Parental influences on self-esteem of early adolescents: a multiracial sample from Selangor, Malaysia

ABSTRACT

Background: This cross-sectional study aims to determine the association between sociodemographic characteristics, parenting style, and self-esteem among early adolescents. Materials and Methods: A total of 716 early adolescents aged 10–11 years attending primary schools in Selangor state, Malaysia were enrolled in this study. Perceived parenting style and self-esteem were assessed through the self-administered Parenting Characteristics questionnaire and Rosenberg Self-Esteem Scale, respectively. Pearson's product-moment correlation and one-way ANOVA were employed to determine the bivariate relationships between socio-demographic characteristics and parenting style with self-esteem. Multiple linear regression analysis was utilized to determine the factors that significantly contributed to self-esteem of the respondents. Result: The results revealed that the predominant parenting style practiced by respondents' fathers was authoritarian (44.4%), while that by respondents' mothers was authoritative (38.2%). Ethnicity, paternal parenting style, and maternal parenting style were significantly associated with self-esteem of the respondents in the bivariate analyses. No associations were found between age, gender, paternal and maternal educational level, monthly household income, and self-esteem. Results of the multiple linear regression model demonstrated that being Chinese (β =-0.29), being Indian (β =-0.12), authoritative father $(\beta=0.15)$, authoritative mother ($\beta=0.16$), and permissive mother ($\beta=0.13$) were significantly associated with self-esteem among the respondents (R2=0.14). Conclusion: These findings suggest that being Malay, authoritative, and permissive parenting positively influenced the selfesteem of early adolescents. Further research should be conducted to assess the interaction effects between ethnicity and parenting style on self-esteem in early adolescents.

Keyword: Early adolescents; Ethnicity; Parenting style; Self-esteem; Socioeconomic status