



UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

***AN EFFICIENT ALGORITHM FOR INDEPENDENT TASK
SCHEDULING IN HETEROGENOUS COMPUTING SYSTEMS***

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SCHEDULING IN HETEROGENOUS COMPUTING SYSTEMS**

BY:

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Abstract

Abstract submitted to the Faculty of Computer Science and Information Technology in Fulfillment of the Requirements for the Degree of Master of Science.

An Efficient Algorithm for Independent Tasks Scheduling in Heterogeneous Computing Systems

By

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Task scheduling is critical in heterogenous systems, especially with the huge number of tasks transmitted over grid. Since heuristics are proposing methods for solving heterogenous computing systems, several techniques were proposed for the scheduling on grid computing systems to get better execution time. In this thesis, a proposed new heuristic algorithm named Two Stages TasksTransfer (TSTT) algorithm introduced as an enhancement of state of TPB scheduling algorithm. Scheduling problem addressed Heterogeneous Computing Scheduling Problem (HCSP) mathematical model, where the independent tasks assigned to heterogenous processors with different characteristics. Twelve datasets with different heterogeneity level examined using different heuristic algorithms to compare the performance with the new algorithm. The proposed algorithm showed its efficiency in term of makespan, resource utilization and load balancing metrics for set of tasks.

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SUPERVISOR CONFIRMATION

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Declaration

I hereby declare that the project based on my original work except for quotations and citations, which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously or currently submitted for any other degree at UPM or any other institution.



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List of Abbreviation

CPU	Central Processing Unit
EFT	Earliest Finishing Time
ETC	Estimated Time to Complete
GA	Genetic Algorithm
GAP	The gap between optimal and current solution
GHz	Gigahertz
GriPhyN	Grid Physics Network
GTSD	Grouped Tasks by Standard Deviation
HC	Heterogenous Computing
HCSP	Heterogenous computing scheduling problem
HPC	High Performance Computing
LB	Lower bound execution time
LHCGrid	Large Hadron Collider Grid
LJFR-SJFR	Long Job First – Short Job First
LSufferage	List Sufferage
MCT	Minimum Completion Time
meanCT	Mean Completion Time
MET	Minimum Execution Time
NP-hard	non-deterministic polynomial-time hard
OLB	Opportunistic Load balancing
PB	Penalty Based
Qos	Quality of Service
TPB	Tenacious penalty based
TSTT	Two Stages Task Transfer

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

This chapter provides an introduction to the research, problem statement, objectives, scope of the study and research contribution.

1.1. Overview

In the last decade, the high speed low-cost computers production led to boost the processing power through networks; this fact helps to grow in distribution of distributed systems to contain and tap these resources (Gogos et al., 2016a, Nesmachnow et al., 2010).

A heterogeneous computing (HC) referring to set of heterogeneous elements called computers, resources, machines or processors), these resources connected to each other by a network (public or private), for instance, Ethernet (Nesmachnow et al., 2010). Fig. 1.1 shows the heterogeneous computing environment.

Grid computing is a famous example of distributed computing resources working over loosely coupled virtual machines, created by connecting many heterogeneous computing resources with different characteristics. Grid infrastructure provides an easy low cost solutions to access for distributed computing resources distributed over the globe to solve large problems (Foster and Kesselman, 2003).



Fig. 1.1. HC environment (Izakian et al., 2009b)

The main issue when using a distributed computing systems environment is finding an efficient way for task scheduling to satisfy the user need of fast computing power, where tasks should be assigned to the resources in a clever way (Nesmachnow et al., 2010).

The quality of heterogeneous resources refers to the variety of capabilities for both resources and interconnected technology (e.g. data transmission, CPU's processing power and data transfer speed).

In general, HC system involves a parallel and/or distributed high-performance resources, cooperate in order to provide support to solve the intensive-computational applications. HC systems used also in scientific and high-performance applications to solve complex problems with high computational capabilities (Khokhar et al., 1993, Freund et al., 1998, Eshaghian, 1996, Braun et al., 2001).

Scheduling in HC system is critical because it is related to quality of service metrics, such as resource usage, efficiency, economic profit, etc. In other word, task scheduling is task planning or task assignment, which has been an important focus in this line of research in the last two decades (Qureshi et al., 2014).

1.2. Problem statement

An issue of independent task scheduling in heterogeneous systems is critically important. Because of the need for an efficient scheduling technique to solve complex computational problems in grid and other heterogeneous environments like cloud computing, many researches have been done in order to reach the optimality. A literature review conducted to have a clear view about the techniques used to solve the scheduling problem and provide a super solution with a lower execution time. Another main issue is finding an accredited comparison between these solutions without ignoring other important performance evaluation metrics like: resource utilization, and resource imbalance ratio, which can be play an essential role in evaluating the algorithm.

1.3. Objectives

The main objectives in this thesis are:

- 1- To find improved solution for heterogeneous computing scheduling problems.
- 2- To perform a performance evaluation for the proposed algorithm, and compare it with other scheduling algorithms (e.g. Suffefage, LSufferage, Penalty based, and Tenacious Penalty Based algorithms), using makespan, resource utilization and load imbalance ratio metrics for this purpose.

1.4. Scope of study

- a- Independent tasks.

- b- Each task submitted once to one processor.
- c- Non- preemptive system.
- d- Each processor executes one task at time.
- e- Machines always available.

1.5. Research contribution

- a- An efficient algorithm proposed and developed to schedule the tasks in distributed system considering all heterogeneity probabilities (Section 3.5).
- b- Performance evaluation for a proposed algorithm conducted to show the efficiency of the proposed algorithm by comparing it with other well-known heuristic algorithms (Section 4.4.1, 4.4.2 and 4.4.3).

1.6. Thesis Organization

The next chapters will be organized as follows: The chapter 2 will discuss the related work to the study area heterogeneous computing scheduling. An extensive review conducted to show what the grid computing and what the researchers done to solve the scheduling problem in the grid. Chapter 3 discusses the methodology for conducting the research (i.e. datasets, model, algorithms and performance evaluation). Chapter 4 presents the results and discusses it to show the performance evaluation for the proposed algorithm. Finally, chapter 5 is the conclusion, which summarizes the problem and the proposed solution, and presents the future work.

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