



UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

***STRUCTURAL AND ELECTROCHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF
NICKELCOBALT OXIDE/ACTIVATED CARBON FOR
SUPERCAPACITOR APPLICATION***

CHANG SOOK KENG

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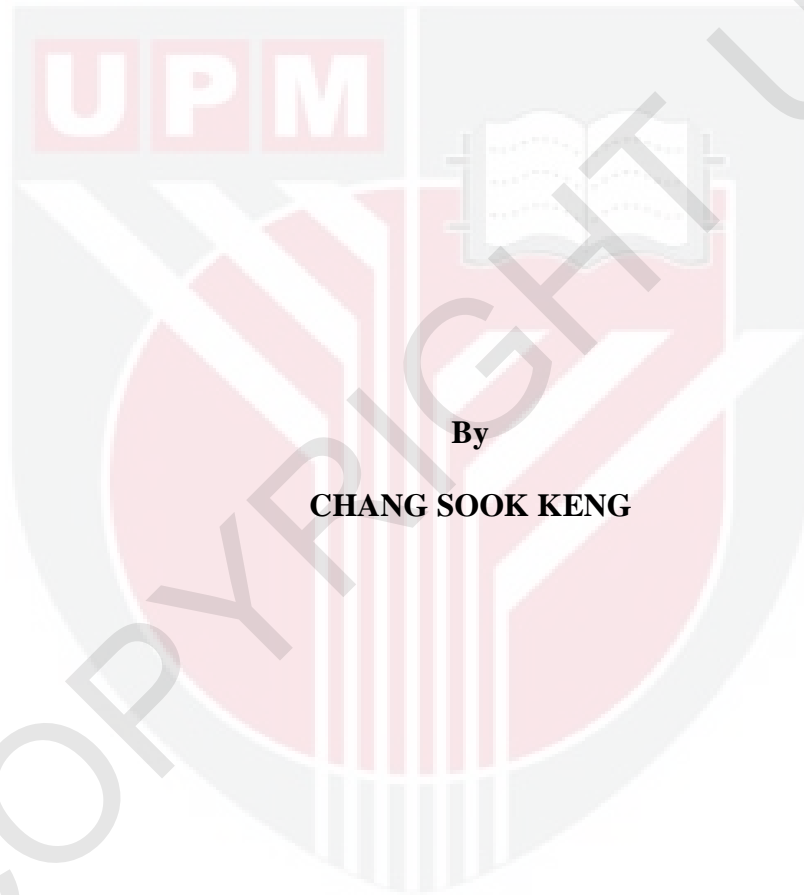


CHANG SOOK KENG

**DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY
UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA**

2012

**STRUCTURAL AND ELECTROCHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF NICKEL-
COBALT OXIDE/ACTIVATED CARBON FOR
SUPERCAPACITOR APPLICATION**



By

CHANG SOOK KENG

**Thesis Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies, Universiti Putra Malaysia,
in Fulfilment of the Requirement for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy**

December 2012

*Dedicated with much respect and gratefulness
to
my mentors,
who sparked me with inspiring thoughts and undivided guidance,
to
my parents and brothers,
who showered me with their loving help, patience, understanding and support,
to
my loved one,
for his time, sacrifice and fascinating ideas that always be my great source of
illumination*



Abstract of thesis presented to the Senate of Universiti Putra Malaysia in fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

STRUCTURAL AND ELECTROCHEMICAL PROPERTIES OF NICKEL-COBALT OXIDE/ACTIVATED CARBON FOR SUPERCAPACITOR APPLICATION

By

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December 2012

Chairman: Professor Zulkarnain Zainal, PhD

Faculty: Science

Co-precipitation method was adopted in the preparation of nickel-cobalt oxides for potential application in supercapacitors. The formation of spinel nickel-cobalt oxide, NiCo_2O_4 prepared by oxalate co-precipitation started below $400\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ as confirmed by X-ray diffraction (XRD) analysis. Single phase nickel-cobalt oxide with cation ratio of 1:2 (Ni:Co) was obtained at calcination temperature of $400\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The spinel phase decomposed gradually until $700\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. The calcination time for the formation of NiCo_2O_4 was found to be between 2 to 4 hours. The particle size of the prepared sample studied by transmission electron microscopy (TEM) showed a value of 9.5 nm. Investigation on the compositional effect of NiCo_2O_4 revealed that the crystallinity of the synthesized oxides improved with the increment of Ni content. The entire range of Ni:Co compositions at $400\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ and $700\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ were investigated with respect to the formation of phases, lattice parameter and crystallite size. Nickel-cobalt oxide series was prepared through solid-state route as well. However, NiCo_2O_4 co-existed with NiO in this method preparation. Moreover, solid-state route produced metal oxides with larger crystallite

