

(E)-4-(Benzyloxy)benzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone

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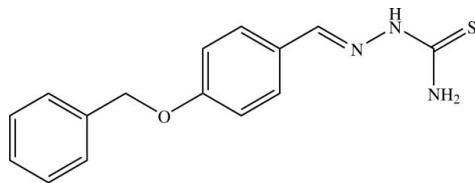
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Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 100$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.002$ Å; R factor = 0.036; wR factor = 0.097; data-to-parameter ratio = 20.6.

In the title compound, $\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$, the thiosemicarbazone group adopts an *E* configuration with respect to the $\text{C}=\text{N}$ bond. The benzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone fragment is almost planar [maximum deviation = 0.012 (1) Å], while the dihedral angle between the benzyloxy and phenyl rings is 72.48 (5)°. In the crystal structure, molecules are interconnected by $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{N}$ and $\text{N}-\text{H}\cdots\text{S}$ hydrogen bonds, forming a two-dimensional network parallel to the *bc* plane and are further stacked along the *a* axis by $\pi-\pi$ interactions [centroid-centroid separation 3.9043 (7) Å]. The crystal structure is also stabilized by $\text{C}-\text{H}\cdots\pi$ interactions.

Related literature

For hydrogen-bond motifs, see: Bernstein *et al.* (1995). For bond-length data, see: Allen *et al.* (1987). For related structures of thiosemicarbazones, see, for example: John *et al.* (2003); Joseph *et al.* (2004). For applications and bioactivities of thiosemicarbazones, see, for example: Al-Awadi *et al.* (2008); Amoedo *et al.* (2006); Chandra *et al.*, (2001); Demertzi *et al.* (2007); Kizilcikli *et al.* (2004); Mirsha *et al.* (2006); Offiong & Martelli (1997); Sing *et al.* (2001).



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Experimental

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$
 $M_r = 285.37$
Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$
 $a = 11.0269$ (1) Å
 $b = 12.6668$ (2) Å
 $c = 10.8774$ (1) Å
 $\beta = 116.099$ (1)°
 $V = 1364.39$ (3) Å³
 $Z = 4$
Mo $K\alpha$ radiation
 $\mu = 0.24$ mm⁻¹
 $T = 100.0$ (1) K
 $0.42 \times 0.31 \times 0.23$ mm

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX2 CCD area-detector diffractometer
Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)
 $T_{\text{min}} = 0.792$, $T_{\text{max}} = 0.947$
20710 measured reflections
3983 independent reflections
3517 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.096$
 $S = 1.03$
3983 reflections
193 parameters
H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.48$ e Å⁻³
 $\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.18$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Hydrogen-bond geometry (Å, °).

$D-\text{H}\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}$	$\text{H}\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-\text{H}\cdots A$
$\text{N2}-\text{H1N2}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{i}}$	0.880 (16)	2.467 (16)	3.3403 (10)	171.9 (14)
$\text{N3}-\text{H1N3}\cdots\text{N1}$	0.895 (19)	2.229 (18)	2.6104 (16)	105.2 (13)
$\text{N3}-\text{H1N3}\cdots\text{S1}^{\text{ii}}$	0.895 (19)	2.815 (17)	3.5285 (11)	137.7 (14)
$\text{C10}-\text{H10A}\cdots\text{Cg1}^{\text{iii}}$	0.93	2.97	3.8325 (13)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z + 2$; (ii) $x, -y + \frac{1}{2}, z - \frac{1}{2}$; (iii) $-x + 1, -y, -z + 1$. Cg1 is the centroid of the the C1-C6 ring.

Data collection: APEX2 (Bruker, 2005); cell refinement: APEX2; data reduction: SAINT (Bruker, 2005); program(s) used to solve structure: SHELXTL (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: SHELXTL; molecular graphics: SHELXTL; software used to prepare material for publication: SHELXTL and PLATON (Spek, 2003).

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Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: SJ2492).

