., Kheirabadi, V., Zaferani, G. G., Teymori, M. B., Hamzehpoor, A., ... Ganji, S. (2014). Distribution and ecological risk assessment of heavy metals in surface sediments along southeast coast of the Caspian Sea. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 81, 262–267. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2014.01.029>
- Belfiore, N. M., & Anderson, S. L. (2001). Effects of contaminants on genetic patterns in aquatic organisms: A review. *Mutation Research - Reviews in Mutation Research*, 489(2–3), 97–122. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1383-5742\(01\)00065-5](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1383-5742(01)00065-5)
- Benton, M. S., Diamond, S. A., Guttman, S. I. (1994). A genetic and morphometric comparison of *Helisoma trivolvis* and *Gambusia holbrooki* from clean and contaminated habitats. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 29, 20–37.
- Benton, M. J., & Cuttman, S. I. (1992). Allozyme genotype and differential resistance to mercury pollution in the caddisfly, *Nectopsyche albida*. II. Multilocus

- genotypes. *Canadian Journal of Fisheries and Aquatic Sciences*, 49, 147–149.
- Bernama. (2015, September 22). Ikan loma diancam sisa perlombongan. *Sinar Harian*. Retrieved from <http://www.sinarharian.com.my/rencana/ikan-loma-diancam-sisa-perlombongan-1.433647>
- Bernhardt, E. S., & Palmer, M. A. (2011). The environmental costs of mountaintop mining valley fill operations for aquatic ecosystems of the Central Appalachians. *Annals of the New York Academy of Sciences*, 1223(1), 39–57. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1749-6632.2011.05986.x>
- Bickham, J. W., Sandhu, S., Hebert, P. D. N., Chikhi, L., & Athwal, R. (2000). Effects of chemical contaminants on genetic diversity in natural populations: implications for biomonitoring and ecotoxicology. *Mutation Research/Reviews in Mutation Research*, 463(1), 33–51. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1383-5742\(00\)00004-1](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1383-5742(00)00004-1)
- Bosch, A. C., O'Neill, B., Sigge, G. O., Kerwath, S. E., & Hoffman, L. C. (2016). Heavy metals in marine fish meat and consumer health: A review. *Journal of the Science of Food and Agriculture*, 96(1), 32–48. <https://doi.org/10.1002/jsfa.7360>
- Bourret, V., Couture, P., Campbell, P. G. C., & Bernatchez, L. (2008). Evolutionary ecotoxicology of wild yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*) populations chronically exposed to a polymetallic gradient. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 86(1), 76–90. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquatox.2007.10.003>
- Brookfield, J. F. Y. (1996). A simple new method for estimating null allele frequency from heterozygote deficiency. *Molecular Ecology*, 5, 453–455. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-294X.1996.tb00336.x>
- Candeias, C., Ávila, P. F., Da Silva, E. F., Ferreira, A., Durães, N., & Teixeira, J. P. (2015). Water-rock interaction and geochemical processes in surface waters influenced by tailings impoundments: Impact and threats to the ecosystems and human health in rural communities (Panasqueira mine, Central Portugal). *Water, Air, and Soil Pollution*, 226, 23. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11270-014-2255-8>
- Canli, M., & Atli, G. (2003). The relationships between heavy metal (Cd, Cr, Cu, Fe, Pb, Zn) levels and the size of six Mediterranean fish species. *Environmental Pollution*, 121(1), 129–136. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0269-7491\(02\)00194-X](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0269-7491(02)00194-X)
- Carlsson, J., & Nilsson, J. A. N. (2000). Population genetic structure of brown trout (*Salmo trutta* L.) within a northern boreal forest stream. *Hereditas*, 132, 173–181.
- Casiot, C., Egal, M., Elbaz-Poulichet, F., Bruneel, O., Bancon-Montigny, C., Cordier, M. A., ... Aliaume, C. (2009). Hydrological and geochemical control of metals and arsenic in a Mediterranean river contaminated by acid mine drainage (the Amous River, France); preliminary assessment of impacts on fish (*Leuciscus cephalus*). *Applied Geochemistry*, 24(5), 787–799. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apgeochem.2009.01.006>
- Castric, V., Bernatchez, L., Belkhir, K., & Bonhomme, F. (2002). Heterozygote deficiencies in small lacustrine populations of brook charr *Salvelinus fontinalis*



- Mitchill (Pisces, Salmonidae): A test of alternative hypotheses. *Heredity*, 89, 27–35. <https://doi.org/10.1038/sj.hdy.6800089>
- CCME (Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment). (2001). *Canadian Sediment Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Aquatic Life*. Retrieved April 3, 2018, from [https://www.elaw.org/system/files/sediment\\_summary\\_table.pdf](https://www.elaw.org/system/files/sediment_summary_table.pdf).
- CCME (Canadian Council of Ministers of the Environment). (2007). *Canadian Soil Quality Guidelines for the Protection of Environmental and Human Health*. Retrieved April 3, 2018, from [https://www.esdat.net/environmental%20standards/canada/soil/rev\\_soil\\_summary\\_tbl\\_7.0\\_e.pdf](https://www.esdat.net/environmental%20standards/canada/soil/rev_soil_summary_tbl_7.0_e.pdf)
- Çelebi, A., Şengörür, B., & Kløve, B. (2014). Human health risk assessment of dissolved metals in groundwater and surface waters in the Melen watershed, Turkey. *Journal of Environmental Science and Health - Part A*, 49(2), 153–161. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10934529.2013.838842>
- Čelechovská, O., Svobodová, Z., & Randák, T. (2005). Arsenic content in tissues of fish from the River Elbe. *Acta Veterinaria Brno*, 74, 419–425.
- Chapman, P. M., Allard, P. J., & Vigers, G. A. (1999). Development of sediment quality values for Hong Kong Special Administrative Region: A possible model for other jurisdictions, 38(3), 161–169.
- Charles Barnham, & Baxter, A. (1998). Condition factor, K, for salmonid fish. *Fisheries Notes*, 1–3. <https://doi.org/ISSN 1440-2254>
- Chatterji, S., & Pachter, L. (2006). Reference based annotation with GeneMapper. *Genome Biology*. <https://doi.org/10.1186/gb-2006-7-4-r29>
- Chen, W. Y., Lin, C. J., Ju, Y. R., Tsai, J. W., & Liao, C. M. (2012). Assessing the effects of pulsed waterborne copper toxicity on life-stage tilapia populations. *Science of the Total Environment*, 417–418, 129–137. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2011.12.043>
- Cheng, Z., Chen, K. C., Li, K. Bin, Nie, X. P., Wu, S. C., Wong, C. K. C., & Wong, M. H. (2013). Arsenic contamination in the freshwater fish ponds of Pearl River Delta: Bioaccumulation and health risk assessment. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 20(7), 4484–4495. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-012-1382-2>
- Chenuil, A., Galtier, N., & Berrebi, P. (1999). A test of the hypothesis of an autopolyploid vs . allopolyploid origin for a tetraploid lineage : application to the genus *Barbus* ( Cyprinidae ). *Heredity*, 82(November 1998), 373–380.
- Chien, L., Hung, T., & Choang, K. (2002). Daily intake of TBT , Cu , Zn , Cd and As for fishermen in Taiwan. *The Science of the Total Environmen*, 285, 177–185.
- Chong, K. H., Lee, S. T., Ng, S. A., Khouw, I., & Poh, B. K. (2017). Fruit and vegetable intake patterns and their associations with sociodemographic characteristics, anthropometric status and nutrient intake profiles among

Malaysian children aged 1–6 years. *Nutrients*, 9(8).  
<https://doi.org/10.3390/nu9080723>

- Chong, V. C., Lee, P. K. Y., & Lau, C. M. (2010). Diversity, extinction risk and conservation of Malaysian fishes. *Journal of Fish Biology*, 76(9), 2009–2066.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1095-8649.2010.02685.x>
- Crooijmans, R. P. M. A., Bierbooms, V. A. F., Komen, J., & Poel, J. J. Van Der. (1997). Microsatellite markers in common carp (*Cyprinus carpio* L.). *Animal Genetics*, 28(January), 129–134.
- Cruz, A. C. F., Gusso-Choueri, P., Araujo, G. S. de, Campos, B. G., & Abessa, D. M. de S. (2019). Levels of metals and toxicity in sediments from a Ramsar site influenced by former mining activities. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 171(December 2018), 162–172. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2018.12.088>
- Culioli, J. L., Calendini, S., Mori, C., & Orsini, A. (2009). Arsenic accumulation in a freshwater fish living in a contaminated river of Corsica, France. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 72(5), 1440–1445.  
<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2009.03.003>
- Dalzochio, T., & Gehlen, G. (2016). Confounding factors in biomonitoring using fish. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Contamination*, 11(1), 53–61.  
<https://doi.org/10.5132/eec.2016.01.08>
- Dalzochio, Thaís, Rodrigues, G. Z. P., Petry, I. E., Gehlen, G., & da Silva, L. B. (2016). The use of biomarkers to assess the health of aquatic ecosystems in Brazil: a review. *International Aquatic Research*, 8(4), 283–298.  
<https://doi.org/10.1007/s40071-016-0147-9>
- Das, P., Barat, A., Meher, P. K., Ray, P. P., & Majumdar, D. (2005). Isolation and characterization of polymorphic microsatellites in *Labeo rohita* and their cross-species amplification in related species. *Molecular Ecology Notes*, 5, 231–233.  
<https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1471-8286.2005.00905.x>
- Datta, S., Ghosh, D., Saha, D. R., Bhattacharaya, S., & Mazumder, S. (2009). Chronic exposure to low concentration of arsenic is immunotoxic to fish: Role of head kidney macrophages as biomarkers of arsenic toxicity to *Clarias batrachus*. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 92(2), 86–94. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquatox.2009.01.002>
- De Andrade, V. M., Da Silva, J., Da Silva, F. R., Heuser, V. D., Dias, J. F., Yoneama, M. L., & De Freitas, T. R. O. (2004). Fish as bioindicators to assess the effects of pollution in two Southern Brazilian rivers using the comet assay and micronucleus test. *Environmental and Molecular Mutagenesis*, 44(5), 459–468.  
<https://doi.org/10.1002/em.20070>
- De Flora, S., Viganò, L., D’Agostini, F., Camoirano, A., Bagnasco, M., Bennicelli, C., ... Arillo, A. (1993). Multiple genotoxicity biomarkers in fish exposed in situ to polluted river water. *Mutation Research/Genetic Toxicology*, 319(3), 167–177.  
[https://doi.org/10.1016/0165-1218\(93\)90076-P](https://doi.org/10.1016/0165-1218(93)90076-P)
- Demarais, B. D., Dowling, T. E., Minckley, W. L., Dowling, T. E., & Minckley, W. L.