size than co-precipitation method. Therefore, co-precipitation served as a better method in synthesizing pure phase nanostructured NiCo_2O_4 compared to solid-state technique. The electrochemical properties of NiCo_2O_4 were measured in various acidic, neutral and alkaline electrolyte systems (1.0 M HCl, 1.0 M KCl and 1.0 M KOH) by employment of cyclic voltammetry (CV), galvanostatic charge-discharge test and electrochemical impedance spectroscopy (EIS). Ideal capacitor behaviour with the largest operating voltage of 1.0 V and good electrochemical stability were observed in NiCo_2O_4 using neutral KCl aqueous electrolyte. Meanwhile, the prepared sample displayed the highest surface redox activity in 1.0 M KOH alkaline electrolyte but showed the lowest electrochemical performance in acidic electrolyte.

Single phase NiCo_2O_4 and $\text{NiMn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{1.5}\text{O}_4$ spinel powders have been synthesized by hydroxide co-precipitation method, and the effects of Mn substitution for Co have been studied. Electrodes of both materials exhibit nearly ideal electrochemical capacitor behaviour in neutral electrolyte solution (1.0 M KCl). Mn substitution greatly enhanced the specific capacitance of the spinel, giving a value of approximate 110 F g^{-1} due to the facile charge-transfer characteristic of the Mn ions, as revealed by in-situ X-ray absorption near-edge structure analysis.

Nickel-cobalt oxide/activated carbon composite was synthesised by adapting oxalate co-precipitation synthesis protocol followed by heat treatment under an open air atmosphere. X-ray diffraction analysis confirmed that nickel-cobalt oxide spinel phase was maintained in the pure and composite phases while transmission electron

microscopy revealed the nanostructured synthesis of nickel-cobalt oxide/activated carbon composite. The specific capacitance which was the sum of double-layer capacitance of the activated carbon and pseudocapacitance of the metal oxide increased with the composition of nickel-cobalt oxide before showing a decrement for heavily loaded electrodes. Utilisation of nickel-cobalt oxide component in the composite with 50 wt. % loading displayed a capacitance value of $\sim 59 \text{ F g}^{-1}$ in 1.0 M KCl. The prepared composite electrodes had good electrochemical stability upon cycling with tolerable variation in specific capacitance with increasing charge-discharge cycles.

Abstrak tesis yang dikemukakan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia
sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk ijazah Doktor Falsafah

**STRUKTUR DAN SIFAT-SIFAT ELEKTROKIMIA NIKEL-
KOBALT OKSIDA/KARBON TERAKTIF UNTUK
APPLIKASI SUPERKAPASITOR**

Oleh

CHANG SOOK KENG

Disember 2012

Pengerusi: Profesor Zulkarnain Zainal, PhD

Fakulti: Sains

Kaedah ko-pemendakan telah digunakan bagi penyediaan nikel-kobalt oksida dalam aplikasi yang berpotensi seperti superkapasitor. Pembentukan spinel nikel-kobalt oksida, NiCo_2O_4 yang disediakan melalui ko-pemendakan oxalat bermula pada suhu di bawah $400\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ seperti yang disahkan oleh analisis pembelauan sinar-X (XRD). Fasa tunggal nikel-kobalt oksida dengan nisbah kation 1:2 (Ni:Co) diperolehi pada suhu pemanasan $400\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Fasa spinel mengurai secara beransur-ansur sehingga $700\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$. Masa pemanasan untuk pembentukan NiCo_2O_4 adalah di antara 2 hingga 4 jam. Saiz partikel untuk sampel yang disediakan telah dikaji dengan menggunakan mikroskopi transmisi electron (TEM) yang memberikan nilai sebanyak 9.5 nm. Pengajian kesan komposisi atas NiCo_2O_4 mendedahkan peningkatan kehabluran oksida dengan penambahan kandungan Ni. Keseluruhan rangkaian komposisi Ni:Co pada $400\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ dan $700\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ yang dikaji adalah berkenaan dengan pembentukan fasa, parameter kekisi dan saiz hablur. Siri nikel-kobalt oksida juga disediakan melalui cara keadaan pepejal. Walau bagaimanapun, NiCo_2O_4 wujud bersama NiO dalam cara penyediaan ini. Tambahan

