

UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

Macrobrachium rosenbergii De Man NODAVIRUS RECOMBINANT CAPSID PROTEIN PRODUCTION AND ITS INTERACTIONS WITH RNA

GOH ZEE HONG



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Ву

GOH ZEE HONG

Thesis Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies, Universiti Putra Malaysia, in Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy

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Abstract of thesis presented to the Senate of Universiti Putra Malaysia in fulfillment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

Macrobrachium rosenbergii De Man NODAVIRUS RECOMBINANT CAPSID PROTEIN PRODUCTION AND ITS INTERACTIONS WITH RNA

By

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May 2015

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Macrobrachium rosenbergii nodavirus (MrNv) is a causative agent of white tail disease (WTD) causing nearly 100% mortality in post-larvae of giant freshwater prawns. In 2012 the major farming areas in Malaysia were found to be infected by MrNy but till now information on the Malaysian isolate MrNy is still unavailable in the NCBI database and studies of this newly emerged member of the *Nodaviridae* family were not in depth. Studies on the other members of the Nodaviridae family revealed that the RNA binding site is important for virus assembly and removal of this region inhibits the virus maturation. Therefore, researches were conducted to identify the Malaysian MrNv capsid sequence, structural morphologies, nucleic acid contents and the RNA binding site of this virus. In this study, MrNv was isolated from infected prawns obtained from a prawn farm in Negeri Sembilan, Malaysia. Prawn muscle tissues were screened with PCR to detect MrNv. The nucleotide sequence of the MrNv capsid gene isolated from a Malaysian isolate was sequenced and later compared with those available in the NCBI database. Phylogenetic analysis of MrNv capsid protein revealed that the Malaysian isolate was closely related to the Chinese isolates. The coding region of MrNv capsid protein was cloned into pTrcHis2-TOPO expression vector and introduced into Escherichia coli TOP10 cells. The recombinant capsid protein of MrNv containing a His-tag was purified by using immobilized metal affinity chromatography (IMAC). The purified capsid protein was analysed using transmission electron microscopy (TEM), dynamic light scattering (DLS) and sucrose density gradient ultracentrifugation, which revealed the formation of virus-like particles (VLPs) of about 30±3 nm in diameter. RNA molecules were found to be encapsidated inside the cavity of MrNv VLPs which suggested that VLPs resembled the native virus. Amino acid sequence analysis of the MrNv capsid protein revealed that 8 out of 10 amino acids located at residues 20th to 29th are positively-charged suggesting RNA binding region is located in this region. Deletion mutagenesis and amino acid substitutions of the positively-charged amino acids located at the N-terminal end of the MrNv capsid protein were performed to determine the RNA binding region. A total of seven mutants were created with different deletion and point mutations starting from residues 1 to 29 of the N-terminal end of the MrNv capsid protein. All the mutants were shown to assemble into VLPs ranging from 18 to 34 nm in diameter. Mutants

with the positively-charged amino acids deleted, namely $29\Delta Mr$ Nvc and 20- $29\Delta Mr$ Nvc did not contain RNA molecules in their VLPs. A point mutation mutant, namely K20R21R22K23R24A, showed a significantly lower amount of RNA molecules compared with that of mutant R26R27R29A, suggesting that the five positively-charged amino acids residues at positions 20 to 24 play an important role in RNA binding. This study showed the positively-charged amino acids at positions 20 to 29 of the capsid protein are the RNA binding site of MrNv. In conclusion, the nucleotide sequence of Malaysian MrNv capsid gene was determined and showed high similarity with the Chinese isolates. The recombinant MrNv capsid protein produced in bacteria was able to assemble into VLPs which resembled the native virus. The RNA binding site of the capsid protein was identified and located at position 20^{th} to 29^{th} . Removal of this region did not affect virus assembly suggesting that the presence of the assembly domain. This information is useful for the development of a vaccine against MrNv and its structural analysis.