- (1993). Post-perturbation genetic changes in populations of endangered Virgin River chubs. *Conservation Biology*, 7(2), 334–341.
- Demir, F. T., & Yavuz, M. (2020). Heavy metal accumulation and genotoxic effects in levant vole (*Microtus guentheri*) collected from contaminated areas due to mining activities. *Environmental Pollution*, 256, 113378. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2019.113378>
- DeWoody, J. A., & Avise, J. C. (2000). Microsatellite variation in marine, freshwater and anadromous fishes compared with other animals. *Journal of Fish Biology*, 56(3), 461–473. <https://doi.org/10.1006/jfbi.1999.1210>
- Di Rienzo, A., Peterson, A. C., Garza, J. C., Valdes, A. M., Slatkin, M., & Freimer, N. B. (1994). Mutational processes of simple-sequence repeat loci in human populations. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences of the United States of America*, 91(8), 3166–3170. <https://doi.org/10.1073/pnas.91.8.3166>
- Díez-del-Molino, D., García-Berthou, E., Araguas, R., Alcaraz, C., Vidal, O., Sanz, N., & García-Marín, J.-L. (2018). Effects of water pollution and river fragmentation on population genetic structure of invasive mosquito fish. *Science of the Total Environment*, 637–638, 1372–1382. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2018.05.003>
- DOE (Department of Environmental Malaysia). (2010). *Malaysia Environmental Quality Report 2010*. *Malaysia Environmental Quality Report*. Putrajaya. Retrieved October 26, 2016 from [https://enviro2.doe.gov.my/ekmc/wp-content/uploads/2016/08/1403319687-Environmental\\_Quality\\_Report\\_\(EQR\)\\_2010.pdf](https://enviro2.doe.gov.my/ekmc/wp-content/uploads/2016/08/1403319687-Environmental_Quality_Report_(EQR)_2010.pdf).
- DOE (Department of Environmental Malaysia). (2012). *Malaysia Environmental Quality Report 2012*. *Malaysia Environmental Quality Report*. Putrajaya. Retrieved October 26, 2016 from [https://enviro2.doe.gov.my/ekmc/wp-content/uploads/2016/08/1391999272-1391998509-Malaysia%20Environment%20Report%202012\(NEW\).pdf](https://enviro2.doe.gov.my/ekmc/wp-content/uploads/2016/08/1391999272-1391998509-Malaysia%20Environment%20Report%202012(NEW).pdf).
- DOE (Department of Environmental Malaysia). (2018). *Malaysia Water Quality Standards and Index* Retrieved March 21, 2018, from <https://www.doe.gov.my/portalv1/en/standard-dan-indeks-kualiti-jabatan-alam-sekitar>
- DOF (Department of Fisheries Malaysia). (2015). *Jadual Perairan Umum, Perangkaan Perikanan Tahunan 2015*. Putrajaya. Retrieved May 10, 2017.
- Dolasoh, D. J. (2017, November 17). Teknologi terkini proses ikan pekasam. *Harian Metro*. Retrieved from <https://www.hmetro.com.my/agro/2017/11/284706/teknologi-terkini-proses-ikan-pekasam>.
- Dsikowitzky, L., Mengesha, M., Dadebo, E., De Carvalho, C. E. V., & Sindern, S. (2013). Assessment of heavy metals in water samples and tissues of edible fish species from Awassa and Koka Rift Valley Lakes, Ethiopia. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 185(4), 3117–3131. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661->

- Dural, M., Göksu, M. Z. L., & Özak, A. A. (2007). Investigation of heavy metal levels in economically important fish species captured from the Tuzla lagoon. *Food Chemistry*, *102*(1), 415–421. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2006.03.001>
- Durrant, C. J., Stevens, J. R., Hogstrand, C., & Bury, N. R. (2011). The effect of metal pollution on the population genetic structure of brown trout (*Salmo trutta* L.) residing in the River Hayle, Cornwall, UK. *Environmental Pollution*, *159*(12), 3595–3603. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2011.08.005>
- Edokpayi, J. N., Odiyo, J. O., & Shikwambana, P. P. (2016). Seasonal variation of the impact of mining activities on Ga-Selati River in Limpopo Province, South Africa. *International Journal of Environmental, Chemical, Ecological, Geological and Geophysical Engineering*, *10*(2), 156–161.
- Eigenberg, R. A., Doran, J. W., Nienaber, J. A., Ferguson, R. B., & Woodbury, B. L. (2002). Electrical conductivity monitoring of soil condition and available N with animal manure and a cover crop. In *Agriculture, Ecosystems and Environment* (Vol. 88, pp. 183–193). [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0167-8809\(01\)00256-0](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0167-8809(01)00256-0)
- El-Ghasham, A. ., Mehanna, E. sayed E. D., & Meki, A.-R. . (2008). Evaluation of lead and cadmium levels in fresh water fish farm at Qassim Region, K.S.A. *Journal of Agricultural and Veterinary Sciences*, *1*(2), 59–70.
- El-Moselhy, K. M., Othman, A. I., Abd El-Azem, H., & El-Metwally, M. E. A. (2014). Bioaccumulation of heavy metals in some tissues of fish in the Red Sea, Egypt. *Egyptian Journal of Basic and Applied Sciences*, *1*(2), 97–105. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ejbas.2014.06.001>
- Elnabris, K. J., Muzyed, S. K., & El-Ashgar, N. M. (2013). Heavy metal concentrations in some commercially important fishes and their contribution to heavy metals exposure in palestinian people of Gaza Strip (Palestine). *Journal of the Association of Arab Universities for Basic and Applied Sciences*, *13*, 44–51. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jaubas.2012.06.001>
- Ergene, S., Çavaş, T., Çelik, A., Köleli, N., Kaya, F., & Karahan, A. (2007). Monitoring of nuclear abnormalities in peripheral erythrocytes of three fish species from the Goksu Delta (Turkey): Genotoxic damage in relation to water pollution. *Ecotoxicology*, *16*(4), 385–391. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10646-007-0142-4>
- Esa, Y. B., Siraj, S. S., Rahim, K. A. A., Khalijah, S., Chong, H. O. G. I. M., & Guan, T. A. N. S. (2011). Cross-species amplification study of *Tor douronensis* and *Tor tambroides* using microsatellites from other cyprinids. *Borneo J. Resour. Sci. Tech.*, 14–23.
- FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization). (2008). *Aquaculture Development. 3. Genetic Resource Management. FAO Technical Guidelines for Responsible Fisheries 5*. Rome. Retrieved October 26, 2016, from <http://www.fao.org/3/i0283e/i0283e00.htm>.

- FSANZ (Food Standards Australia New Zealand). (2020). *Chemicals in Food: Arsenic*. Retrieved May 20, 2021, from <https://www.foodstandards.gov.au/consumer/chemicals/arsenic/Pages/default.aspx>
- Fenech, M. (2000). The in vitro micronucleus technique. *Mutation Research - Fundamental and Molecular Mechanisms of Mutagenesis*, 455(1–2), 81–95. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0027-5107\(00\)00065-8](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0027-5107(00)00065-8)
- Filho, V. A. M., Freitas, M. V., Ariede, R. B., Lira, L. V. G., Mendes, N. J., & Hashimoto, D. T. (2018). Genetic Applications in the Conservation of Neotropical Freshwater Fish. In *Biological Resources of Water* (pp. 249–284). IntechOpen. <https://doi.org/http://dx.doi.org/10.5772/57353>
- Fore, S. A., Guttman, A., Bailer, A. J., Altfater, D. J., Counts, B. V. (1995a). Exploratory analysis of population genetic assessment as a water quality indicator. I. *Pimephales notatus*. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 30, 24–35.
- Fore, S. A., Guttman, A., Bailer, A. J., Altfater, D. J., Counts, B. V. (1995b). Exploratory analysis of population genetic assessment as a water quality indicator. II. *Campostoma anomalum*. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 30, 36–46.
- Fraik, A. K., Mcmillan, J. R., Liermann, M., Bennett, T., Mchenry, M. L., Mckinney, G. J., ... Nichols, K. M. (2021). The impacts of dam construction and removal on the genetics of recovering steelhead (*Oncorhynchus mykiss*) populations across the Elwha River watershed. *Genes*, 12(89). <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.3390/genes12010089>
- Frankham, R. (1995). Inbreeding and extinction: A threshold effect. *Conservation Biology*, 9(4), 792–799. <https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1523-1739.1995.09040792.x>
- Fratini, S., Zane, L., Ragionieri, L., Vannini, M., & Cannicci, S. (2008). Relationship between heavy metal accumulation and genetic variability decrease in the intertidal crab *Pachygrapsus marmoratus* (Decapoda; Grapsidae). *Estuarine, Coastal and Shelf Science*, 79(4), 679–686. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecss.2008.06.009>
- Freedman, J. A., Carline, R. F., & Stauffer, J. R. (2013). Gravel dredging alters diversity and structure of riverine fish assemblages. *Freshwater Biology*, 58(2), 261–274. <https://doi.org/10.1111/fwb.12056>
- García-Lorenzo, M. L., Marimón, J., Navarro-Hervás, M. C., Pérez-Sirvent, C., Martínez-Sánchez, M. J., & Molina-Ruiz, J. (2016). Impact of acid mine drainages on surficial waters of an abandoned mining site. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 23(7), 6014–6023. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-015-5337-2>
- García-Medina, S., Razo-Estrada, A. C., Gómez-Oliván, L. M., Amaya-Chávez, A., Madrigal-Bujaidar, E., & Galar-Martínez, M. (2010). Aluminum-induced oxidative stress in lymphocytes of common carp (*Cyprinus carpio*). *Fish Physiology and Biochemistry*, 36(4), 875–882. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10695-009-9363-1>