pula, cara penyediaan keadaan pepejal telah menghasilkan oksida logam dengan saiz hablur yang lebih besar berbanding ko-pemendakan. Oleh itu, ko-pemendakan merupakan cara yang lebih baik bagi sintesis fasa tulen NiCo_2O_4 yang bersaiz nano daripada teknik keadaan pepejal. Sifat-sifat elektrokimia NiCo_2O_4 dianalisis dalam pelbagai sistem elektrolit seperti asid, neutral dan alkali (1.0 M HCl, 1.0 M KCl dan 1.0 M KOH) melalui kitaran voltammetri (CV), ujian cas-nyahcas galvanostatik dan spektroskopi impedans elektrokimia (EIS). Kapasitor yang bersifat unggul ditunjukkan oleh NiCo_2O_4 dalam elektrolit akueus KCl dengan voltan operasi yang terluas sebanyak 1.0 V dan mempamerkan kestabilan elektrokimia. Sementara itu, sampel yang disediakan memaparkan aktiviti redoks yang tertinggi dalam elektrolit berkali 1.0 M KOH tetapi menunjukkan prestasi elektrokimia yang terendah dalam elektrolit yang berasid.

Fasa tunggal serbuk spinel NiCo_2O_4 and $\text{NiMn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{1.5}\text{O}_4$ telah disediakan dengan cara ko-pemendakan hidroksida dan kesan penggantian Mn ke atas Co juga telah dikaji. Elektrod daripada kedua-dua bahan itu memberikan sifat kapasitor elektrokimia yang hampir unggul dalam larutan elektrolit neutral (1.0 M KCl). Penggantian Mn telah mempertingkatkan kekuatan khusus spinel tersebut dengan memberikan nilai anggaran sebanyak 110 F g^{-1} disebabkan ciri-ciri cas pemindahan ion Mn yang sempurna seperti yang ditunjukkan dalam analisis in-situ sinar-X penyerapan struktur.

Komposit nikel-kobalt oksida/karbon teraktif telah disintesis melalui ko-pemendakan oxalat diikuti dengan rawatan haba di bawah atmosfera udara. Analisis pembelauan

sinar-X mengesahkan bahawa fasa spinel nikel-kobalt oksida dapat dikekalkan dalam fasa tulen dan komposit manakala mikroskopi transmisi elektron membuktikan sintesis komposit nikel-kobalt oksida/karbon teraktif dalam unit nanometer. Kemuatan khusus yang merupakan jumlah kemuatan dua-lapisan karbon teraktif dan pseudo-kemuatan oksida logam telah menunjukkan peningkatan dengan komposisi nikel-kobalt oksida sebelum mempamerkan penyusutan dalam elektrod yang telah sarat dimuatkan. Penggunaan komponen nikel-kobalt oksida dalam 50 wt. % muatan komposit memaparkan nilai kemuatan $\sim 59 \text{ F g}^{-1}$ dalam 1.0 M KCl. Elektrod komposit yang disediakan mempunyai kestabilan elektrokimia yang baik di mana perubahan kemuatan khusus adalah tidak ketara walaupun bilangan kitaran cas-nyahcas diperbanyakkan.

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I certify that a Thesis Examination Committee has met on 21 December 2012 to conduct the final examination of Chang Sook Keng on her thesis entitled “Structural and Electrochemical Properties of Nickel-Cobalt Oxide/Activated Carbon for Supercapacitor Application” in accordance with the Universities and University College Act 1971 and the Constitution of the Universiti Putra Malaysia [P.U.(A) 106] 15 March 1998. The Committee recommends that the student be awarded the Doctor of Philosophy.

