

UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

ISOLATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF ANTIMICROBIAL AND CYTOTOXIC COMPOUNDS FROM GARCINIA CANTLTYNA AND G. NIGROLINEATA

KHALID AHMAD SHAKER SHADID.

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KHALID AHMAD SHAKER SHADID

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ISOLATION AND IDENTIFICATION OF ANTIMICROBIAL AND CYTOTOXIC COMPOUNDS FROM GARCINIA CANTLEYNA AND G. NIGROLINEATA

By

KHALID AHMAD SHAKER SHADID

September 2005

Chairman: Professor Md. Nordin Hi. Laiis, PhD

Institute:

Bioscience

Eleven species of Garcinia (Guttiferae) from the flora of Malaysia were screened in vitro for antimicrobial and cytotoxic activities. Disc diffusion and MTT methods were utilized to screen the antimicrobial and cytotoxic effects, respectively. On the basis of the screening results and literature review of the tested plants, Garcinia cantleyana and Garcinia nigrolineata were selected for phytochemical investigations.

The investigations of the chloroform extract of Garcinia cantleyana by a combination of different chromatographic techniques led to the isolation of eight new natural products: three caged tetraprenylated xanthonoids; cantlyanone A, cantlyanone B and cantlyanone C, four caged triprenylated xanthonoids; cantiyanone D, cantiyanone E, cantiyanone F and cantiyanone G, and 1,4,6,8tetrahydroxy-5-(2-methylbut-3-en-2-yl)-9*H*-xanthen-9-one (cantleyanaxanthone). Six known compounds namely, glutin-5-en-3β-ol, a mixture of stigmasterol and

B-sitosterol, quadichaudion H, garbogiol and for the first time in Garcinia species the isolation of sesquineolignan (Macranthol).

All caged-polyprenylated xanthonoids were found to exhibit significant cytotoxicity against several cancer cell lines with IC₅₀ values from 0.2-3 µM. Broth microdilution method was used to determine antibacterial activity for the isolated compounds; the results showed strong antibacterial activity against staphylococcus aureus ATCC 335591 for Cantleyanone F with MIC value of $31.25 \, \mu g/ml$

Sesquineolignan (Macranthol) which was isolated for the first time in this genus showed cytotoxic IC₅₀ values of 4.17, 3.70, 1.53, 2.53 µg/ml against MDA-MB-231, MCF-7, CaOV-3 and HeLa, respectively, and antibacterial activity with an MIC value of 3.91 µg/ml activity against staphylococcus aureus ATCC 335591, the result of which is remarkable.

From the methanolic extract of Garcinia nigrolineata leaves, three compounds were isolated, namely a mixture of stigmasterol and β -sitosterol, friedelin, and for the first time methyl putranjivate from Garcinia nigrolineata. Bioassays was carried out, but these compounds were inactive against several cell lines.

The structures of all compounds were carried out with the help of chemical and modern spectroscopic techniques (UV, IR, MS, ¹H NMR, ¹³C NMR, DEPT, ¹H-¹H COSY, HMQC, and HMBC).

PERPUSTAKAAN SULTAN ABDUL SAMAD UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

Abstrak tesis yang dikemukakan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia sebagi memenuhi keperluan untuk ijazah Doktor Falsafah

PEMENCILAN DAN PENGENALPASTIAN SEBATIAN-SEBATIAN SITOTOKSIK DAN ANTIMIKROBIAL DARIPADA GARCINIA CANTLEYNA DAN G. NIGROLINEATA

Oleh

KHALID AHMAD SHAKER SHADID

September 2005

Pengerusi: Profesor Md. Nordin Hj. Lajis, PhD

Institut:

Biosains

Sebelas spesies Garcinia daripada Malaysia telah dikaji secara in vitro untuk menentukan aktiviti-aktiviti antimicrobial dan sitotoksik. Kaedah pembauran cakera dan MTT telah diguna untuk menentukan kesan antimicrobial dan sitotoksik. G. cantleyana dan G. nigrolineata telah dipilih untuk kajian lebih

lanjut berdasarkan keputusan aktiviti-aktiviti biologi dan kajian terdahulu.