Abstrak tesis yang dikemukan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk ijazah Doktor Falsafah

PENGHASILAN Macrobrachium rosenbergii De Man NODAVIRUS PROTEIN KAPSID REKOMBINAN DAN INTERAKSINYA DENGAN RNA

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Macrobrachium rosenbergii nodavirus (MrNv) adalah agen penyebab penyakit ekor putih (WTD) dan ia menyebabkan hampir 100% kematian di pos-larva udang galah. Pada tahun 2012, udang galah di kawasan perternakan utama di Malaysia telah dijangkiti MrNy tetapi sehingga kini tiada maklumat yang boleh didapati mengenai MrNv Malaysia di pangkalan data NCBI dan kajian terhadap virus yang baru muncul ini masih tidak mendalam. Kajian terhadap ahli keluarga Nodaviridae yang lain mendedahkan kepentingan tapak pengikatan RNA dalam perkumpulan virus dan penyingkiran tapak ini akan menghalang penyatuan virus. Oleh itu, penyelidikan telah dilakukan untuk mengenalpasti urutan nukleotida kapsid MrNy Malaysia, ciri-ciri dan tapak pengikatan RNA virus ini. Dalam kajian ini, MrNv telah diasingkan daripada udang terjangkit virus yang diperolehi daripada ladang udang di Negeri Sembilan, Malaysia. Tisu otot udang telah dianalisis dengan PCR untuk mengesan MrNy. Urutan nukleotida MrNv capsid gen diasingkan daripada udang galah Malaysia telah dibandingkan dengan yang terdapat di pangkalan data NCBI. Analisa filogenetik daripada MrNv capsid protein mendedahkan bahawa MrNv Malaysia berkait rapat dengan MrNv China. DNA yang mengekodkan MrNv capsid protein telah diklon ke vektor pTrcHis2-TOPO dan diperkenalkan ke dalam sel-sel Escherichia coli TOP10. Protein kapsid rekombinan daripada MrNv mengandungi His-tag telah ditulenkan dengan menggunakan kromatografi logam kekal afiniti (IMAC). Protein kapsid ditulenkan dan dianalisa dengan menggunakan mikroskop elektron transmisi (TEM), penyerakan cahaya dinamik (DLS) dan sukrosa kecerunan ketumpatan ultrapengemparan. Diameter partikel menyerupai virus (VLPs) adalah kira-kira 30 ± 3 nm. Molekul RNA telah dikesan di dalam ruang dalam VLPs mencadangkan VLPs menyerupai virus asli. Analisasi jujukan asid amino protein MrNv capsid mendedahkan bahawa 8 daripada 10 asid amino terletak di kedudukan ke-20 hingga 29 adalah bercas positif mencadangkan bahawa RNA mengikat di bahagian ini. Mutagenesis penghapusan bes dan penggantian asid amino pada asid amino yang bercas positif yang terletak di hujung-N protein MrNv kapsid telah dijalankan untuk menentukan kawasan ini mengikat RNA. Sebanyak 7 mutan telah dihasilkan dengan penghapusan dan titik mutasi yang berbeza bermula dari kedudukan 1 hingga 29 pada hujung-N protein MrNv kapsid. Semua mutan telah ditunjuk membentukan VLP antara

18-34 nm diameter. Mutan dengan asid amino yang bercas positif dimansuhkan, iaitu $29\Delta Mr$ Nyc dan $20-29\Delta Mr$ Nyc tidak mengandungi molekul RNA dalam ruang dalam VLP mereka. Satu mutan mutasi titik, iaitu K20R21R22K23R24A, menunjukkan jumlah RNA yang jauh lebih rendah berbanding dengan mutan R26R27R29A, mencadangkan lima asid amino bercas positif di kedudukan ke-20 hingga ke-24 memainkan peranan yang penting dalam pengikatan molekul RNA. Kajian ini menunjukan bahawa asid amino yang bercas positif di kedudukan ke-20 hingga 29 daripada protein kapsid adalah tapak mengikat RNA MrNv. Kesimpulannya, jujukan nukleotida gen MrNv kapsid dari Malaysia telah ditentukan dan ianya serupa dengan MrNy Cina. Protein MrNy kapsid rekombinan boleh dihasilkan dalam bakteria dan VLPs telah dikesan. Tapak pengikatan molekul RNA di kapsid MrNv telah dikenalpasti dan tapak ini terletak di kedudukan 20th ke 29th. Penyingkiran tapak pengikatan molekul RNA tidak akan mempengaruhi pembentukan virus mencadangkan kehadiran tapak pemasangan bagi virus ini. Maklumat ini adalah berguna untuk pembangunan vaksin terhadap MrNv dan analisa struktur.