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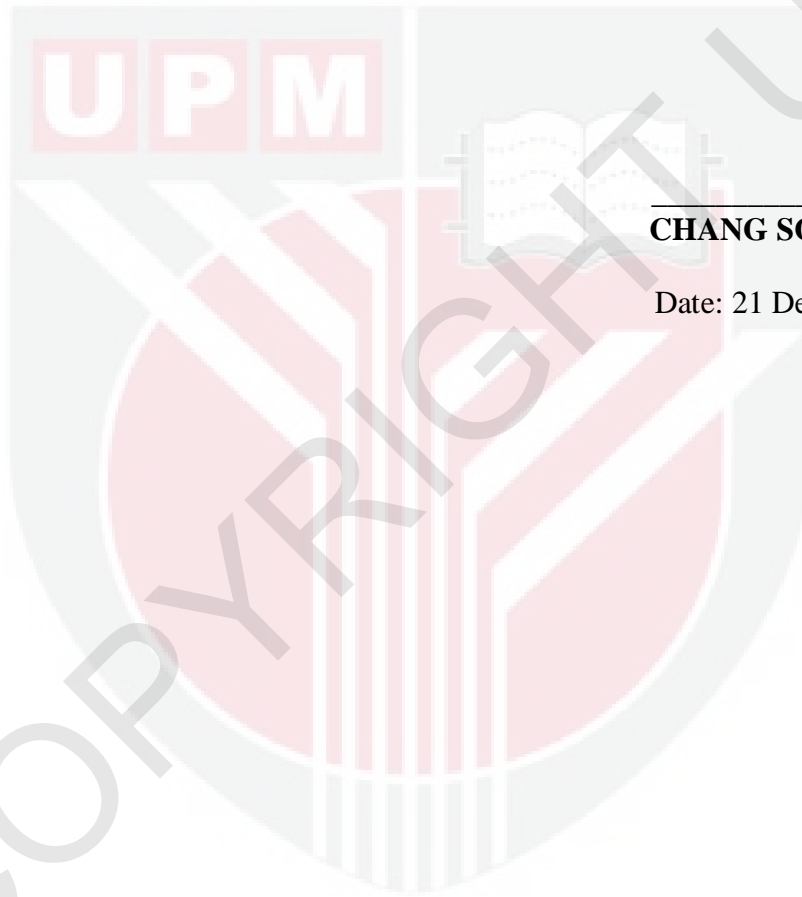
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DECLARATION

I declare that the thesis is my original work except for quotations and citations which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously, and is not concurrently, submitted for any other degree at Universiti Putra Malaysia or at any other institution.



CHANG SOOK KENG

Date: 21 December 2012

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

ac	alternating current
AC	Activated Carbon
SC	Specific Capacitance
CNT	Carbon Nanotube
Co ₃ O ₄	Cobalt Oxide
CV	Cyclic Voltammetry
dc	direct current
DSC	Differential Scanning Calorimetry
EDS	Energy Dispersive Spectroscopy
EIS	Electrochemical Impedance Spectroscopy
ESR	Equivalent Circuit Resistance
FESEM	Field Emission Scanning Electron Microscopy
HCl	Hydrochloric Acid
IHP	Inner Helmholtz Plane
KCl	Potassium Chloride
KOH	Potassium Hydroxide
Mn	Manganese
NMP	N-methyl-2-pyrrolidone
NiCo ₂ O ₄	Nickel-Cobalt Oxide
NiCo ₂ O ₄ /AC	Nickel-Cobalt Oxide/Activated Carbon
NiMn _{0.5} Co _{1.5} O ₄	Manganese Substituted Nickel-Cobalt Oxide

NiO	Nickel Oxide
OHP	Outer Helmholtz Plane
PTFE	Polytetrafluoroethylene
PVdF	Poly(vinylidene fluoride)
R_s	Cell-electrolyte Resistance
R_{ct}	Charge-transfer Resistance
SE	Specific Energy
SP	Specific Power
TEM	Transmission Electron Microscopy
TGA	Thermogravimetry
Ti	Titanium
XANES	X-ray Absorption Near-Edge Structure
XRD	X-ray Diffraction



CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Energy Storage and Conversion Systems

Depletion of fossil fuels has prompted the alarming situation in search for alternative energy storage and conversion systems. Moreover, the escalating power demand in worldwide nowadays, has ensured a lot of emphasis been placed on the development of devices with high power, high energy as well as robust in withstanding hundreds of thousands of charge/discharge cycles without degrading. Therefore, supercapacitor which is also referred to as 'electrochemical capacitor (EC)', 'double-layer capacitor' or 'ultracapacitor' is considered as an innovative technology due to its uniqueness that fills the gap between batteries and capacitors. This device possesses remarkable characteristics and is efficient and capable to combine the energy properties of batteries and the power discharge characteristics of capacitors.