- García-Medina, S., Razo-Estrada, C., Galar-Martinez, M., Cortéz-Barberena, E., Gómez-Oliván, L. M., Álvarez-González, I., & Madrigal-Bujaidar, E. (2011). Genotoxic and cytotoxic effects induced by aluminum in the lymphocytes of the common carp (*Cyprinus carpio*). *Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology - Part C*, 153, 113–118. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cbpc.2010.09.005>
- Gárriz, Á., del Fresno, P. S., Carriquiriborde, P., & Miranda, L. A. (2019). Effects of heavy metals identified in Chascomús shallow lake on the endocrine-reproductive axis of pejerrey fish (*Odontesthes bonariensis*). *General and Comparative Endocrinology*, 273(December 2017), 152–162. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ygcen.2018.06.013>
- Gehrke, P. C., Gilligan, D. M., & Barwick, M. (2002). Changes in fish communities of the Shoalhaven River 20 years after construction of Tallowa Dam, Australia. *River Research and Applications*, 18(3), 265–286. <https://doi.org/10.1002/rra.669>
- Ghosh, G. C., Khan, M. J. H., Chakraborty, T. K., Zaman, S., Kabir, A. H. M. E., & Tanaka, H. (2020). Human health risk assessment of elevated and variable iron and manganese intake with arsenic-safe groundwater in Jashore, Bangladesh. *Scientific Reports*, 10(1), 1–9. <https://doi.org/10.1038/s41598-020-62187-5>
- Greenbaum, G., Templeton, A. R., Zarmi, Y., & Bar-David, S. (2014). Allelic richness following population founding events - A stochastic modeling framework incorporating gene flow and genetic drift. *PLoS ONE*, 9(12), 1–23. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0115203>
- Gusso-Choueri, P. K., Choueri, R. B., Santos, G. S., de Araújo, G. S., Cruz, A. C. F., Stremel, T., ... de Sousa Abessa, D. M. (2016). Assessing genotoxic effects in fish from a marine protected area influenced by former mining activities and other stressors. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 104(1–2), 229–239. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2016.01.025>
- Gusso-Choueri, P. K., Seraphim, G., Araújo, D., Carolina, A., Cruz, F., Roselena, T., ... Brasil, R. (2018). Metals and arsenic in fish from a Ramsar site under past and present human pressures: Consumption risk factors to the local population. *Science of the Total Environment*, 628–629, 621–630. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2018.02.005>
- Hakanson, L. (1980). An ecological risk index for aquatic pollution control. A sedimentological approach. *Water Research*, 14, 975–1001.
- Hall, B. D., Bodaly, R. A., Fudge, R. J. P., Rudd, J. W. M., & Rosenberg, D. M. (1997). Food as the dominant pathway of methylmercury uptake by fish. *Water, Air, and Soil Pollution*, 100, 13–24. <https://doi.org/10.1023/A:1018071406537>
- Hamilton, P. B., Cowx, I. G., Oleksiak, M. F., Griffiths, A. M., Grahn, M., Stevens, J. R., ... Tyler, C. R. (2016). Population-level consequences for wild fish exposed to sublethal concentrations of chemicals - a critical review. *Fish and Fisheries*, 17(3), 545–566. <https://doi.org/10.1111/faf.12125>
- Hamilton, P. B., Rolshausen, G., Uren Webster, T. M., & Tyler, C. R. (2017). Adaptive capabilities and fitness consequences associated with pollution exposure in fish.

*Philosophical Transactions of the Royal Society B: Biological Sciences*, 372(1712). <https://doi.org/10.1098/rstb.2016.0042>

- Hanjavanit, C., & Sangpradub, N. (2012). Gut contents of *Osteochilus hasselti* (Valenciennes, 1842) and *Thynnichthys thynnoides* (Bleeker, 1852) from Kaeng Lawa, Khon Kaen Province, Northeastern Thailand. *African Journal of Agricultural Research*, 7(10), 1556–1561. <https://doi.org/10.5897/AJAR11.1483>
- Hansen, M. M., & Loeschcke, V. (1996). Genetic differentiation among Danish brown trout populations, as detected by RFLP analysis of PCR amplified mitochondrial DNA segments. *Journal of Fish Biology*, (48), 422–436.
- Hansson, S. V., Desforges, J. P., van Beest, F. M., Bach, L., Halden, N. M., Sonne, C., ... Søndergaard, J. (2020). Bioaccumulation of mining derived metals in blood, liver, muscle and otoliths of two Arctic predatory fish species (*Gadus ogac* and *Myoxocephalus scorpius*). *Environmental Research*, 183(January), 109194. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envres.2020.109194>
- Harasim, P., & Filipek, T. (2015). Nickel in the environment. *Journal of Elementology*, 20(2), 525–534. <https://doi.org/10.5601/jelem.2014.19.3.651>
- Hart, B. T., Bailey, P., Edwards, R., Hortle, K., James, K., Andrew, M., ... Swadling, K. (1991). A review of the salt sensitivity of the Australian freshwater biota. *Hydrobiologia*, 210, 105–144. Retrieved from <https://link.springer.com/content/pdf/10.1007%2FBF00014327.pdf>
- Hashim, R., Song, T. H., Muslim, N. Z. M., & Yen, T. P. (2014). Determination of heavy metal levels in fishes from the lower reach of the Kelantan river, Kelantan, Malaysia. *Tropical Life Sciences Research*, 25(2), 21–39.
- Hashim, Z. H. (2013). *Limnological influence of dams placed in series along the Perak River, Malaysia*. Mississippi State University.
- Hashim, Z. H., Zainuddin, R. Y., Md Shah, A. S. R., Mohd Sah, S. A., Syaiful Mohammad, M., & Mansor, M. (2012). Fish checklist of Perak river, Malaysia. *Check List*, 8(3), 408–413. <https://doi.org/10.15560/8.3.408>
- Hayat, N. M., Shamaan, N. A., Sabullah, M. K., Shukor, M. Y., Syed, M. A., Khalid, A., ... Ahmad, S. A. (2016). The use of *Lates calcarifer* as a biomarker for heavy metals detection. *Rendiconti Lincei*, 27(3), 463–472. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12210-015-0501-7>
- Heidary, S., J., I. N., & F., M. (2012). Bioaccumulation of heavy metals Cu, Zn, and Hg in muscles and liver of the stellate sturgeon (*Acipenser stellatus*) in the Caspian Sea and their correlation with growth parameters. *Iranian Journal of Fisheries Sciences*, 11(2), 325–337.
- Hodson, P. V. (1988). The effect of metal metabolism on uptake, disposition and toxicity in fish. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 11(1–2), 3–18. [https://doi.org/10.1016/0166-445X\(88\)90003-3](https://doi.org/10.1016/0166-445X(88)90003-3)
- Holmen, J., Vøllestad, L. A., Jakobsen, K. S., & Primmer, C. R. (2009). Cross-species

- amplification of 36 cyprinid microsatellite loci in *Phoxinus phoxinus* (L.) and *Scardinius erythrophthalmus* (L.). *BMC Research Notes*, 2, 248. <https://doi.org/10.1186/1756-0500-2-248>
- Holt, E. A., & Miller, S. W. (2011). Bioindicators: using organisms to measure environmental impacts. *Nature Education Knowledge*, 3(10), 8.
- Hudson-Edwards, K. A., Macklin, M. G., Miller, J. R., & Lechler, P. J. (2001). Sources, distribution and storage of heavy metals in the Río Pilcomayo, Bolivia. *Journal of Geochemical Exploration*, 72(3), 229–250. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0375-6742\(01\)00164-9](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0375-6742(01)00164-9)
- Hughes, A. R., Inouye, B. D., Johnson, M. T. J., Underwood, N., & Vellend, M. (2008). Ecological consequences of genetic diversity. *Ecology Letters*, 11, 609–623. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1461-0248.2008.01179.x>
- Hussain, B., Sultana, T., Sultana, S., Al-Ghanim, K. A., & Mahboob, S. (2017). Effect of pollution on DNA damage and essential fatty acid profile in *Cirrhinus mrigala* from River Chenab. *Chinese Journal of Oceanology and Limnology*, 35(3), 572–579. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00343-017-5304-5>
- Hussain, B., Sultana, T., Sultana, S., Mahboob, S., Al-Ghanim, K. A., & Nadeem, S. (2016). Variation in genotoxic susceptibility and biomarker responses in *Cirrhinus mrigala* and *Catla catla* from different ecological niches of the Chenab River. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 23(14), 14589–14599. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-016-6645-x>
- Islam, M. S., Ahmed, M. K., Raknuzzaman, M., Habibullah -Al- Mamun, M., & Islam, M. K. (2015). Heavy metal pollution in surface water and sediment: A preliminary assessment of an urban river in a developing country. *Ecological Indicators*, 48, 282–291. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolind.2014.08.016>
- Ismail, A. (1993). Heavy metal concentrations in sediments off Bintulu, Malaysia. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 26(12), 706–707. [https://doi.org/10.1016/0025-326X\(93\)90556-Y](https://doi.org/10.1016/0025-326X(93)90556-Y)
- Ismail, A., Azmai, M. N. A., Hassan, A., & Rahman, F. (2015). Notes on the tiny scale barb, *Thynnichthys thynnoides* Bleeker 1852 migration activity in Sungai Perak, Perak, Malaysia. *Malayan Nature Journal*, 67(3), 298–302.
- Javed, M., Ahmad, I., Usmani, N., & Ahmad, M. (2016). Bioaccumulation, oxidative stress and genotoxicity in fish (*Channa punctatus*) exposed to a thermal power plant effluent. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 127, 163–169. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2016.01.007>
- Jiang, H., Qin, D., Chen, Z., Tang, S., Bai, S., & Mou, Z. (2016). Heavy metal levels in fish from Heilongjiang River and potential health risk assessment. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology*, 97(4), 536–542. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00128-016-1894-4>
- Johnson, D. B., & Hallberg, K. B. (2005). Acid mine drainage remediation options: A review. *Science of the Total Environment*, 338(1-2 SPEC. ISS.), 3–14.