Kajian terhadap ekstrak kloroform G. cantleyana dengan menggunakan berbagai teknik kromatografi yang berbeza kombinasi telah memencilkan lapan sebatian semulajadi yang baru: tiga sangkar tetraprenil xanthonoid; kantlianon A, kantlianon B, kantlianon C, empat sangkar triprenil xanthonoid; kantlianon D, kantlianon E, kantlianon F, dan kantlianon G serta kantlianaxanthon. Enam sebatian yang telah diketahui yaitu glutin-5-ena-3β-ol, campuran stigmasterol dan β-sitosterol, quadicaudion H, garbogiol, dan buat pertama kali dalam spesies Garcinia pemencilan seskuineolignan.

Kesemua sangkar poliprenil xanthonoid telah menunjukkan aktiviti sitotoksik yang signifikan terhadap beberapa talian sel dengan nilai 50% perencatan dari 0.2-3 µM. Kaedah "broth microdilution" telah digunakan untuk menentukan aktiviti antibakteria kesemua sebatian yang telah dipencilkan. Katlianon F telah menunjukkan aktiviti antibakteria yang tinggi dengan nilai MIC 31.25 μg/ml.

Seskuineolignan telah dipencilkan buat kali pertama dalam genus ini telah menunjukkan aktiviti sitotoksik dengan nilai 50% perencatan 4.17, 3.70, 1.53, 2.53 µg/ml terhadap sel MDA-MB-231, MCF7, CaOV-3, dan HeLa, setiap satu. Sebatian ini juga menunjukkan aktiviti antibakteria terhadap staphylococcus aureus ATCC 335591, dengan nilai MIC 3.91 µg/ml.

Tiga sebatian berjaya dipencilkan daripada ekstrak methanol daun G. nigrolineata iaitu campuran stigmasterol dan β-sitosterol, fridelin, dan metil putranjivat yang buat pertama kali dipencilkan daripada G. nigrolineata. Sebatian ini didapati tidak aktif terhadap semua talian sel yang diuji.

Struktur kesemua sebatian telah ditentukan dengan menggunakan teknik kimia dan spektroskopik moden (UV, IR, MS, ¹HNMR, ¹³NMR, DEPT, ¹H-¹H COSY, HMQC, and HMBC).

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"Read! In the Name of your Lord Who has created (all that exist). He has created man from a clot. Read! And your Lord as the Most Generous. Who has taught (the writing) by the pen. He has taught man that which he knew not." Qur'an 96: 1-5

We praise Allah for His great loving kindness, which has brought us all together to tell and encourage each other and mankind with stories of His care, and leading. In so doing, I also thank to those who answered His call, who have started their journey upon the Straight Path of Allah. All respect for our Holy Prophet (Peace be upon him), who guided us to identify our creator

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

δ Chemical shift in ppm

°C Degree in Celsius

 $[\alpha]_D$ Specific rotation at sodium D-line

bp Boiling point

br Broad

BuOH Butanol

¹³C Carbon-13

d Doublet

dd Doublet of doublet

ddd Doublet of doublet of doublet

DEPT Distortionless Enhancement by Polarization Transfer

DMSO Dimethylsulfoxide

EtOAc Ethyl acetate
eV Electron volt

FTIR Fourier Transform Infra-Red

GC-MS Gas Chromatography-Mass Spectrometry

¹H Proton

gHMBC Gradient Heteronuclear Multiple Bond Correlation

gHSQC Gradient Heteronuclear Single-Quantum Coherence

gCOSY Gradient Correlation Spectroscopy

HREIMS High Resolution Electron Impact Mass Spectrum

EIMS Electron Impact Mass Spectrum

ESIMS Electro-Spray Ionization Mass Spectrum

Hz Hertz

IR Infrared

J Coupling in Hz

Lit. Literature

m Multiplet

m/z Mass per charge

MeOH Methanol

MHz MegaHertz

m.p. Melting point