

## **UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA**

## COMPARISON OF GROWTH AND SURVIVAL OF SNAKEHEAD, Channastriatus(BLOCH) USING COMMERCIAL PELLET AND TRADITIONAL TRASH FISH

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FP 2013 113

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This project report is submitted in partial fulfilment of the requirements for the degree of Bachelor of Agriculture (Aquaculture)

> DEPARTMENT OF AQUACULTURE FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA SERDANG, SELANGOR

> > 2013

# CERTIFICATION OF APROVAL DEPARTMENT OF AQUACULTURE FACULTY OF AGRICULTURE UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

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This is to certify that I have examined the final project report and all corrections have been made as recommended by the panel of examiners. This report complies with the recommended format stipulated in the AKU 4999 project guidelines, Department of Aquaculture, Faculty of Agriculture, Universiti Putra Malaysia.

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#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENT

All the thanks I bid to the Creator Almighty Allah (S.W.T) for providing me strength, time and patience to complete my research project. Even sometimes I felt tired, stress and lack of spirit, I always ask to Him to ease my passage in order to complete my study and Alhamdulillah my pray was granted. Academic study in Universiti Putra Malaysia made me realise that only with courage and hard work I can achieve success.

Next, I want to express my sincere gratitude to my research supervisor Dr.S.M. Nurul Amin for his patience, advise, reminder, motivation, enthusiasm and immense knowledge in order to ensure that I complete my project research. His guidance helped me in all the time of research and writing of this thesis. I could not imagine having a good hearted supervisor for my project research. I also want to thanks to MissAfzanMuntaziana for her guidance with my project.

Not forgetting assistant sciences officers of Department of Aquaculture particularly PnNurSyafikaMauladAbdJalil for her kindess to prepare apparatus that I used for my research project. Furthermore, I extend my appreciation to my final year project co-ordinators Dr. Ina SalwanybintiMdYasin and Prof. Madya Dr YuzineEsa.

Not forgotten to my mother HasimahbintiHasan, siblings and my loves one that always give me moral supports during my research and my study as they always be my backbone in completing this project.

#### ABSTRACT

An experiment of selected diets was carried out on *Channastriatus* fingerlings to compare the growth and survival in captive tank. The diets used for different treatments were trash fish (T1), commercial pellet (T2) and commercial pellet combines with trash fish (T3). The best weight gain  $(1143.7\pm100 \text{ g})$  of *C. striatus* observed in T2. The result of this study shows, treatment 2 (T2) yield the best growth performance with the lowest FCR among treatments and had high value of survivality with no significant difference among them. It is recommended in the commercial scale *C. striatus*farming.

## ABSTRAK

Satuujikaji diet						
terpilihtelahdijalankankeatasCha	unnastriatu.	suntukmemb	andingk	anpertun	nbuhar	ıda
nkelangsunganhidupdalamtangk	itertutup.D	iet diguna	akanuntu	ıkrawata	n y	ang
berbezaialahikanbaja	(T1),	peletkomersial			C	T2)
danpeletkomersialdigabungkandenganikanbaja						
(T3).Kenaikanberatbadanterbaik	ialah (	(1143,7	± 1	100	g)	С.
striatusdiperhatikandalam T2. Hasilkajianinimenunjukkan, rawatan 2 (T2)						
mengeluarkanprestasipertumbuhan yang terbaikdengan FCR paling rendah di						
antararawatan – rawatantersebutdanmempunyainilaikadarhidupyang						
tinggidengantiadaperbezaan	yang	signifikan	di	kalanga	anmere	eka.
IaadalahdisyorkandalampenternakanC. striatusberskalakomersial.						

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## ABBREVIATIONS



#### **CHAPTER 1**

#### **INTRODUCTION**

Snakehead (*Channa sp.*) is one of the fish species that attract anglers in Malaysia for its fighting spirits and the way they taken the bait.For example, snakehead *Channamicropeltes* or 'Toman'in local tongue is one of the best fighting fish in the world of anglers as well as *Channastriatus* or 'Haruan'. They can be classified as carnivores in nature and a very good predator. There were altogether 30 species in the family of snakehead reported in the world and eight of them were found in Malaysia water body. It includes *Channamicropeltes*, *Channalucius* and *Channastriatus*. The members of the family are also founded in all AEAN country like Thailand, Laos, Vietnam, Indonesia, Cambodia and Brunei (Mat Jais, 1997).

Cannibalism is one of the characteristics that commonly found in the animal kingdom (Fox, 1975; Polis, 1981). In the underwater world of fishes, cannibalisms usually come together with the various sizes in the same species, limited source of food available, very dense population in one area, limited refuges place and good light condition (Hetch and Pioneer, 1993). Snakehead tends to show their canniballistics behaviour when one of the condition triggers them. However, when the food source is abundance, this behaviour can be avoided.

As an air-breather fish, *Channastriatus* is a very good candidate in an incentive farming environment with lower dissolved oxygen (DO) and higher ammonia level content (Ng and Lim, 1990; Qin *et* al., 1997). This kind of natural characteristics is very valuable in the economic point of view because live 'Haruan'can be sold for higher prices than the dead fish (Wee, 1982; Qin and Fast, 2003). In my observation, 'Haruan' mostly will be sold at the wet as well as night market in the Malaysia scenario.

Traditionally, 'Haruan'was believed can enhanced the healing and recovery of the afterbirth mother as well as any wounds or cuts. Due to this believes, some researchers had done many experiments on the amino acids and fatty acids content of this particular fish and its family. It is reported that this fish contain a lot of beneficial amino acids and fatty acids that contribute to the healing process. For that reason, snakehead has been the top most fishes that believed by the people in the wound healing potentials.

In farming any kind of fishes, feed is one of the most crucial factors that can affect the yield production. A very good management of feeding can increase the production within short time. Feed conversion ratio or FCR value can determine the efficiency in the management of the feeding. The lower the ratio of FCR value gives best result. Besides that, crude protein content of the feed given also can affect the gross production of that particular fish farming. For the record, feed prices nowadays depends on the crude protein percentage contains in the feed. The higher the cure protein contain, the prices would be more expensive per bag. Because of the nature feeding behaviour of snakehead, traditional trash fish was introduced in their farming and proven the best feed given considering other than commercial pellets (Muntaziana*et* al, 2013). For that reason, this experiment was conducted to:-

- a) Study the comparison of growth of *C.striatus* by giving different selective feed (commercial pellets only, commercial and the traditional trash fish only).
- b) Determine the survival percentage of *C.striatus*fingerlings.

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