<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2004.09.002>

- Kadhun, S. A., Ishak, M. Y., & Zulkifli, S. Z. (2016). Evaluation and assessment of baseline metal contamination in surface sediments from the Bernam River, Malaysia. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 23(7), 6312–6321. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-015-5853-0>
- Kadhun, S. A., Ishak, M. Y., Zulkifli, S. Z., & Hashim, R. binti. (2015). Evaluation of the status and distributions of heavy metal pollution in surface sediments of the Langat River Basin in Selangor Malaysia. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 101(1), 391–396. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2015.10.012>
- Kah-wai, K., & Ali, A. B. (1996). Chenderoh Reservoir , Malaysia : Fish Community and Artisanal Fishery of a Small Mesotrophic Tropical Reservoir. *Kah-Wai, K., & Ali, A. B. (2000). Chenderoh Reservoir, Malaysia: Fish Community and Artisanal Fishery of a Small Mesotrophic Tropical Reservoir. In ACIAR PROCEEDINGS (Pp. 167-178). ACIAR; 1998.*
- Kalantzi, I., Mylona, K., Sofoulaki, K., Tsapakis, M., & Pergantis, S. A. (2017). Arsenic speciation in fish from Greek coastal areas. *Journal of Environmental Sciences*, 56, 300–312. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jes.2017.03.033>
- Kamaruzzaman, B. Y., Ong, M. C., Rina, S. Z., & Joseph, B. (2010). Levels of some heavy metals in fishes from Pahang River estuary, Pahang, Malaysia. *Journal of Biological Sciences*, 10(2), 157–161.
- Kamaruzzaman, Y., & Ong, M. C. (2009). Geochemical Proxy of Some Chemical Elements in Sediments of Kemaman River Estury, Terengganu, Malaysia. *Sains Malaysiana*, 38(5), 631–636.
- Kamonrat, W., McConnel, S. K. J., & Cook, D. I. (2002). Polymorphic microsatellite loci from the Southeast Asian cyprinid, *Barbodes gonionotus* (Bleeker). *Molecular Ecology Notes*, 2, 89–90.
- Kareiva, P., Marvier, M., & McClurel, M. (2000). Recovery and management options for spring/summer chinook salmon in the Columbia River Basin. *Science*, 290(5493), 977–979. <https://doi.org/doi:10.1126/science.290.5493.977>
- Karim, S. M. R., & Mansor, M. (2013). Impacts of Temenggor Dam on the socio-economic conditions of *orang asli* of the Temenggor Lake area. *International Journal of Biology, Pharmacy and Allied Sciences*, 2(7), 1437–1444.
- Kazi, T. G., Jamali, M. K., Kazi, G. H., Arain, M. B., Afridi, H. I., & Siddiqui, A. (2005). Evaluating the mobility of toxic metals in untreated industrial wastewater sludge using a BCR sequential extraction procedure and a leaching test. *Analytical and Bioanalytical Chemistry*, 383(2), 297–304. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00216-005-0004-y>
- Ke, X., Gui, S., Huang, H., Zhang, H., Wang, C., & Guo, W. (2017). Ecological risk assessment and source identification for heavy metals in surface sediment from the Liaohe River protected area, China. *Chemosphere*, 175, 473–481. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chemosphere.2017.02.029>

- Kettler, T. A., Doran, J. W., & Gilbert, T. L. (2001). Simplified method for soil particle-size determination to accompany soil-quality analyses. *Soil Science Society of America Journal*, 65, 849–852. <https://doi.org/10.2136/sssaj2001.653849x>
- Knapen, D., De Wolf, H., Knaepkens, G., Bervoets, L., Eens, M., Blust, R., & Verheyen, E. (2009). Historical metal pollution in natural gudgeon populations: Inferences from allozyme, microsatellite and condition factor analysis. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 95(1), 17–26. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquatox.2009.07.022>
- Kottelat, M. (2013). The fishes of the inland waters of Southeast Asia: A catalogue and core bibliography of the fishes known to occur in freshwaters, mangroves and estuaries. *Raffles Bulletin of Zoology*.
- Kuklina, I., Kouba, A., Buřič, M., Horká, I., Ďuriš, Z., & Kozák, P. (2014). Accumulation of heavy metals in crayfish and fish from selected czech reservoirs. *BioMed Research International*, 2014. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2014/306103>
- Kushwaha, B., Pandey, S., Sharma, S., Srivastava, R., Kumar, R., Nagpure, N., ... Srivastava, S. (2012). In situ assessment of genotoxic and mutagenic potential of polluted river water in *Channa punctatus* and *Mystus vittatus*. *International Aquatic Research*, 4(1), 16. <https://doi.org/10.1186/2008-6970-4-16>
- Kusin, F. M., Azani, N. N. M., Hasan, S. N. M. S., & Sulong, N. A. (2018). Distribution of heavy metals and metalloids in surface sediments of heavily-mined area for bauxite ore in Pengerang, Malaysia and associated risk assessment. *Catena*, 165(February), 454–464. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.catena.2018.02.029>
- Kusin, F. M., Rahman, M. S. A., Madzin, Z., Jusop, S., Mohamat-Yusuff, F., Ariffin, M., & Z, M. S. M. (2016). The occurrence and potential ecological risk assessment of bauxite mine-impacted water and sediments in Kuantan, Pahang, Malaysia. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 1–11. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-016-7814-7>
- Kutty, A. A., Othman, M. S., Ghasim, M. B., & Dugat, S. (2009). Fish diversity at lake Chini, Pahang, Malaysia. *Sains Malaysiana*.
- Lakra, K. C., Lal, B., & Banerjee, T. K. (2019). Coal mine effluent-led bioaccumulation of heavy metals and histopathological changes in some tissues of the catfish *Clarias batrachus*. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 191, 136.
- Lasheen, M. R., Abdel-Gawad, F. K., Alaneny, A. A., & El bary, H. M. H. A. (2012). Fish as bio indicators in aquatic environmental pollution assessment: A case study in abu-rawash Area, Egypt. *World Applied Sciences Journal*, 19(2), 265–275. <https://doi.org/10.5829/idosi.wasj.2012.19.02.6485>
- Leung, S. S. F., Chan, S. M., Lui, S., Lee, W. T. K., & Davies, D. P. (2000). Growth and nutrition of Hong Kong children aged 0-7 years. *Journal of Paediatrics and Child Health*, 36, 56–65. <https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1440-1754.2000.00441.x>

- Li, Haiyan, Shi, A., Li, M., & Zhang, X. (2013). Effect of pH, temperature, dissolved oxygen, and flow rate of overlying water on heavy metals release from storm sewer sediments. *Journal of Chemistry*, 2013. <https://doi.org/10.1155/2013/434012>
- Li, Houg, & Davis, A. P. (2008). Heavy metal capture and accumulation in bioretention media. *Environmental Science and Technology*, 42, 5247–5253. <https://doi.org/10.1021/es702681j>
- Li, J., Huang, Z. Y., Hu, Y., & Yang, H. (2013). Potential risk assessment of heavy metals by consuming shellfish collected from Xiamen, China. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 20, 2937–2947. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-012-1207-3>
- Li, S., & Zhang, Q. (2010). Risk assessment and seasonal variations of dissolved trace elements and heavy metals in the Upper Han River, China. *Journal of Hazardous Materials*, 181, 1051–1058. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.jhazmat.2010.05.120>
- Lim, W. Y., Aris, A. Z., & Zakaria, M. P. (2012). Spatial variability of metals in surface water and sediment in the Langat River and geochemical factors that influence their water-sediment interactions. *The Scientific World Journal*, 2012, 1–14. <https://doi.org/10.1100/2012/652150>
- Liu, J., Liang, J., Yuan, X., Zeng, G., Yuan, Y., Wu, H., ... Li, X. (2015). An integrated model for assessing heavy metal exposure risk to migratory birds in wetland ecosystem: A case study in Dongting Lake Wetland, China. *Chemosphere*, 135, 14–19. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chemosphere.2015.03.053>
- Loewe, L. (2008) Genetic mutation. *Nature Education* 1(1):113.
- Looi, L. J., Aris, A. Z., Johari, W. L. W., Yusoff, F. M., & Hashim, Z. (2013). Baseline metals pollution profile of tropical estuaries and coastal waters of the Straits of Malacca. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 74, 471–476.
- Loska, K., & Wiechuła, D. (2003). Application of principal component analysis for the estimation of source of heavy metal contamination in surface sediments from the Rybnik Reservoir. *Chemosphere*, 51(8), 723–733. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0045-6535\(03\)00187-5](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0045-6535(03)00187-5)
- Lourenço, J., Marques, S., Carvalho, F. P., Oliveira, J., Malta, M., Santos, M., ... Mendo, S. (2017). Uranium mining wastes: The use of the Fish Embryo Acute Toxicity Test (FET) test to evaluate toxicity and risk of environmental discharge. *Science of the Total Environment*, 605–606, 391–404. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2017.06.125>
- Luikart, G., Allendorf, F. W., Cornuet, J. M., & Sherwin, W. B. (1998). Distortion of allele frequency distributions provides a test for recent population bottlenecks. *Journal of Heredity*, 89(3), 238–247. <https://doi.org/10.1093/jhered/89.3.238>
- Luís, A. T., Teixeira, P., Almeida, S. F. P., Ector, L., Matos, J. X., & Ferreira Da Silva, E. A. (2009). Impact of acid mine drainage (AMD) on water quality, stream sediments and periphytic diatom communities in the surrounding streams of

- aljustrel mining area (Portugal). *Water, Air, and Soil Pollution*, 200(1–4), 147–167. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11270-008-9900-z>
- Luoma, S. N., & Rainbow, P. S. (2008). *Metal contamination in aquatic environments. Science and Lateral Management*.
- M, S.-O., A.K, A., Y, N., & M, A. (2012). Metal concentrations in Sungai Sedili Kecil, Johor, Peninsular Malaysia. *Journal of Tropical Marine Ecosystem*, 2(1), 15–23. Retrieved from <http://spaj.ukm.my/ekomar/jtme/article/view/20>
- Ma, Y., Egodawatta, P., MCGree, J., Liu, A., & Goonetilleke, A. (2016). Human health risk assessment of heavy metals in urban stormwater. *Science of the Total Environment*, 557–558, 764–772. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2016.03.067>
- Madzin, Z., Kusin, F. M., Yusof, F. M., & Nurjaliah, S. (2017). Assessment of water quality index and heavy metal contamination in active and abandoned iron ore mining sites in Pahang, Malaysia. <https://doi.org/10.1051/mateconf/201710305010>
- Madzin, Z., Shai-in, M. F., & Kusin, F. M. (2015). Comparing heavy metal mobility in active and abandoned mining sites at Bestari Jaya, Selangor. *Procedia Environmental Sciences*, 30, 232–237. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.proenv.2015.10.042>
- Maes, G. E., Raeymaekers, J. A. M., Pampoulie, C., Seynaeve, A., Goemans, G., Belpaire, C., & Volckaert, F. A. M. (2005). The catadromous European eel *Anguilla anguilla* (L.) as a model for freshwater evolutionary ecotoxicology: Relationship between heavy metal bioaccumulation, condition and genetic variability. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 73(1), 99–114. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquatox.2005.01.010>
- Mager, E. M., & Grosell, M. (2011). Effects of acute and chronic waterborne lead exposure on the swimming performance and aerobic scope of fathead minnows (*Pimephales promelas*). *Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology - C Toxicology and Pharmacology*, 154(1), 7–13. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cbpc.2011.03.002>
- Malekpouri, P., Peyghan, R., Mahboobi-Soofiani, N., & Mohammadian, B. (2016). Metabolic capacities of common carp (*Cyprinus carpio*) following combined exposures to copper and environmental hypoxia. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 127, 1–11. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2016.01.004>
- Mandal, P. (2017). An insight of environmental contamination of arsenic on animal health. *Emerging Contaminants*, 3(1), 17–22. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.emcon.2017.01.004>
- Martinez, G., Id, S. A. M., Id, C. T. D., Todorova, S., Wu, S., Ara, J. F., ... Fernandez, L. E. (2018). Mercury contamination in riverine sediments and fish associated with artisanal and small-scale gold mining in Madre de Dios, Peru. *International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health*, 15(8), 1584. <https://doi.org/10.3390/ijerph15081584>