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supplementary materials

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(*E*)-4-(Benzyloxy)benzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone

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Comment

The chemistry of thiosemicarbazones have been of immense interest because these compounds provide intriguing chelating patterns, profound biomedical properties, structural diversity and ion-sensing abilities (Al-Awadi *et al.*, 2008; Amoedo *et al.*, 2006; Demertzi *et al.*, 2007; Mirsha *et al.*, 2006; Kizilcikli *et al.*, 2004). Compounds of this type have been used as antibacterial, antifungal and antitumor agents (Sing *et al.*, 2001; Offiong *et al.*, 1997). Due to their long chain structure, they are very flexible and form linkages with a variety of metal ions (Chandra *et al.*, 2001). It was advocated that their flexibility and bioactivity arise because of the presence of the imino group ($-\text{N}=\text{CH}-$) in addition to thioamino moieties present in the skeleton of the molecule. The title thiosemicarbazone derivative (I) was synthesized and its crystal structure is reported here. (I) is likely to have biomedical properties similar to other nitrogen-sulfur donor ligands studied by our group.

In the title compound (Fig. 1), the thiosemicarbazone adopts an *E* conformation with a *trans* configuration observed about the C=N bond. The benzaldehydethiosemicarbazone fragment is almost planar, maximum deviation 0.012 (1) Å, with the dihedral angle between the hydrazinecarbothioamide unit (S1/N1/N2/N3/C15) and the C8–C13 phenyl ring being 6.59 (5)°. The orientation of the 4-benzyloxy group is indicated by the dihedral angle between the 4-benzyloxy and the C8–C13 phenyl rings being 72.48 (5)° and the torsion angle C8–O1–C7–C6 of 165.49 (9)°. The C15=S1 and C15–N2 bond distances are typical of a C/db S double bond and a C–N single bond, respectively. The bond lengths and angles in (I) are within normal ranges (Allen *et al.*, 1987) and show similar trends to those of previously reported thiosemicarbazones (John *et al.*, 2003; Joseph *et al.*, 2004). An intramolecular N3–H1N3···N1 hydrogen bond forms a five-membered N3–H1N3–N1–N2–C15 ring, producing an S(5) ring motif (Bernstein *et al.*, 1995).

In the crystal packing (Fig. 2), molecules are interconnected by N–H···N and N–H···S hydrogen bonds (Table 1) into a two-dimensional network parallel to the *bc* plane and are further stacked along the *a*-axis by $\pi\cdots\pi$ interactions with the distances of $Cg_1\cdots Cg_2 = 3.9043$ (7) Å: symmetry code $x, 1/2 - y, -1/2 + z$; Cg_1 and Cg_2 are the centroids of the C1–C6 and C8–C13 phenyl rings, respectively. The crystal also stabilized by C–H··· π interactions (Table 1) involving the C1–C6 phenyl ring (centroid Cg_1).

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized by adding a solution of 4-benzyloxybenzaldehyde (2.12 g, 10 mmol) in ethanol (30 ml) to a hot solution of thiosemicarbazide (0.91 g, 10 mmol) in ethanol (100 ml). The mixture was refluxed for 2 hrs and subsequently cooled to room temperature. The light yellow precipitate of the title compound was separated by filtration, washed with ethanol and dried *in vacuo* over anhydrous CaCl₂. (Yield: 1.75 g, 61%), and was then dissolved in chloroform (0.11 g in 50 ml) and allowed to stand at room temperature (288–293 K) for 20 days. Yellow single crystals of the title compound were obtained after recrystallization from a solution of chloroform/toluene (30:7 v/v) after 12 days at room temperature, *M.p* 446 K.

Refinement

H atoms bound to N atoms were located from a difference Fourier map and refined freely with isotropic displacement parameters. The remaining H atoms were positioned geometrically and allowed to ride on their parent atoms, with $d(\text{C—H}) = 0.93 \text{ \AA}$, for aromatic, 0.97 \AA , for CH_2 and $U_{\text{iso}} = 1.2U_{\text{eq}}(\text{C})$. The highest residual electron density peak is located at 0.69 \AA from C8 and the deepest hole is located at 1.19 \AA from C12.