There are three basic types of capacitors namely electrostatic, electrolytic and electrochemical capacitors. The charge storage system in electrostatic capacitors is through physical reaction and they possess the lowest energy density compared to the other two types of capacitors. Electrolytic capacitors involve the growth of insulator on a rough metal surface like etched aluminium and this type of capacitor has >10 times higher energy density than electrostatic capacitors. The formation of 'double-layer' at the electrode/electrolyte interface in electrochemical capacitors ensures impressive capacitance and energy performance are achieved (100 times greater than electrolytic capacitors) (Miller, 2009).

Electrochemical capacitors can be categorized into two groups namely double-layer capacitors and pseudocapacitors. Electrical energy storage in the former occurs at the phase boundary between an electrode (electronic conductor) and the electrolyte solution (liquid ionic conductor) (Kurzweil, 2009a) with no involvement of charge transfer. Moreover, the current generated in this type of capacitor is merely a displacement current due to charge rearrangement or better known as ideally polarized electrode (Shukla *et al.*, 2000). Fast faradaic redox reactions caused by redox-active species involving metal oxides and conducting polymers are responsible in the potential determining charge transfer reaction that induces the charge storage mechanism of pseudocapacitors (Kurzweil, 2009b).

1.2 The Supercapacitor Industry

Supercapacitors have a wide range of applications not only in electronics but in automobiles as well. These devices are designed with various capacitance values to cater for different industrial requirements. Electronics applications such as cell phones and digital cameras, medical devices and uninterruptible power supplies depend on supercapacitors ranging from 1 F to 150 F. Meanwhile, power back-up in industrial and Telecom based station, and renewable energy systems require supercapacitors with the capacitance value ranging from 300 F to 350 F. Higher capacitance supercapacitors (650 F to 3000 F) are designed for automotive subsystems, hybrid drive trains, rail system power, heavy transportation and many other applications. Besides, this technology has overcome the environmental issue whereby discarded batteries that may cause serious disposal waste are controllable. Moreover, the market interests in

supercapacitors are expected to grow due to their greater power and longer shelf life that may lead to greener environment. An impressive sales rate of this energy storage device in the last 5-10 years (~ 1 billion units in 2005 with total sales revenue of around \$195 millions) has gained worldwide recognition on the promising capability of this device in the domination of the capacitor industry over the years (Burke, 2009).

1.3 Ways for Enhancement of Supercapacitors

At the present time, worldwide research and development focuses on enhancing the performance and ensuring the cost reduction of electrochemical capacitors. However, the crucial importance is to maintain the power capability, fulfilling the cycle life requirements as well as to increase the capacitance and energy density performance. Various ways have been developed to achieve these criteria such as mixing the metal oxides to become binary or ternary oxides, compositing the metal oxides with carbonaceous materials like activated carbons, fibers, aerogels, xerogels, fullerenes or nanostructures, as well as incorporation of the metal oxides with conducting polymers. Adopting nanotechnology in optimizing the microstructure of the electroactive materials in the electrodes has become a notable issue as the charge storage system in pseudocapacitors involve the first few nanometers from the surface (Simon and Gogotsi, 2008; Serrano *et al.*, 2009). Moreover, active material with smaller particle size may contribute to higher capacitive performance due to the larger contact area between the electrode/electrolyte in nanostructured oxides. Greater power delivery and better cycling stability can be achieved as well (Rajeswari *et al.*, 2009). Undoubtedly, nanodimensional materials possess high electrical conductivity that makes them as

promising energy storage systems in the current situation whereby energy demand is expanding (Wallace *et al.*, 2009). Therefore, much research effort has been poured into developing effective methods in the preparation of nanostructured metal oxides and hydroxides in various forms like nanoparticles, nanofibers, nanorods, nanowires, nanotubes, nanosheets and so on. Approaches that have been attempted by researchers are precipitation (Wang *et al.*, 2011a; Chen *et al.*, 2009e), solvothermal (Qing *et al.*, 2011), hydrothermal (Shakir *et al.*, 2010; Tang *et al.*, 2009a), sol-gel (Wang *et al.*, 2007b), room-temperature solid-reaction route (Gong and Liu, 2011), chemical bath deposition (Yuan *et al.*, 2011; Dubal *et al.*, 2010), anodization (Xie *et al.*, 2011), electrochemical deposition (Wu *et al.*, 2011b; Hu *et al.*, 2006), lithographically patterned nanowire electrodeposition (LPNE) (Yan *et al.*, 2011), electrospinning (Le Viet *et al.*, 2011) and others.