- Mason, R. P., Baumann, Z., Hansen, G., Yao, K. M., Coulibaly, M., & Coulibaly, S. (2019). An assessment of the impact of artisanal and commercial gold mining on mercury and methylmercury levels in the environment and fish in Cote d'Ivoire. *Science of the Total Environment Journal*, 665, 1158–1167. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2019.01.393>
- Matsumoto, S. T., Mantovani, M. S., Malaguttii, M. I. A., Dias, A. L., Fonseca, I. C., & Marin-Morales, M. A. (2006). Genotoxicity and mutagenicity of water contaminated with tannery effluents as evaluated by the micronucleus test and comet assay using the fish *Oreochromis niloticus* and chromosome aberrations in onion root-tips. *Genetics and Molecular Biology*, 29(1), 148–158. <https://doi.org/10.1590/S1415-47572006000100028>
- Maurya, P. K., Malik, D. S., Yadav, K. K., Kumar, A., Kumar, S., & Kamyab, H. (2019). Bioaccumulation and potential sources of heavy metal contamination in fish species in River Ganga basin: Possible human health risks evaluation. *Toxicology Reports*, 6(January), 472–481. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.toxrep.2019.05.012>
- McConnel, S. K. J., Skibinski, D. O. F., & Mair, G. C. (2001). Microsatellite markers from a commercially important South-east Asian cyprinid, the silver barb (*Barbodes gonionotus* Bleeker). *Molecular Ecology Notes*, 1, 135–136.
- McLean, E. O. (1982). Soil pH and lime requirement. In *Methods of soil analysis. Part 2. Chemical and microbiological properties*. (pp. 199–224). American Society of Agronomy, Soil Science Society of America.
- Mendil, D., Ünal, Ö. F., Tüzen, M., & Soylak, M. (2010). Determination of trace metals in different fish species and sediments from the River Yeşilirmak in Tokat, Turkey. *Food and Chemical Toxicology*, 48(5), 1383–1392. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fct.2010.03.006>
- MFR (Malaysia Food Regulation). (1985). *Malaysian law on food and drugs*. Malaysian Law Publishers. Kuala Lumpur.
- MOH (Ministry of Health Malaysia). (2010). *Drinking water quality standard*. Retrieved on October 26, 2016, from <http://kmam.moh.gov.my/public-user/drinking-water-quality-standard.html>.
- Mohamad Radhi, A., Rohasliney, H., & Zarul, H. (2017). Fish composition and diversity in Perak, Galas and Kelantan Rivers (Malaysia) after the major flood of 2014. *Transylvanian Review of Systematical and Ecological Research*, 19(3), 41–56. <https://doi.org/10.1515/trser-2017-0020>
- Mohammad Ali, B. N., Lin, C. Y., Cleophas, F., Abdullah, M. H., & Musta, B. (2015). Assessment of heavy metals contamination in Mamut river sediments using sediment quality guidelines and geochemical indices. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 187(1). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-014-4190-y>
- Moon, W. K., Atique, U., & An, K. G. (2020). Ecological risk assessments and ecotoxicity analyses using chemical, biological, physiological responses, DNA damages and gene-level biomarkers in Zebrafish (*Danio rerio*) in an urban



- Muhamad, S. N., Ishak, M. Y., Affandi, F. A., & Lakuli, K. (2019). Stomach content of tiny scale barb, *Thynnichthys thynnoides* at Perak River, Malaysia. In R. Nulit, H. Omar, Y. C. Kong, M. Noor, & H. Mohd (Eds.), *Malaysia International Biology Symposium 2019 (i-SIMBIOMAS 2019) "Utilization of Biodiversity for the Greater Benefit of Mankind."* UPM Press.
- Mulvey, M., Newman, M. C., Chazal, A., Keklak, M. M., Heagler, M. G., Hales, L. S. J. (1995). Genetic and demographic responses of mosquitofish (*Gambusia holbrooki* Girard 1859) populations stressed by mercury. *Environmental Toxicology and Chemistry*, 14(8), 1411–1418.
- Mustapha, A., Aris, A. Z., Juahir, H., Ramli, M. F., & Kura, N. U. (2013). River water quality assessment using environmental techniques: case study of Jakara River Basin. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 20, 5630–5644. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-013-1542-z>
- Mustapha, A., Aris, A. Z., Ramli, M. F., & Juahir, H. (2012). Spatial-temporal variation of surface water quality in the downstream region of the Jakara River, north-western Nigeria: A statistical approach. *Journal of Environmental Science and Health - Part A*, 47(11), 1551–1560. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10934529.2012.680415>
- Mziray, P., & Kimirei, I. A. (2016). Bioaccumulation of heavy metals in marine fishes (*Siganus sutor*, *Lethrinus harak*, and *Rastrelliger kanagurta*) from Dar es Salaam Tanzania. *Regional Studies in Marine Science*, 7, 72–80. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.rsma.2016.05.014>
- Nadig, S. G., Lee, K. L., & Adams, S. M. (1998). Evaluating alterations of genetic diversity in sunfish populations exposed to contaminants using RAPD assay. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 43, 163–178. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0166-445X\(98\)00049-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0166-445X(98)00049-6)
- Nagpure, N. S., Srivastava, R., Kumar, R., Dabas, A., Kushwaha, B., & Kumar, P. (2015). Assessment of pollution of river Ganges by tannery effluents using genotoxicity biomarkers in murrel fish, *Channa punctatus* (Bloch). *Indian Journal of Experimental Biology*, 53(July), 476–483.
- Naji, A., Ismail, A., & Ismail, A. R. (2010). Chemical speciation and contamination assessment of Zn and Cd by sequential extraction in surface sediment of Klang River, Malaysia. *Microchemical Journal*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.microc.2009.12.015>
- Naubi, I., Zardari, N. H., Shirazi, S. M., Ibrahim, N. F. B., & Baloo, L. (2016). Effectiveness of water quality index for monitoring Malaysian river water quality. *Polish Journal of Environmental Studies*, 25(1), 231–239. <https://doi.org/10.15244/pjoes/60109>
- Newman, M. C., Diamond, S. A., Mulvey, M., & Dixon, P. (1989). Allozyme genotype and time to death of mosquitofish, *Gambusia affinis* (Baird and Girard) during

acute toxicant exposure: a comparison of arsenate and inorganic mercury. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 15, 141–156.

- Nicolau, R., Galera-Cunha, A., & Lucas, Y. (2006). Transfer of nutrients and labile metals from the continent to the sea by a small Mediterranean river. *Chemosphere*, 63(3), 469–476. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chemosphere.2005.08.025>
- Okpala, C. O. R., Sardo, G., Vitalea, S., Bonoa, G., & Arukwe, A. (2018). Hazardous properties and toxicological update of mercury: From fish food to human health safety perspective. *Critical Reviews in Food Science and Nutrition*, 58(12), 1986–2001. <https://doi.org/10.1080/10408398.2017.1291491>
- Omar, M. N., Rahaman, Z. A., & Hashim, M. (2018). The development of a soil erosion risk map for Perak, Malaysia. *International Journal of Academic Research in Business and Social Sciences*, 8(4), 1108–1123. <https://doi.org/10.6007/ijarbss/v8-i4/4149>
- Omar, W. A., Zaghoul, K. H., Abdel-Khalek, A. A., & Abo-Hegab, S. (2012). Genotoxic effects of metal pollution in two fish species, *Oreochromis niloticus* and *Mugil cephalus*, from highly degraded aquatic habitats. *Mutation Research - Genetic Toxicology and Environmental Mutagenesis*, 746(1), 7–14. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.mrgentox.2012.01.013>
- Oost, R. van der, Beyer, J., & Vermeulen, N. P. E. (2003). Fish bioaccumulation and biomarkers in environmental risk assessment: a review. *Environmental Toxicology and Pharmacology*, 13(2), 57–149. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1382-6689\(02\)00126-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1382-6689(02)00126-6)
- Otokunefor, T. V., & Obiukwu, C. (2005). Impact of refinery effluent on the physicochemical properties of a water body in the Niger Delta. *Applied Ecology and Environmental Research*, 3, 61–72. [https://doi.org/10.15666/aeer/0301\\_061072](https://doi.org/10.15666/aeer/0301_061072)
- Ouattara, A. A., Yao, K. M., Kinimo, K. C., & Trokourey, A. (2020). Assessment and bioaccumulation of arsenic and trace metals in two commercial fish species collected from three rivers of Côte d'Ivoire and health risks. *Microchemical Journal*, 154(January), 104604. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.microc.2020.104604>
- Paetkau, D., Slade, R., Burden, M., & Estoup, A. (2004). Genetic assignment methods for the direct, real-time estimation of migration rate: A simulation-based exploration of accuracy and power. *Molecular Ecology*, 13, 55–65. <https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1365-294X.2004.02008.x>
- Palumbi, S. R. (1994). Genetic divergence, reproductive isolation, and marine speciation. *Annual Review of Ecology and Systematics*, 25, 547–572. <https://doi.org/10.1146/annurev.es.25.110194.002555>
- Paris, J. R., King, R. A., & Stevens, J. R. (2015). Human mining activity across the ages determines the genetic structure of modern brown trout (*Salmo trutta* L.) populations. *Evolutionary Applications*, 8(6), 573–585. <https://doi.org/10.1111/eva.12266>