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I certify that a Thesis Examination Committee has met on 6 May 2015 to conduct the final examination of Goh Zee Hong on his thesis entitled "*Macrobrachium rosenbergii* De Man Nodavirus Recombinant Capsid Protein Production and Its Interactions with RNA" in accordance with the Universities and University Colleges Act 1971 and the Constitution of the Universiti Putra Malaysia [P.U.(A) 106] 15 March 1998. The Committee recommends that the student be awarded the Doctor of Philosophy.

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LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

 Δ deletion

 $6 \times \text{His}$ six residues of histidine

a centrifugal force

A₂₆₀ Optical Density at absorbance 260 nm

A₂₈₀ Optical Density at Absorbance 280 nm

AAV2 adeno-associated virus serotype 2

AHNV Atlantic halibut *Hippoglossus* hippoglossus nodavirus

AK-1 Arginine kinase-1

AMV alfafa mosaic virus

AMV avian myeloblastosis virus

ANTXR2 Anthrax toxin receptor 2

APC antigen-presenting cell

APS ammonium persulfate

ATP adenosine triphosphate

Au gold

BBV Black beetle virus

BCIP 5-bromo-4-chloro-3'-indolyphosphate p-toluidine-salt

BFNNV barfin flounder nervous necrosis virus

BMV Brome Mosaic virus

bp base pair

Ca²⁺ calcium ion

CaCl₂ calcium chloride

CaCO₃ Calcium carbonate

Casp3c Caspase 3c

CBB G-250 coomassie brilliant blue G-250

CBB R-250 Coomassie brilliant blue R-250

CCMV Cowpea chlorotic mottle virions

cDNA complementary deoxyribonucleic acid

CHIKV Chikungunya virus

CMV cucumber mosaic virus

CoV coronavirus

CPV canine parvovirus

cryo-EM cryo-electron microscopy

CTL cytotoxic T lymphocytes

Cu copper

D diffusion coefficient

ddH₂O double distilled water

DENV-2 Dengue virus 2

DGNNV dragon grouper nervous necrosis virus

DIG digoxigenin

DLS dynamic light scattering

DMSO dimethyl sulfoxide

DNA deoxyribonucleic acid

dNTPs deoxynucleotide triphosphates

DOF Department of Fisheries

DOX doxorubicin

dsDNA double-stranded DNA

dsRNA double-stranded RNA

DTT Dithiothreitol

ECV endosomal carrier vesicles

EDTA ethylenediaminetetraacetic acid

EGFP Enhance green fluorescence protein

EM electron microscope

env envelope protein

FAO Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations

FFRC Freshwater Fisheries Research Centre

fg femto-gram

FHV Flock House virus

g gravity force

GnRH gonadotropin releasing hormone

GP glycoprotein

h hour

HBcAg Hepatitis B core antigen

HBsAg hepatitis B surface antigen

HBV hepatitis B virus

HCl Hydrochloric acid

HCV hepatitis C virus

HDAg hepatitis delta antigen

HEV hepatitis E virus

HIV human immunodeficiency virus

HPV human papillomavirus

Hz Hertz

ICM-MS Intact cell MALDI-TOF mass spectrometry

ICTV International Committee on Taxonomy of Viruses

IgG immunoglobulin type G

IHHNV infectious hematopoietic and hypodermal necrosis virus

IMAC immobilized metal affinity chromatography

IMN idiopathic muscle necrosis

IPTG Isopropyl β-D-1-thiogalactopyranoside

IRDR-1 interferon related developmental regulator-1

ITC Isothermal titration calorimetry

JE Japanese Encephalitis

JGMV Johnsongrass mosaic virus

k Boltzmann's constant

K Kelvin

kb kilobase pair

kcal/mo l kilocalorie per mole

KCl potassium chloride

kDa kilo Dalton

kg m⁻¹ s⁻¹ kilogram per meter per second

KLH Keyhole limpet hemocyanin

LA lactobionic acid

LB Luria Bertani

M Molar

M1 matrix protein

mA milli Ampere

MALDI-TOF Matrix-assisted laser desorption/ionization-time of flight mass

spectrometer

MALS multi-angle light scattering

MCS multiple cloning site

µg/ml microgram per mili litre

MgSO₄ magnesium sulphate

MEGA Molecular Evolutionary Genetics Analysis software