1.4 Synthesis of Spinel Nickel-Cobalt Oxide and Nickel-Cobalt Oxide/Activated Carbon Composite

Besides, researchers have developed different preparative methods in synthesizing binary nickel-cobalt oxide systems not only in nanosized but in micron sized particles as well to be utilised as electrocatalyst for oxygen evolution reaction in electrolysis of alkaline water (Wu *et al.*, 2004b; Chi *et al.*, 2004; Castro *et al.*, 2004; Rashkova *et al.*, 2002; Hu *et al.*, 1997; Singh *et al.*, 1991; Gennero de Chialvo and Chialvo, 1991; Singh *et al.*, 1990; Haenen *et al.*, 1986; Mehandjiev *et al.*, 1985; Hibbert and Churchill, 1984; Davidson *et al.*, 1982; Rasiyah *et al.*, 1982), anode electrode to oxidise alcohols and benzyl chloride (Vijayarathi *et al.*, 2007), application in molten carbonate fuel cells (Durairajan *et al.*, 2002; Fukui *et al.*, 2001), counter electrode within an electrochromic

device (ECD) (Monk and Ayub, 1997), anode material for sodium-ion batteries (Alcántara *et al.*, 2002), electrochemical capacitors (Wu *et al.*, 2011d; Salunkhe *et al.*, 2011; Wei *et al.*, 2010) and others. This binary oxide can be synthesized via coprecipitation (Tharayil *et al.*, 2007; Bo *et al.*, 2004; Lapham and Tseung, 2004), thermal decomposition (Lapham and Tseung, 2004; Marco *et al.*, 2001; Marco *et al.*, 2000; Kim *et al.*, 2000; Hu *et al.*, 1997), sol-gel (Wu *et al.*, 2011d; Wei *et al.*, 2010; Serebrennikova and Birss, 2001; Kim *et al.*, 2000; Marco *et al.*, 2000), hydrothermal (Zheng *et al.*, 2009c), chemical bath deposition (Salunkhe *et al.*, 2011), electrochemical deposition (Gupta *et al.*, 2009; Castro *et al.*, 2004; Wu *et al.*, 2004b; Hu and Cheng, 2002), electrophoretic deposition (Cui *et al.*, 2008), sputter deposition (Owings *et al.*, 2005), electrospinning (Guan *et al.*, 2004), combustion (Verma *et al.*, 2008), spray pyrolysis (Azurdia *et al.*, 2008; Lapham and Tseung, 2004), cryochemical (Lapham and Tseung, 2004) and so on.

However, cobaltite system with spinel structure has been the subject of intense research due to its established applications in electrochemistry. It is known that its fundamental and physicochemical properties are dependent on the methods of preparation, composition of oxides and temperatures of thermal decomposition. When the size of cobaltite nanoparticles is reduced to the nanometer range, some of their properties can be different compared to samples in micron range. It is believed that by mixing two or more individual oxides together will lead to synergistic effects that may help in the enhancement of the performance of the synthesized materials. This helps to densify the prepared oxides with lower sintering temperature as well as to enhance the grain growth

(Brito *et al.*, 2010). Researchers have given a considerable attention in synthesizing cobaltite system by exploring the precursors used, preparation methods, processing control and firing temperatures (Swathi and Buvanewari, 2008; Lapham and Tseung, 2004; De Faria *et al.*, 1998; Roginskaya *et al.*, 1997; Tareen *et al.*, 1984).