Figures

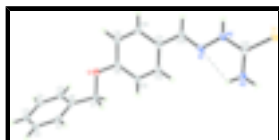


Fig. 1. The asymmetric unit of the title compound, showing 50% probability displacement ellipsoids and the atomic numbering. The N—H...N intramolecular hydrogen bond is shown as dashed line.

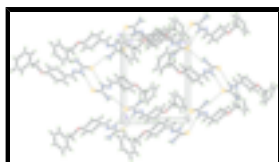


Fig. 2. The crystal packing of the title compound, viewed along the a axis, showing two-dimensional network parallel to the bc plane. Hydrogen bonds are shown as dashed lines.

(E)-4-(Benzyloxy)benzaldehyde thiosemicarbazone

Crystal data

$\text{C}_{15}\text{H}_{15}\text{N}_3\text{OS}$

$M_r = 285.37$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/c$

Hall symbol: $-P\ 2ybc$

$a = 11.0269 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 12.6668 (2) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 10.8774 (1) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 116.099 (1)^\circ$

$V = 1364.39 (3) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 4$

$F_{000} = 600$

$D_x = 1.389 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Melting point: 446 K

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 3983 reflections

$\theta = 2.1\text{--}30.0^\circ$

$\mu = 0.24 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100.0 (1) \text{ K}$

Block, colorless

$0.42 \times 0.31 \times 0.23 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker SMART APEX2 CCD area-detector diffractometer

Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube

Monochromator: graphite

Detector resolution: $8.33 \text{ pixels mm}^{-1}$

$T = 100.0(1) \text{ K}$

ω scans

Absorption correction: multi-scan (SADABS; Bruker, 2005)

3983 independent reflections

3517 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.027$

$\theta_{\text{max}} = 30.0^\circ$

$\theta_{\text{min}} = 2.1^\circ$

$h = -15 \rightarrow 14$

$k = -17 \rightarrow 17$

$T_{\min} = 0.792$, $T_{\max} = 0.947$
20710 measured reflections

$l = -15 \rightarrow 14$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2	Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier map
Least-squares matrix: full	Hydrogen site location: inferred from neighbouring sites
$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.035$	H atoms treated by a mixture of independent and constrained refinement
$wR(F^2) = 0.096$	$w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0529P)^2 + 0.4873P]$
$S = 1.04$	where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
3983 reflections	$(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
193 parameters	$\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.48 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
Primary atom site location: structure-invariant direct methods	$\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.18 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
	Extinction correction: none

Special details

Experimental. The low-temperature data was collected with the Oxford Cyrosystem Cobra low-temperature attachment.

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) *etc.* and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	x	y	z	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$
S1	-0.13297 (3)	0.13427 (2)	0.97645 (3)	0.01819 (8)
O1	0.32553 (8)	0.07638 (6)	0.33345 (8)	0.01820 (17)
N1	0.04289 (10)	0.10009 (8)	0.73443 (9)	0.01734 (18)
N2	0.00675 (10)	0.08433 (8)	0.83961 (9)	0.01797 (19)
N3	-0.13647 (10)	0.22436 (8)	0.75438 (10)	0.01930 (19)
C1	0.44624 (11)	0.26954 (9)	0.20175 (11)	0.0185 (2)
H1A	0.4399	0.3177	0.2632	0.022*
C2	0.53207 (12)	0.29079 (9)	0.14214 (11)	0.0190 (2)
H2A	0.5835	0.3522	0.1645	0.023*
C3	0.54055 (12)	0.21970 (9)	0.04895 (11)	0.0196 (2)
H3A	0.5973	0.2334	0.0081	0.024*
C4	0.46359 (13)	0.12808 (9)	0.01727 (12)	0.0214 (2)
H4A	0.4685	0.0808	-0.0458	0.026*
C5	0.37939 (12)	0.10629 (9)	0.07858 (11)	0.0206 (2)