miRNA micro-RNA

μm micro meter

μM micro Molar

mM milli Molar

MMV Macrobrachium muscle virus

MoNv Mosinovirus

MRFV Maze rayado fino virus

Mr Macrobrachium rosenbergii

MrNv Macrobrachium rosenbergii nodavirus

MrNvc Macrobrachium rosenbergii nodavirus capsid

mt metric ton

mW mili Watt

n number

N Normality

η viscosity of the solvent

NaCl sodium chloride

NAGE native agarose gel electrophoresis

NaOH sodium hydroxide

NaPi sodium phosphate

NBM nucleotide binding motif

NBT nitro-blue tetrazolium chloride

NDV Newcastle disease virus

NFκBI-α NF kappa B inhibitor alpha

(NH₄)₂SO₄ ammonium sulphate

NiV Nipah virus

nm nano meter

NMR nuclear magnetic resonance

NNV nervous necrosis virus

NoV Nodamura virus

NP nucleoprotein

NS4B non-structural protein 4B

nt nucleotide

OD₅₉₅ Optical Density at absorbance 595 nm

OD₆₀₀ Optical Density at absorbance 600 nm

OGNNV orange-spotted grouper nervous necrosis virus

OR origin of replication

PaV Pariacoto virus

PCR polymerase chain reaction

pg pico-gram

PL post-larvae

PMSF phenylmethylsulfonyl fluoride

Prdx peroxiredoxin

PVDF polyvinylidene fluoride

q-RT-PCR real-time reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction

RBSDV rice black-streaked dwarf virus

RdRp RNA dependent RNA polymerase

RGNNV red-spotted grouper nervous necrosis virus

Rh hydrodynamic radius

RNA ribonucleic acid

RNAi RNA interference

RNA/µg RNA per microgram

ROS reactive oxygen species

rpm revolution per minute

RT-LAMP reverse transcription loop mediated isothermal amplification

RT-PCR reverse transcription polymerase chain reaction

s sedimentation coefficient

S Svedberg unit

SARS severe acute respiratory syndrome

SB sodium boric acid base buffer

scFv11 anti-West Nile virus E antibody 11

SDS sodium dodecyl sulphate

SDS-PAGE sodium dodecyl sulfate polyacrylamide gel electrophoresis

SEC size exclusion chromatography

sg sungai

siRNA short interfering RNA

SJNNV striped jack nervous necrosis virus

SOC Super Optimal Broth

SOCS1 cytokine signalling 1

SSN-1 snakehead-fish *cell line*

STNV satellite tobacco necrosis virus

S-ELISA Sandwich enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay

s/n/c substitution per nucleotide per cell infection

T triangulation number

T temperature in Kelvin (K)

TA Thymine Adenine cloning

TAE tris acetic acid EDTA

TBS tris base saline

TBST Tris base saline Tween 20

TBSV tomato bushy stunt virus

TEM transmission electron microscope

TEMED N,N,N',N'-Tetramethylethylenediamine

Tfl Thermus flavus

TGNNV tiger puffer nervous necrosis virus

TLR4 toll-like receptor 4

TN Tris-NaCl

TYMV turnip-yellow-mosaic virus

U unit

UV ultraviolet light

V voltage

VLPs virus-like particles

Vt velocity terminus

v/v volume per volume

WhNV Wuhan nodavirus

WSSV white spot syndrome virus

WTD white tail disease

w/v weight per volume

XRD X-ray diffraction

XSV extra small virus



CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

Giant freshwater prawn, scientifically known as *Macrobrachium rosenbergii* (*Mr*) and locally known as 'Udang Galah' in Malay, is an important aquaculture for human consumption. It is the largest known caridean shrimp, and can grow until 32 cm (male) and 25 cm (female) in length (Hung, 2013). *Mr* farming can be easily found in Malaysia, making the country one of the major players in this industry. In recent years, due to the high demand, the production and price of this prawn have increased dramatically. Based on the report of the Department of Fisheries (DOF) of Malaysia, the price for giant freshwater prawn was between RM 25 to RM 40 per kilogram in 2003. The price for the prawn increased to RM 45 per kilogram in 2011 (Sahidin and Mustapha, 2011, October).