Nickel-cobalt oxide, NiCo_2O_4 is one of the promising metal oxides in the family of cobaltite materials which has a spinel structure AB_2O_4 , with the nickel ions reside at A-sites and cobalt ions at B-sites. The spinel structure has received much attention by numerous researchers as more than 30 ions with radii ranging from 0.5 to 1.0 Å can be incorporated in the spinel-like phases (Rao and Raveau, 1998). The metallic ions occupy one-eighth of the tetrahedral interstices and half of the octahedral interstices in this cubic structure ($a \approx 8 \text{ \AA}$). In our study, NiCo_2O_4 either with or without Mn substitution for Co was synthesized via a precipitation route. Synthesizing a compound either in the form of binary or ternary oxides without any traces of impurities is proven to be more challenging and feasible to be applied in electrochemical capacitor application compared to mixed oxides as the size and morphology of these compounds are controllable. Thermal treatment of co-precipitated precursors is proven to be the most promising method in preparing cobaltite spinels (Klissurki and Uzunova, 1994). The method is simple, cost effective, of low temperature and yet capable of producing homogeneous nanoparticles with controllable composition (Santhanam and Rambabu, 2010; Sharma *et al.*, 2009; Huber *et al.*, 2008; Cui *et al.*, 2008; Bo *et al.*, 2004; Pradhan *et al.*, 2001). Moreover, this method has the capability to synthesize nanostructured materials (Cui *et al.*, 2008; Kulkarni, 2007) that are chemically stable over a long period

of time frame (Kulkarni, 2007). Besides, we also investigated on the synthesis of nickel-cobalt oxide/activated carbon ($\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4/\text{AC}$) composite system via co-precipitation method in which activated carbon was used as support matrix to facilitate electrolyte penetration into the bulk film as well as for the improvement in electrochemical capacitance performance. Combination of pseudocapacitance from NiCo_2O_4 and electrochemical double-layer capacitance from activated carbon was proven to complement each other to overcome any unfavourable properties or drawback portrayed by these two systems.

1.5 Towards the Green Era

Supercapacitors are gaining huge attention as they are known as green technology. Designing electrode materials that can meet the present power demands with suitable electrolytes and less hazardous have become a global concern. The capability of organic electrolytes to withstand large potential window are overshadowed by their volatile, highly flammable and toxic properties. Although aqueous electrolytes have the disadvantage of water decomposition, they are relatively less harmful to the environment. However, concentrated acids and bases can be corrosive and deleterious as well. Thus, use of inert electrolytes derived from salts will be a desirable way in the development of supercapacitors with the hope of optimizing the electrochemical performance while conserving the nature.

1.6 Objectives

Several scopes were being highlighted in order to have a better understanding of the whole study. Experimental works have been planned accordingly in ensuring a smooth conduct towards the completion of the research. Therefore, the objectives of this study are listed as below:

1. To prepare nickel-cobalt oxides (NiCo_2O_4) via oxalate co-precipitation, hydroxide co-precipitation and solid-state routes.
2. To synthesize nickel-cobalt oxide/activated carbon ($\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4/\text{AC}$) composites via oxalate co-precipitation.
3. To investigate on the electrochemical properties of manganese ion substituted into nickel-cobalt oxide ($\text{NiMn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{1.5}\text{O}_4$) by hydroxide co-precipitation method.
4. To study physico-chemical properties of NiCo_2O_4 , $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4/\text{AC}$ and $\text{NiMn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{1.5}\text{O}_4$.
5. To determine the double-layer behaviour of NiCo_2O_4 , $\text{NiCo}_2\text{O}_4/\text{AC}$ and $\text{NiMn}_{0.5}\text{Co}_{1.5}\text{O}_4$ electrodes from cyclic voltammetry.
6. To obtain values of specific capacitance, power density and energy density from galvanostatic charge-discharge tests.
7. To evaluate the electrochemical stability and reversibility of the systems through cycle stability tests.
8. To deduce frequency dependent capacitance from electrochemical impedance spectroscopy.

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BIODATA OF STUDENT

Chang Sook Keng was born and bred in Ipoh, Perak. She is the eldest in the family and has two younger brothers. After receiving her primary and secondary education from Main Convent Ipoh, she left her alma mater for Saint Michael's Institution Ipoh to attend her Form Six education. Then, she was enrolled in Universiti Putra Malaysia and obtained her first degree in Bachelor of Science (Hons) Industrial Chemistry in 2004. Upon her graduation, she pursued her Master of Science in Materials Chemistry in the same university and graduated in 2007. Later on, she furthered to her third degree in the same field in Universiti Putra Malaysia as well.

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