- Paulino, M. G., Benze, T. P., Sadauskas-Henrique, H., Sakuragui, M. M., Fernandes, J. B., & Fernandes, M. N. (2014). The impact of organochlorines and metals on wild fish living in a tropical hydroelectric reservoir: Bioaccumulation and histopathological biomarkers. *Science of the Total Environment*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2014.07.122>
- Peakall, D. B., & Walker, C. H. (1994). The role of biomarkers in environmental assessment. *Vertebrates. Ecotoxicology*, 3(3), 173–179. <https://doi.org/10.1007/BF00117082>
- Peery, M. Z., Kirby, R., Reid, B. N., Stoelting, R., Doucet-Bëer, E., Robinson, S., ... Palsboll, P. J. (2012). Reliability of genetic bottleneck tests for detecting recent population declines. *Molecular Ecology*, 21(14), 3403–3418. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1365-294X.2012.05635.x>
- Petkovšek, S. A. S., Grudnik, Z. M., & Pokorny, B. (2012). Heavy metals and arsenic concentrations in ten fish species from the Šalek lakes (Slovenia): Assessment of potential human health risk due to fish consumption. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 184(5), 2647–2662. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-011-2141-4>
- Pierron, F., Bourret, V., St-Cyr, J., Campbell, P. G. C., Bernatchez, L., & Couture, P. (2009). Transcriptional responses to environmental metal exposure in wild yellow perch (*Perca flavescens*) collected in lakes with differing environmental metal concentrations (Cd, Cu, Ni). *Ecotoxicology*, 18(5), 620–631. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10646-009-0320-7>
- Piry, S., Luikart, G., & Cornuet, J. M. (1999). BOTTLENECK: A computer program for detecting recent reductions in the effective population size using allele frequency data. *Journal of Heredity*, 90(4), 502–503. <https://doi.org/10.1093/jhered/90.4.502>
- Poon, W. C., Herath, G., Sarker, A., Masuda, T., & Kada, R. (2016). River and fish pollution in Malaysia: A green ergonomics perspective. *Applied Ergonomics*, 57, 80–93. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.apergo.2016.02.009>
- Pourang, N. (1995). Heavy metal bioaccumulation in different tissues of two fish species with regards to their feeding habits and trophic levels. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 35(3), 207–219. <https://doi.org/10.1007/BF00547632>
- Price, P., & Wright, I. A. (2016). Water quality impact from the discharge of coal Mine wastes to receiving streams: Comparison of impacts from an active mine with a closed mine. *Water, Air, and Soil Pollution*, 227, 155. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11270-016-2854-7>
- Rahim, A. H. A., & Kasmuri, N. (2020). Assessment of water quality index and heavy metals in Sungai Bunus, Malaysia. *Journal of Physics: Conference Series*, 1529(2). <https://doi.org/10.1088/1742-6596/1529/2/022028>
- Rahman, M. S., Molla, A. H., Saha, N., & Rahman, A. (2012). Study on heavy metals levels and its risk assessment in some edible fishes from Bangshi River, Savar, Dhaka, Bangladesh. *Food Chemistry*, 134(4), 1847–1854.



<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2012.03.099>

- Rainboth, W.J. (1996). *Fishes of the Cambodian Mekong*. FAO, Rome, 265 pp.
- Rajeshkumar, S., & Li, X. (2018). Bioaccumulation of heavy metals in fish species from the Meiliang Bay, Taihu Lake, China. *Toxicology Reports*, 5(February), 288–295. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.toxrep.2018.01.007>
- Rajkowska, M., & Protasowicki, M. (2013). Distribution of metals (Fe, Mn, Zn, Cu) in fish tissues in two lakes of different trophy in Northwestern Poland. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 185(4), 3493–3502. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-012-2805-8>
- Ramos, S., Cabral, H., & Elliott, M. (2015). Do fish larvae have advantages over adults and other components for assessing estuarine ecological quality? *Ecological Indicators*, 55, 74–85. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecolind.2015.03.005>
- Ratnaik, R. N. (2003). Acute and chronic arsenic toxicity. *Postgrad Medical Journal*, 79, 391–396. <https://doi.org/10.1136/pmj.79>
- Razo, I., Carrizales, L., Castro, J., Díaz-Barriga, F., & Monroy, M. (2004). Arsenic and heavy metal pollution of soil, water and sediments in a semi-arid climate mining area in Mexico. *Water, Air, & Soil Pollution*, 152(1–4), 129–152. <https://doi.org/10.1023/B:WATE.0000015350.14520.c1>
- Reis, R. E. (2013). Conserving the freshwater fishes of South America. *International Zoo Yearbook*, 47(1), 65–70. <https://doi.org/10.1111/izy.12000>
- Ricciardi, F., Bonineau, C., Faggiano, L., Geiszinger, A., Guasch, H., Lopez-Doval, J., ... Sabater, S. (2009). Is chemical contamination linked to the diversity of biological communities in rivers? *TrAC - Trends in Analytical Chemistry*, 28(5), 592–602. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.trac.2009.02.007>
- Richard, G.-F., Kerrest, A., & Dujon, B. (2008). Comparative genomics and molecular dynamics of DNA repeats in eukaryotes. *Microbiology and Molecular Biology Reviews*, 72(4), 686–727. <https://doi.org/10.1128/membr.00011-08>
- Riede, K. (2004). *Global register of migratory species - from global to regional scales. Final Report of the R&D-Project 808 05 081*. Bonn, Germany.
- Rohasliney, H., Rasyidah, A. R., Amonodin, R., & Amal, A. M. N. (2016). Assessing zinc and copper concentrations in fish muscle of *Thynnichthys Thynnoides* (Bleeker, 1852) using AAS for safe human consumption in Rui River, Perak : A preliminary study. In *Malaysia Ecology Seminar*. Putrajaya.
- Ross, K., Cooper, N., Bidwell, J. R., & Elder, J. (2002). Genetic diversity and metal tolerance of two marine species: A comparison between populations from contaminated and reference sites. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, 44(7), 671–679. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0025-326X\(01\)00333-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0025-326X(01)00333-2)
- Sabullah, M. K., Ahmad, S. A., Shukor, M. Y., Gansau, A. J., Syed, M. A., Sulaiman, M. R., & Shamaan, N. A. (2015). Heavy metal biomarker: Fish behavior, cellular

- alteration, enzymatic reaction and proteomics approaches. *International Food Research Journal*, 22(2), 435–454. Retrieved from <http://www.ifrj.upm.edu.my>
- Salam, M. A., Kabir, M. M., Khan, M. S., Yee, L. F., & Rak, A. E. (2019). Water quality assessment of Perak River, Malaysia. *Pollution*, 5(3), 637–648. <https://doi.org/10.22059/poll.2019.274543.570>
- Salam, Mohammed Abdus, Paul, S. C., Mohamad Zain, R. A. M., Bhowmik, S., Nath, M. R., Siddiqua, S. A., ... Amin, M. F. M. (2020). Trace metals contamination potential and health risk assessment of commonly consumed fish of Perak River, Malaysia. *PLoS ONE*, 15(10 October), 1–18. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0241320>
- Sanagi, M. M., Ling, S. L., Nasir, Z., Ibrahim, W. A. W., & Naim, A. A. (2009). Comparison of signal-to-noise, blank determination, and linear regression methods for the estimation of detection and quantification limits for volatile organic compounds. *Journal of AOAC International*, 92(6), 1833–1838.
- Sapari, N. K., Zabidi, H., & Ariffin, K. S. (2016). Geochemical prospecting of tin mineralization zone at Belukar Semang Prospect, Gerik, Perak. *Procedia Chemistry*, 19, 729–736. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.proche.2016.03.077>
- Saraiva, A., Costa, J., Serrão, J., Cruz, C., & Eiras, J. C. (2015). A histology-based fish health assessment of farmed seabass (*Dicentrarchus labrax* L.). *Aquaculture*, 448, 375–381. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquaculture.2015.06.028>
- Scott, G. R., & Sloman, K. A. (2004). The effects of environmental pollutants on complex fish behaviour: Integrating behavioural and physiological indicators of toxicity. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 68(4), 369–392. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquatox.2004.03.016>
- Shafie, N. A., Aris, A. Z., & Puad, N. H. A. (2013). Influential factors on the levels of cation exchange capacity in sediment at Langat river. *Arabian Journal of Geosciences*, 6, 3049–3058. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s12517-012-0563-0>
- Shafiuddin Ahmed, A. S., Sultana, S., Habib, A., Ullah, H., Musa, N., Belal Hossain, M., ... Shafiqul Islam Sarker, M. (2019). Bioaccumulation of heavy metals in some commercially important fishes from a tropical river estuary suggests higher potential health risk in children than adults. *PLoS ONE*, 14(10), 1–21. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0219336>
- Shakeri, A., Sharifi Fard, M., Mehrabi, B., & Rastegari Mehr, M. (2020). Occurrence, origin and health risk of arsenic and potentially toxic elements (PTEs) in sediments and fish tissues from the geothermal area of the Khiav River, Ardebil Province (NW Iran). *Journal of Geochemical Exploration*, 208(July 2019). <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.gexplo.2019.106347>
- Shanbehzadeh, S., Dastjerdi, M. V., Hassanzadeh, A., & Kiyanzadeh, T. (2014). Heavy metals in water and sediment: A case study of Tembi River. *Journal of Environmental and Public Health*, 2014, 1–5.
- Sharip, Z., & Zaki, A. T. A. (2014). The effects of season and sand mining activities on

- thermal regime and water quality in a large shallow tropical lake. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 186(8), 4959–4969. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-014-3751-4>
- Sharip, Z., Zaki, A. T. A., Shapai, M. A. H. M., Suratman, S., & Shaaban, A. J. (2014). Lakes of Malaysia: Water quality, eutrophication and management. *Lakes and Reservoirs: Research and Management*, 19(2), 130–141. <https://doi.org/10.1111/lre.12059>
- Sharma, J., & Langer, S. (2014). Effect of Manganese on haematological parameters of fish, *Garra gotyla gotyla*. *Journal of Entomology and Zoology Studies*, 2(3), 77–81.
- Sharma, V. K., & Sohn, M. (2009). Aquatic arsenic: Toxicity, speciation, transformations, and remediation. *Environment International*, 35, 743–759. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envint.2009.01.005>
- Shuhaimi-Othman, M., Ahmad, A. K., & Lim, E. C. (2009). Metals concentration in water and sediment of Bebar peat swampy forest river, Malaysia. *Journal of Biological Sciences*. <https://doi.org/10.3923/jbs.2009.730.737>
- Shuhaimi-Othman, Mohammad, & Gasim, M. B. (2005). “Kepekatan logam berat dalam air di lembangan Sungai Semenyih, Selangor.” *Sains Malaysiana*, 34(2), 49–54.
- Simonato, J. D., Mela, M., Doria, H. B., Guiloski, I. C., Randi, M. A. F., Carvalho, P. S. M., ... Martinez, C. B. R. (2016). Biomarkers of waterborne copper exposure in the Neotropical fish *Prochilodus lineatus*. *Aquatic Toxicology*, 170, 31–41. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.aquatox.2015.11.012>
- Slaninova, A., Machova, J., & Svobodova, Z. (2014). Fish kill caused by aluminium and iron contamination in a natural pond used for fish rearing: A case report. *Veterinarni Medicina*, 59(11), 573–581. Retrieved from <http://vri.cz/docs/vetmed/59-11-573.pdf>
- Smolders, A. J. P., Lock, R. A. C., Van der Velde, G., Medina Hoyos, R. I., & Roelofs, J. G. M. (2003). Effects of mining activities on heavy metal concentrations in water, sediment, and macroinvertebrates in different reaches of the Pilcomayo River, South America. *Archives of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology*, 44(3), 314–323. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00244-002-2042-1>
- Squadrone, S., Burioli, E., Monaco, G., Koya, M. K., Prearo, M., Gennero, S., ... Abete, M. C. (2016). Human exposure to metals due to consumption of fish from an artificial lake basin close to an active mining area in Katanga (D.R. Congo). *Science of the Total Environment*, 568, 679–684. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2016.02.167>
- SSDS (Soil Science Division Staff). (2017). *Soil Survey Manual. Agriculture Handbook No. 18*. Washington, D.C.: United States Department of Agriculture.
- Storelli, M. M. (2008). Potential human health risks from metals (Hg, Cd, and Pb) and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) via seafood consumption: Estimation of target