Currently, a few types of diseases are infecting *Mr*, which cause high mortality, even though this species can be considered a moderately disease-resistant species (Ravi *et al.*, 2009). Based on the Food and Agriculture Organisation of The United Nations (FAO) report (FAO, 2015), there are more than 10 types of diseases which can attack the prawn species. These diseases cause immense economic loss in prawn farming due to the high mortality rates.

White tail disease (WTD) is one of the diseases attacking this moderately disease-resistant species. The clinical signs of WTD infection are lethargy, anorexia and opaqueness of abdominal region of the prawn (Sudhakaran *et al.*, 2007). Upon the infection of the WTD, the tail of the prawn will appear milky. After a few days of infection, the milky appearance will spread toward both the posterior and anterior parts, causing the degeneration of the telson region (Hameed *et al.*, 2004a). Discolorations also will start to appear from the telson region toward the cephalothorax. The milky appearance of the muscle is due to the hyaline necrosis of the muscle fibres (Widada *et al.*, 2003). WTD causes high mortality among the prawns, especially in larvae and post-larvae stages. Hameed *et al.* (2004b) demonstrated that this disease can cause 100% mortality in larvae and post-larvae stages after 2 to 3 days post-infection. The mortality was found to be lower in adult prawns due to a better immune system.

WTD was first reported in French West Indies in 1995 (Arcier *et al.*, 1999). Within 10 years, the disease has spread to different countries all over the world including India (Hameed *et al.*, 2004a), China (Qian *et al.*, 2003), Thailand (Yoganandhan *et al.*, 2006), Australia (Owens *et al.*, 2009), Taiwan (Wang *et al.*, 2008a) and most recently Malaysia (Saedi *et al.*, 2012). An immersion challenge by using the virus isolated from the WTD infected prawn successfully caused similar appearances on healthy prawns suggesting that the virus might be the main causative agent. This was later identified as a nodavirus-like particle and was named as *Macrobrachium rosenbergii* nodavirus (*Mr*Nv). There is another type of virus known as extra small virus (XSV) which is associated with the *Mr*Nv (Qian *et al.*, 2003). Both *Mr*Nv and XSV are icosahedral in structure. *Mr*Nv is about 26 nm in diameter while XSV is about 15 nm in diameter (Ravi *et al.*, 2009). Both viruses are non-enveloped (Tripathy *et al.*, 2006) and located at the cytoplasm of the infected prawn cells. *Mr*Nv and XSV have positive-sense, single-stranded RNA molecules. *Mr*Nv genome is composed of two linear positive-

sense RNAs which are encapsidated by the capsid assembled from CP-43 (Bonami *et al.*, 2005). The genome of *Mr*Nv only codes for 3 proteins. RNA1, which codes for RNA dependent RNA polymerase (RdRp), is only 2.9 kb in length. RNA2, which codes for the capsid protein, has a genome of 1.3 kb in length. As for RNA3, which codes for protein B-2, researchers have yet to understand its function. For XSV, the genome consists of one linear positive sense, single-stranded RNA which has 796 nucleotides that codes for one capsid protein; CP-17 (Widada and Bonami, 2004). Yoganandhan *et al.* (2006) showed that not every post-larvae that are infected by *Mr*Nv contain XSV. Therefore, the relationship between *Mr*Nv and XSV is still unclear. This also suggests that WTD can be due to the infection of a prawn by *Mr*Nv alone.

This newly emerged MrNv poses many challenges to virologists. The genotypes of this virus share little similarity among the members in Nodaviridae family. Hence, this virus was grouped into a new sub-genus known as Gammanodavirus (NaveenKumar et al., 2013). The genome of MrNv isolated from different countries showed differences in nucleotide sequence as analysed with the Molecular Evolutionary Genetics Analysis software (MEGA) (Saedi et al., 2012), MrNv has been detected in Malaysian prawn farms since 2012, but the problems are Malaysian MrNv capsid sequence has yet to be identified and the relationship between Malaysian isolate with the other available isolates is still unclear. Thus far, the analyses done on this newly emerged member of Nodaviridae family were not in depth. The important domain and characteristics for the virus are still not available and have thus delayed the progress to develop a vaccine to encounter the virus outbreak. Therefore, the objectives for the first study will be the nucleotide sequence of MrNv capsid isolated from Malaysia prawns will be analysed and the sequence of the MrNv capsid, Malaysian isolate will be compared with other isolates to identify the nucleotide differences and the relationship of the Malaysian isolate with others.

