

Nutritional, mineral and organic acid composition of passion fruit (*Passiflora* species)

ABSTRACT

This study focused on proximate composition, mineral content and organic acid properties of fruit juices from four *Passiflora* species; *Passiflora edulis* (Purple), *Passiflora edulis* (Frederick), *Passiflora maliformis*, and *Passiflora quadrangularis* and the mesocarp of *Passiflora quadrangularis*. The moisture content varied between $84.37 \pm 0.63\%$ in *P. edulis* (Frederick) to $86.63 \pm 0.33\%$ in mesocarp of *P. quadrangularis*. The ash content of mesocarp of *P. quadrangularis* was significantly lower ($0.51 \pm 0.02\%$) than its juice ($1.37 \pm 0.14\%$). Among the *Passiflora* species, *P. edulis* (Purple) and *P. edulis* (Frederick) possessed higher protein, $2.81 \pm 0.19\%$ and $2.40 \pm 0.11\%$, respectively. The fiber content in *P. quadrangularis* mesocarp was significantly higher ($8.49 \pm 0.40\%$) than other juices. *Passiflora* fruits have fat content 80% phosphorus and provides an adequate level of micronutrients especially Ferum content which is 90% of daily recommended allowance of minerals. The major organic acid in *Passiflora* fruit juice was citric acid and ranged 1137.00 ± 0.13 mg 100 g⁻¹ in *P. quadrangularis* to 1487.30 ± 0.28 mg 100 g⁻¹ in *P. edulis* (Purple). Malic acid was second abundant organic acid with 156.00 ± 0.07 mg 100 g⁻¹ in *P. edulis* (Frederick) to 502.30 ± 0.07 mg 100 g⁻¹ in *P. quadrangularis*. Apart from the common species of *Passiflora edulis*, other lesser known *Passiflora* species are also gaining visibility in drinks, food and health promoter.

Keyword: *Passiflora* species; Organic acid; Proximate analysis; Mineral content; Mesocarp