supplementary materials

H5A	0.3295	0.0441	0.0577	0.025*
C6	0.36955 (11)	0.17766 (9)	0.17140 (11)	0.0174 (2)
C7	0.27374 (12)	0.16007 (10)	0.23367 (11)	0.0203 (2)
H7A	0.2647	0.2244	0.2774	0.024*
H7B	0.1853	0.1410	0.1630	0.024*
C8	0.26799 (11)	0.06651 (8)	0.42162 (10)	0.0158 (2)
C9	0.32639 (11)	-0.00843 (9)	0.52540 (11)	0.0178 (2)
H9A	0.3968	-0.0507	0.5288	0.021*
C10	0.27868 (12)	-0.01940 (9)	0.62342 (11)	0.0177 (2)
H10A	0.3173	-0.0696	0.6922	0.021*
C11	0.17333 (11)	0.04386 (8)	0.62022 (10)	0.0160 (2)
C12	0.11361 (11)	0.11615 (9)	0.51313 (11)	0.0168 (2)
H12A	0.0419	0.1574	0.5084	0.020*
C13	0.15942 (11)	0.12737 (9)	0.41392 (11)	0.0170 (2)
H13A	0.1181	0.1752	0.3426	0.020*
C14	0.12869 (11)	0.03475 (9)	0.72786 (11)	0.0175 (2)
H14A	0.1629	-0.0190	0.7923	0.021*
C15	-0.08583 (11)	0.14858 (8)	0.84847 (11)	0.0156 (2)
H1N2	0.0392 (16)	0.0301 (13)	0.8951 (16)	0.025 (4)*
H1N3	-0.1132 (17)	0.2256 (13)	0.6853 (18)	0.031 (4)*
H2N3	-0.1995 (18)	0.2624 (14)	0.7562 (17)	0.030 (4)*

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
S1	0.02249 (15)	0.01892 (14)	0.01894 (14)	0.00132 (10)	0.01441 (11)	0.00114 (9)
O1	0.0202 (4)	0.0215 (4)	0.0181 (3)	0.0037 (3)	0.0132 (3)	0.0039 (3)
N1	0.0192 (5)	0.0209 (4)	0.0157 (4)	-0.0012 (3)	0.0111 (4)	0.0006 (3)
N2	0.0217 (5)	0.0200 (4)	0.0176 (4)	0.0032 (4)	0.0136 (4)	0.0035 (3)
N3	0.0189 (5)	0.0224 (5)	0.0197 (4)	0.0039 (4)	0.0114 (4)	0.0045 (4)
C1	0.0198 (5)	0.0211 (5)	0.0152 (4)	0.0028 (4)	0.0082 (4)	0.0004 (4)
C2	0.0184 (5)	0.0208 (5)	0.0170 (5)	-0.0012 (4)	0.0070 (4)	0.0012 (4)
C3	0.0204 (5)	0.0239 (5)	0.0176 (5)	0.0023 (4)	0.0112 (4)	0.0042 (4)
C4	0.0292 (6)	0.0210 (5)	0.0186 (5)	0.0021 (4)	0.0147 (5)	0.0004 (4)
C5	0.0253 (6)	0.0196 (5)	0.0191 (5)	-0.0028 (4)	0.0118 (4)	0.0004 (4)
C6	0.0167 (5)	0.0224 (5)	0.0144 (4)	0.0029 (4)	0.0079 (4)	0.0038 (4)
C7	0.0182 (5)	0.0272 (6)	0.0185 (5)	0.0041 (4)	0.0107 (4)	0.0064 (4)
C8	0.0163 (5)	0.0182 (5)	0.0155 (4)	-0.0017 (4)	0.0095 (4)	-0.0013 (4)
C9	0.0194 (5)	0.0174 (5)	0.0202 (5)	0.0021 (4)	0.0121 (4)	0.0007 (4)
C10	0.0205 (5)	0.0170 (5)	0.0185 (5)	0.0014 (4)	0.0111 (4)	0.0021 (4)
C11	0.0177 (5)	0.0170 (5)	0.0158 (4)	-0.0014 (4)	0.0097 (4)	-0.0011 (4)
C12	0.0151 (5)	0.0206 (5)	0.0163 (5)	0.0010 (4)	0.0083 (4)	0.0001 (4)
C13	0.0157 (5)	0.0210 (5)	0.0152 (4)	0.0017 (4)	0.0077 (4)	0.0021 (4)
C14	0.0200 (5)	0.0181 (5)	0.0171 (4)	-0.0004 (4)	0.0106 (4)	0.0011 (4)
C15	0.0146 (5)	0.0173 (5)	0.0160 (4)	-0.0024 (4)	0.0078 (4)	-0.0010 (4)