- hazard quotients (THQs) and toxic equivalents (TEQs). *Food and Chemical Toxicology*, *46*, 2782–2788. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.fct.2008.05.011>
- Strungaru, S. A., Nicoara, M., Teodosiu, C., Baltag, E., Ciobanu, C., & Plavan, G. (2018). Patterns of toxic metals bioaccumulation in a cross-border freshwater reservoir. *Chemosphere*, *207*, 192–202. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chemosphere.2018.05.079>
- Suratman, S., Hang, H. C., Shazili, N. A. M., & Mohd Tahir, N. (2009). A preliminary study of the distribution of selected trace metals in the Besut River basin, Terengganu, Malaysia. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology*, *82*(1), 16–19. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00128-008-9507-5>
- Suresh, G., Ramasamy, V., Sundarajan, M., & Paramasivam, K. (2015). Spatial and vertical distributions of heavy metals and their potential toxicity levels in various beach sediments from high-background-radiation area, Kerala, India. *Marine Pollution Bulletin*, *91*, 389–400. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.marpolbul.2014.11.007>
- Talukdar, B., Kalita, H. K., Baishya, R. A., Basumatary, S., & Sarma, D. (2016). Evaluation of genetic toxicity caused by acid mine drainage of coal mines on fish fauna of Simsang River, Garohills, Meghalaya, India. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, *131*, 65–71. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2016.05.011>
- Tan, S. G., & Yap, C. K. (2006). Biochemical and molecular indicators in aquatic ecosystems: Current status and further applications in Malaysia. *Aquatic Ecosystem Health and Management*, *9*(2), 227–236. <https://doi.org/10.1080/14634980600713620>
- Tarras-Wahlberg, N. H., Flachier, A., Lane, S. N., & Sangfors, O. (2001). Environmental impacts and metal exposure of aquatic ecosystems in rivers contaminated by small scale gold mining: The Puyango River basin, southern Ecuador. *Science of the Total Environment*, *278*(1–3), 239–261. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-9697\(01\)00655-6](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0048-9697(01)00655-6)
- Taweel, A., Shuhaimi-Othman, M., & Ahmad, A. K. (2013). Assessment of heavy metals in tilapia fish (*Oreochromis niloticus*) from the Langat River and Engineering Lake in Bangi, Malaysia, and evaluation of the health risk from tilapia consumption. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, *93*, 45–51. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2013.03.031>
- Taylor, V., Goodale, B., Raab, A., Schwerdtle, T., Reimer, K., Conklin, S., ... Francesconi, K. A. (2017). Human exposure to organic arsenic species from seafood. *Science of the Total Environment*, *580*, 266–282. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2016.12.113>
- Tchounwou, P. B., Yedjou, C. G., Patlolla, A. K., & Sutton, D. J. (2012). Heavy metals toxicity and the environment. *EXS*, *101*, 1–30. <https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-7643-8340-4>
- Teien, H. C., Standring, W. J. F., & Salbu, B. (2006). Mobilization of river transported colloidal aluminium upon mixing with seawater and subsequent deposition in fish gills. *Science of the Total Environment*, *364*(1–3), 149–164.

<https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2006.01.005>

- Tesser, M. E., de Paula, A. A., Risso, W. E., Monteiro, R. A., do Espirito Santo Pereira, A., Fraceto, L. F., & Bueno dos Reis Martinez, C. (2020). Sublethal effects of waterborne copper and copper nanoparticles on the freshwater Neotropical teleost *Prochilodus lineatus*: A comparative approach. *Science of the Total Environment*, 704, 135332. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.scitotenv.2019.135332>
- Theodorakis, C. W., Lee, K. L., Adams, S. M., & Law, C. B. (2006). Evidence of altered gene flow, mutation rate, and genetic diversity in redbreast sunfish from a pulp-mill-contaminated river. *Environmental Science and Technology*, 40(1), 377–386. <https://doi.org/10.1021/es052095g>
- Tišler, T., & Zagorc-Končan, J. (2002). Acute and chronic toxicity of arsenic to some aquatic organisms. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology*, 69(3), 421–429. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00128-002-0079-5>
- Tomasello, B., Copat, C., Pulvirenti, V., Ferrito, V., Ferrante, M., Renis, M., ... Tigano, C. (2012). Biochemical and bioaccumulation approaches for investigating marine pollution using Mediterranean rainbow wrasse, *Coris julis* (Linnaeus 1798). *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2012.09.012>
- Tong, J., Wang, Z., Yu, X., Wu, Q., & Chu, K. H. (2002). Cross-species amplification in silver carp and bighead carp with microsatellite primers of common carp. *Molecular Ecology Notes*, 2, 245–247. <https://doi.org/10.1046/j.1471-8278>
- Tran, T. A. M., Leermakers, M., Hoang, T. L., Nguyen, V. H., & Elskens, M. (2018). Metals and arsenic in sediment and fish from Cau Hai lagoon in Vietnam: Ecological and human health risks. *Chemosphere*, 210, 175–182. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chemosphere.2018.07.002>
- Türkmen, M., Türkmen, A., & Tepe, Y. (2011). Comparison of metals in tissues of fish from Paradeniz Lagoon in the coastal area of Northern East Mediterranean. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology*, 87(4), 381–385. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00128-011-0381-1>
- Ungherese, G., Mengoni, A., Somigli, S., Baroni, D., Focardi, S., & Ugolini, A. (2010). Relationship between heavy metals pollution and genetic diversity in Mediterranean populations of the sandhopper *Talitrus saltator* (Montagu) (Crustacea, Amphipoda). *Environmental Pollution*, 158(5), 1638–1643. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2009.12.007>
- US EPA (US Environmental Protection Agency). (1989). *Guidance manual for assessing human health risks from chemically contaminated, fish and shellfish*. EPA-503/8-89-002. USEPA, Washington DC. Link: Retrieved on April 10, 2021, from <https://bit.ly/3fbA4w9>
- US EPA (US Environmental Protection Agency). (2000). *Risk-Based Concentration Table*. U.S. Environment Protection Agency: Washington DC, USA.
- US EPA (US Environmental Protection Agency). (2004). *Lead and compounds*



- (*inorganics*). Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS). Retrieved on April 10, 2021, from [https://iris.epa.gov/static/pdfs/0277\\_summary.pdf](https://iris.epa.gov/static/pdfs/0277_summary.pdf).
- US EPA (US Environmental Protection Agency). (2015). *Regional Screening Level (RSLs) Summary Table*. Retrieved on April 10, 2021, from [https://archive.epa.gov/region9/superfund/web/pdf/master\\_sl\\_table\\_run\\_june2015\\_rev.pdf](https://archive.epa.gov/region9/superfund/web/pdf/master_sl_table_run_june2015_rev.pdf)
- US EPA (US Environmental Protection Agency). (2018). *2018 Edition of the Drinking Water Standards and Health Advisories*. Washington, DC. Retrieved on May 19, 2020, from [https://doi.org/EPA\\_822-S-12-001](https://doi.org/EPA_822-S-12-001)
- USFDA (United State Food and Drug Administration). (1993). *Food and Drug Administration. Guidance document for arsenic in shellfish*. DHHS/PHS/FDA/CFSAN/Office of Seafood, Washington, D.C. Retrieved on April 10, 2021 from <http://www.speciation.net/Database/Links/US-FDA-Guidance-Document-for-Arsenic-in-Shellfish-;i762>.
- Uysal, K., Emre, Y., & Köse, E. (2008). The determination of heavy metal accumulation ratios in muscle, skin and gills of some migratory fish species by inductively coupled plasma-optical emission spectrometry (ICP-OES) in Beymelek Lagoon (Antalya/Turkey). *Microchemical Journal*, 90(1), 67–70. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.microc.2008.03.005>
- Van Oosterhout, C., Hutchinson, W. F., Wills, D. P. M., & Shipley, P. (2004). MICRO-CHECKER: Software for identifying and correcting genotyping errors in microsatellite data. *Molecular Ecology Notes*, 4, 535–538. <https://doi.org/10.1111/j.1471-8286.2004.00684.x>
- van Straalen, N. M., & Timmermans, M. J. T. N. (2002). Genetic variation in Toxicant-stressed populations: An evaluation of the “genetic erosion” hypothesis. *Human and Ecological Risk Assessment: An International Journal*, 8(5), 983–1002. <https://doi.org/10.1080/1080-700291905783>
- Ventura-Lima, J., de Castro, M. R., Acosta, D., Fattorini, D., Regoli, F., de Carvalho, L. M., ... Monserrat, J. M. (2009). Effects of arsenic (As) exposure on the antioxidant status of gills of the zebrafish *Danio rerio* (Cyprinidae). *Comparative Biochemistry and Physiology - C Toxicology and Pharmacology*, 149(4), 538–543. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.cbpc.2008.12.003>
- Vidthayanon, A. (2012). *Thynnichthys thynnoides*. Retrieved on May 20, 2016, from <http://dx.doi.org/10.2305/IUCN.UK.2012-1.RLTS.T188079A1851596.en>
- Vieira, L. R., Gravato, C., Soares, A. M. V. M., Morgado, F., & Guilhermino, L. (2009). Acute effects of copper and mercury on the estuarine fish *Pomatoschistus microps*: Linking biomarkers to behaviour. *Chemosphere*, 76(10), 1416–1427. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.chemosphere.2009.06.005>
- Vieira, M. L. C., Santini, L., Diniz, A. L., & Munhoz, C. de F. (2016). Microsatellite markers: What they mean and why they are so useful. *Genetics and Molecular Biology*, 39(3), 312–328. <https://doi.org/10.1590/1678-4685-GMB-2016-0027>