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

S1—C15	1.6964 (11)	C4—H4A	0.9300
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O1—C8	1.3688 (12)	C5—C6	1.3946 (15)
O1—C7	1.4430 (13)	C5—H5A	0.9300
N1—C14	1.2826 (14)	C6—C7	1.5014 (15)
N1—N2	1.3815 (12)	C7—H7A	0.9700
N2—C15	1.3417 (14)	C7—H7B	0.9700
N2—H1N2	0.880 (17)	C8—C13	1.3950 (15)
N3—C15	1.3335 (14)	C8—C9	1.3966 (15)
N3—H1N3	0.894 (17)	C9—C10	1.3879 (14)
N3—H2N3	0.853 (18)	C9—H9A	0.9300
C1—C2	1.3886 (15)	C10—C11	1.3990 (15)
C1—C6	1.3903 (16)	C10—H10A	0.9300
C1—H1A	0.9300	C11—C12	1.3979 (15)
C2—C3	1.3894 (15)	C11—C14	1.4606 (14)
C2—H2A	0.9300	C12—C13	1.3856 (14)
C3—C4	1.3887 (16)	C12—H12A	0.9300
C3—H3A	0.9300	C13—H13A	0.9300
C4—C5	1.3884 (16)	C14—H14A	0.9300
C8—O1—C7	116.23 (8)	C6—C7—H7A	109.9
C14—N1—N2	116.20 (9)	O1—C7—H7B	109.9
C15—N2—N1	118.53 (9)	C6—C7—H7B	109.9
C15—N2—H1N2	121.1 (10)	H7A—C7—H7B	108.3
N1—N2—H1N2	120.2 (10)	O1—C8—C13	123.89 (9)
C15—N3—H1N3	118.6 (11)	O1—C8—C9	115.94 (9)
C15—N3—H2N3	117.4 (11)	C13—C8—C9	120.16 (9)
H1N3—N3—H2N3	123.1 (15)	C10—C9—C8	119.55 (10)
C2—C1—C6	121.31 (10)	C10—C9—H9A	120.2
C2—C1—H1A	119.3	C8—C9—H9A	120.2
C6—C1—H1A	119.3	C9—C10—C11	120.98 (10)
C1—C2—C3	119.57 (11)	C9—C10—H10A	119.5
C1—C2—H2A	120.2	C11—C10—H10A	119.5
C3—C2—H2A	120.2	C12—C11—C10	118.52 (9)
C4—C3—C2	119.52 (10)	C12—C11—C14	121.22 (10)
C4—C3—H3A	120.2	C10—C11—C14	120.25 (10)
C2—C3—H3A	120.2	C13—C12—C11	121.11 (10)
C5—C4—C3	120.78 (10)	C13—C12—H12A	119.4
C5—C4—H4A	119.6	C11—C12—H12A	119.4
C3—C4—H4A	119.6	C12—C13—C8	119.60 (10)
C4—C5—C6	120.02 (11)	C12—C13—H13A	120.2
C4—C5—H5A	120.0	C8—C13—H13A	120.2
C6—C5—H5A	120.0	N1—C14—C11	120.71 (10)
C1—C6—C5	118.79 (10)	N1—C14—H14A	119.6
C1—C6—C7	119.49 (10)	C11—C14—H14A	119.6
C5—C6—C7	121.65 (10)	N3—C15—N2	117.16 (9)
O1—C7—C6	108.91 (9)	N3—C15—S1	122.05 (8)
O1—C7—H7A	109.9	N2—C15—S1	120.78 (8)
C14—N1—N2—C15	-177.98 (10)	C13—C8—C9—C10	-2.17 (16)
C6—C1—C2—C3	0.83 (17)	C8—C9—C10—C11	-0.31 (17)
C1—C2—C3—C4	-0.35 (17)	C9—C10—C11—C12	2.21 (16)