- Visnjic-Jeftic, Z., Jaric, I., Jovanovic, L., Skoric, S., Smederevac-Lalic, M., Nikcevic, M., & Lenhardt, M. (2010). Heavy metal and trace element accumulation in muscle, liver and gills of the Pontic shad (*Alosa immaculata* Bennet 1835) from the Danube River (Serbia). *Microchemical Journal*, 95(2), 341–344. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.microc.2010.02.004>
- Vörösmarty, C. J., McIntyre, P. B., Gessner, M. O., Dudgeon, D., Prusevich, A., Green, P., ... Davies, P. M. (2010). Global threats to human water security and river biodiversity. *Nature*, 467(7315), 555–561. <https://doi.org/10.1038/nature09440>
- Wan Mohd Khalik, W. M. A., & Abdullah, M. P. (2012). Seasonal influence on water quality status of Temenggor Lake, Perak. *Malaysian Journal of Analytical Sciences*, 16(2), 163–171.
- Warren, N., Allan, I. J., Carter, J. E., House, W. A., & Parker, A. (2003). Pesticides and other micro-organic contaminants in freshwater sedimentary environments - A review. *Applied Geochemistry*. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0883-2927\(02\)00159-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0883-2927(02)00159-2)
- Wedepohl, K. H. (1995). The composition of the continental crust. *Geochimica et Cosmochimica Acta*, 59(7), 1217–1232. [https://doi.org/10.1016/0016-7037\(95\)00038-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/0016-7037(95)00038-2)
- WHO (World Health Organization). (1996). *Health criteria other supporting information*. In: *Guidelines for Drinking Water Quality*, vol. 2, 2nd ed. (pp. 31–388). Geneva.
- Winans, G. A., Allen, M. B., Baker, J., Lesko, E., Shrier, F., Strobel, B., & Myers, J. (2018). Dam trout : Genetic variability in *Oncorhynchus mykiss* above and below barriers in three Columbia River systems prior to restoring migrational access. *PLoS ONE*, 13(5), e0197571. <https://doi.org/https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0197571>
- Wong, K. W., Yap, C. K., Nulit, R., Hamzah, M. S., Chen, S. K., Cheng, W. H., ... Al-Shami, S. A. (2017). Effects of anthropogenic activities on the heavy metal levels in the clams and sediments in a tropical river. *Environmental Science and Pollution Research*, 24(1), 116–134. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s11356-016-7951-z>
- Wood, P. J., & Dykes, A. P. (2002). The use of salt dilution gauging techniques: Ecological considerations and insights. *Water Research*, 36(12), 3054–3062. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0043-1354\(01\)00519-X](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0043-1354(01)00519-X)
- Wu, B., Zhao, D. Y., Jia, H. Y., Zhang, Y., Zhang, X. X., & Cheng, S. P. (2009). Preliminary risk assessment of trace metal pollution in surface water from Yangtze River in Nanjing section, China. *Bulletin of Environmental Contamination and Toxicology*, 82(4), 405–409. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s00128-008-9497-3>
- Yap, C. K., Cheng, W. H., Ong, C. C., & Tan, S. G. (2013). Heavy metal contamination and physical barrier are main causal agents for the genetic differentiation of *Perna viridis* populations in peninsular Malaysia. *Sains Malaysiana*, 42(11), 1557–1564.

- Yap, C. K., Chong, C. M., & Tan, S. G. (2011). Allozyme polymorphisms in horseshoe crabs, *Carcinoscorpius rotundicauda*, collected from polluted and unpolluted intertidal areas in Peninsular Malaysia. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 174(1–4), 389–400. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-010-1464-x>
- Yap, C. K., Chua, B. H., Teh, C. H., Tan, S. G., & Ismail, A. (2007). Patterns of RAPD markers and heavy metal concentrations in *Perna viridis* (L.), collected from metal-contaminated and uncontaminated coastal waters: Are they correlated with each other? *Russian Journal of Genetics*, 43(5), 544–550. <https://doi.org/10.1134/S1022795407050109>
- Yap, C. K., Fairuz, M. S., Cheng, W. H., & Tan, S. G. (2008). Distribution of Ni and Zn in the surface sediments collected from drainages and intertidal areas in selangor. *Pertanika Journal of Tropical Agricultural Science*, 31(1), 79–89.
- Yap, C. K., & Pang, B. H. (2011). Anthropogenic concentrations of Cd, Ni and Zn in the intertidal, river and drainage sediments collected from north western Peninsular Malaysia. *Pertanika Journal of Science and Technology*, 19(1), 93–107.
- Yap, C. K., & Tan, S. G. (2008). Heavy metal pollution in the Juru River Basin receiving industrial effluents: the need for biochemical and molecular studies in the edible cockles *Anadara granosa*. *Malaysian Applied Biology Journal*, 37(2), 63–68.
- Yap, C. K., Tan, S. G., Ismail, A., & Omar, H. (2004). Allozyme polymorphisms and heavy metal levels in the green-lipped mussel *Perna viridis* (Linnaeus) collected from contaminated and uncontaminated sites in Malaysia. *Environment International*, 30(1), 39–46. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S0160-4120\(03\)00144-2](https://doi.org/10.1016/S0160-4120(03)00144-2)
- Yap, C. K., Ismail, A. R., Ismail, A., & Tan, S. G. (2003). Species diversity of macrobenthic invertebrates in the Semenyih River, Selangor, Peninsular Malaysia. *Pertanika*, 26(2), 139–146.
- Yap, C.K., Chong, C. M., & Tan, S. G. (2011). Lactate dehydrogenase in guppy fish (*Poecilia reticulata*) as a biomarker for heavy-metal pollution in freshwater ecosystems. *Journal of Sustainability Science and Management*, 6(2), 240–246.
- Yap, C.K., Fairuz, M. S., Yeow, K. L., Hatta, M. Y., Ismail, A., Rahim Ismail, A., & Tan, S. G. (2009). Dissolved heavy metals and water quality in the surface waters of rivers and drainages of the west Peninsular Malaysia. *Asian Journal of Water Environment and Pollution*, 6(3), 51–59.
- Yap, C.K., & Tan, S. G. (2007). Changes of allozymes (GOT, EST and ME) of *Perna viridis* subjected to zinc stress: A laboratory study. *Journal of Applied Sciences*, 7(20), 3111–3114.
- Yap, C.K., & Tan, S. G. (2011). *Ecotoxicological Genetic Studies on the Green-lipped Mussel Perna viridis in Malaysia*. In L. E. McGevin (Ed.), *Mussels: Anatomy, Habitat and Environmental Impact* (pp. 221–244). USA: Nova Science Publishers.



- Yap, Chee Kong, Jusoh, A., Leong, W. J., Karami, A., & Ong, G. H. (2015). Potential human health risk assessment of heavy metals via the consumption of tilapia *Oreochromis mossambicus* collected from contaminated and uncontaminated ponds. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 187(9). <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-015-4812-z>
- Yi, S., Wang, W., & Zhou, X. (2019). Genomic evidence for the population genetic differentiation of *Misgurnus anguillicaudatus* in the Yangtze River basin of China. *Genomics*, 111(3), 367–374. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ygeno.2018.02.011>
- Yi, Y., Tang, C., Yi, T., Yang, Z., & Zhang, S. (2017). Health risk assessment of heavy metals in fish and accumulation patterns in food web in the upper Yangtze River, China. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*, 145(June), 295–302. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2017.07.022>
- Yi, Y., Yang, Z., & Zhang, S. (2011). Ecological risk assessment of heavy metals in sediment and human health risk assessment of heavy metals in fishes in the middle and lower reaches of the Yangtze River basin. *Environmental Pollution*, 159(10), 2575–2585. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.envpol.2011.06.011>
- Yilmaz, F., Özdemir, N., Demirak, A., & Tuna, A. L. (2007). Heavy metal levels in two fish species *Leuciscus cephalus* and *Lepomis gibbosus*. *Food Chemistry*, 100(2), 830–835. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.foodchem.2005.09.020>
- Yu, R., Yuan, X., Zhao, Y., Hu, G., & Tu, X. (2008). Heavy metal pollution in intertidal sediments from Quanzhou Bay, China. *Journal of Environmental Sciences*, 20, 664–669. [https://doi.org/10.1016/S1001-0742\(08\)62110-5](https://doi.org/10.1016/S1001-0742(08)62110-5)
- Zapata, L. M., Bock, B. C., Orozco, L. Y., & Palacio, J. A. (2016). Application of the micronucleus test and comet assay in *Trachemys callirostris* erythrocytes as a model for in situ genotoxic monitoring. *Ecotoxicology and Environmental Safety*. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.ecoenv.2016.01.016>
- Zhang, R., Wilson, V. L., Hou, A., & Meng, G. (2015). Source of lead pollution, its influence on public health and the countermeasures. *International Journal of Health, Animal Science and Food Safety*, 2(1), 18–31. <https://doi.org/10.13130/2283-3927/4785>
- Zhang, Z. M., Wang, X. Y., Zhang, Y., Nan, Z., & Shen, B. G. (2012). The over polluted water quality assessment of Weihe River based on kernel density estimation. *Procedia Environmental Sciences*, 13(2011), 1271–1282. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.proenv.2012.01.120>
- Zhao, L., Chenoweth, E. L., Liu, J., & Liu, Q. (2016). Effects of dam structures on genetic diversity of freshwater fish *Sinibrama macrops* in Min River, China. *Biochemical Systematics and Ecology*, 68, 216–222. <https://doi.org/10.1016/j.bse.2016.07.022>
- Zhao, L., Chenoweth, E. L., & Liu, Q. (2018). Population structure and genetic diversity of *Sinibrama macrops* from Ou River and Ling River based on mtDNA D-loop region analysis, China. *Mitochondrial DNA Part A*, 29(2), 303–311. <https://doi.org/10.1080/24701394.2016.1278533>

- Zhu, F., Qu, L., Fan, W., Wang, A., Hao, H., Li, X., & Yao, S. (2015). Study on heavy metal levels and its health risk assessment in some edible fishes from Nansi Lake, China. *Environmental Monitoring and Assessment*, 187(4), 161. <https://doi.org/10.1007/s10661-015-4355-3>
- Zhuang, P., Lu, H., Li, Z., Zou, B., & McBride, M. B. (2014). Multiple exposure and effects assessment of heavy metals in the population near mining area in South China. *PLoS ONE*, 9(4), 1–11. <https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pone.0094484>
- Zulkafli, A. R., Amal, M. N. A., Shohaimi, S., Mustafa, A., Ghani, A. H., Ayub, S., ... Hasfairi, M. P. (2016). Length–weight relationships of 13 fish species from Pahang River, Temerloh district, Pahang, Malaysia. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology*, 32(1), 165–166. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jai.12959>
- Zulkafli, A. R., Amal, M. N. A., Shohaimi, S., Mustafa, A., Ghani, A. H., Hashim, S., ... Hasfairi, M. P. (2015). Length-weight relationships of 20 fish species from Pahang River, Maran district, Pahang, Malaysia. *Journal of Applied Ichthyology*, 31(2), 409–410. <https://doi.org/10.1111/jai.12666>