supplementary materials

C2—C3—C4—C5	-0.62 (18)	C9—C10—C11—C14	-177.07 (10)
C3—C4—C5—C6	1.13 (18)	C10—C11—C12—C13	-1.66 (16)
C2—C1—C6—C5	-0.32 (16)	C14—C11—C12—C13	177.61 (10)
C2—C1—C6—C7	-177.44 (10)	C11—C12—C13—C8	-0.77 (17)
C4—C5—C6—C1	-0.65 (17)	O1—C8—C13—C12	-175.94 (10)
C4—C5—C6—C7	176.40 (11)	C9—C8—C13—C12	2.71 (16)
C8—O1—C7—C6	165.49 (9)	N2—N1—C14—C11	179.67 (9)
C1—C6—C7—O1	-109.78 (11)	C12—C11—C14—N1	-7.05 (17)
C5—C6—C7—O1	73.19 (13)	C10—C11—C14—N1	172.21 (10)
C7—O1—C8—C13	4.11 (15)	N1—N2—C15—N3	-0.34 (15)
C7—O1—C8—C9	-174.59 (10)	N1—N2—C15—S1	-179.21 (8)
O1—C8—C9—C10	176.58 (10)		

Hydrogen-bond geometry (\AA , $^\circ$)

$D-H\cdots A$	$D-H$	$H\cdots A$	$D\cdots A$	$D-H\cdots A$
N2—H1N2 \cdots S1 ⁱ	0.880 (16)	2.467 (16)	3.3403 (10)	171.9 (14)
N3—H1N3 \cdots N1	0.895 (19)	2.229 (18)	2.6104 (16)	105.2 (13)
N3—H1N3 \cdots S1 ⁱⁱ	0.895 (19)	2.815 (17)	3.5285 (11)	137.7 (14)
C10—H10A \cdots Cg1 ⁱⁱⁱ	0.93	2.97	3.8325 (13)	154

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x, -y, -z+2$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z-1/2$; (iii) $-x+1, -y, -z+1$.

Fig. 1

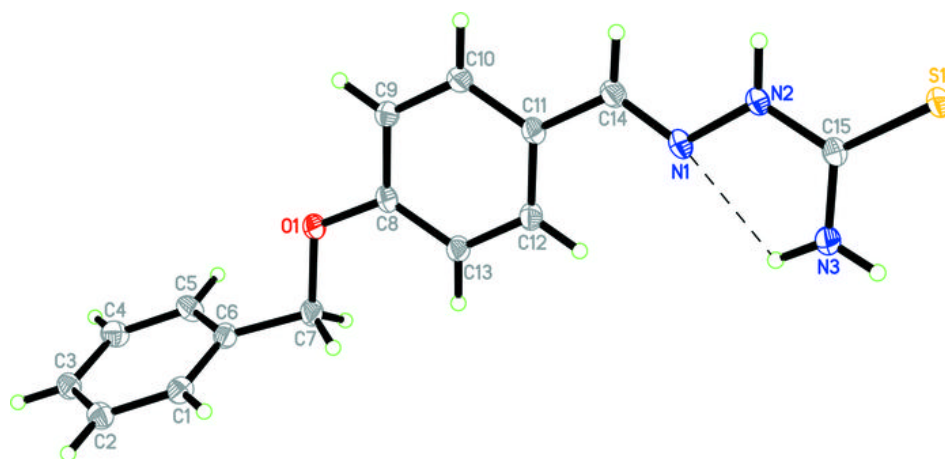


Fig. 2