MrNv can be transmitted horizontally or vertically (Ravi et al., 2009) either by sharing virus-polluted water sources from native host to non-native host (Sudhakaran et al., 2006) or from parental prawns to offsprings (Hameed et al., 2004b). Transmission of this virus from a marine shrimp (Penaeus sp.) to a freshwater prawn (Sudhakaran et al., 2006) further validates the horizontal transmission theory. A high mutation rate in RNA viruses due to the lack of a proof-reading RNA polymerase (Elena and Sanju án, 2005) preliminarily poses a threat to the aquatic invertebrate where the MrNv was found to cause mortality in post-larvae in Penaeus vannamei (Senapin et al., 2012), suggesting that the virus mutation might transmit to other prawn species and pose a threat to them in future. MrNv outbreaks in many countries since the last decade suggest that the virus can be transmitted easily and the mutations occurring in the virus RNA genome may start to cross infect Penaeus vannamei, endangering other aquatic crustaceans. Currently there is still no vaccine to prevent nor a drug to treat the virus infection. Early screening and better water management schemes are the only solutions to prevent the virus outbreak.

To counter the virus outbreak and contain its spreading, knowledge on the virus life cycle and virus morphologies is needed. Introduction of virus genome into an expression system ensures the production of virus protein throughout the virus analysis. The use of bacterial expression host in virus study can be observed since decades ago such as the expression of coat protein of potyvirus, Johnsongrass mosaic

virus (JGMV) (Jagadish et al., 1991), hepatitis C virus core antigen (Lorenzo et al., 2001) and VP2 protein of canine parvovirus (CPV) (Xu et al., 2014). These recombinant proteins expressed by bacteria hosts retain the native virus properties and were shown to form virus-like particles (VLPs). These recombinant VLPs were successfully used to understand the virus assembly, genome encapsidation (Jagadish et al., 1991), virus aggregation (Lorenzo et al., 2001) and vaccine production (Xu et al., 2014). Extra small virus (XSV) which associates with the infection of MrNv has been produced in Escherichia coli and studied. The XSV capsid gene has been successfully cloned into an expression vector and introduced into a bacterial host (Wang et. al., This study showed that the recombinant capsid protein of XSV can be expressed in a bacterial cell and was able to retain the capsid forming properties when analysed under a transmission electron microscope (TEM). The bacteria expression system has been widely used in many virus studies and the recombinant virus capsid genes produced by bacteria hosts were able to form into VLPs that resemble the native virus, MrNy has a low incidence rate in Malaysia and this problem has hindered the process to gain information regarding this virus using the native virus. Thus, the objectives for this part of study are to introduce the MrNv capsid gene into a bacteria expression system to ensure large production of virus protein to advance the study for better understanding of MrNv in morphology, assembly and genome encapsidation. Following that, the Malaysian MrNv capsid gene will be cloned into an expression vector and introduced into bacteria cells to ensure the production of the MrNv capsid. This recombinant MrNv capsid protein will then be studied and used as a model to understand the characteristics of the native virus.

Studies on the assembly of Brome mosaic virus (BMV) and Flock House virus (FHV), both of which are positive sense RNA viruses grouped under the families of Bromoviridae and Nodaviridae respectively, indicating that there are at least two important interactions for the capsid formation: a weaker protein-protein interaction and a stronger RNA-protein interaction (Marshall and Schneemann, 2001; Kaper, 1975). The modelling of RNA-protein interaction of Pariacoto virus (PaV) has been discussed by Harvey et al. (2009) and the process of capsid formation has also been predicted by Devkota et al. (2009). These studies suggest that these non-enveloped, icosahedral RNA viruses tend to form particles after a certain concentration of RNA has been neutralised by the positively-charged amino acids. This reaction favours the condensation of RNA-protein complex and pulls the capsid protein subunits together. Interactions between protein-protein subunits take part after the condensation of the complexes and further strengthen the capsid formation (Devkota et al., 2009). This suggests that disruption of the RNA-protein interaction might alter or halt the viral assembly. Marshall and Scheemann (2001) showed that RNA-protein interaction is important for recognising and packaging of viral genome in FHV. Nevertheless, the RNA-protein interaction site for MrNv, a newly emerged member of Nodaviridae family, has not yet been fully understood and this give rise to the research problem for the last part of this study. MrNv, which significantly shows differences in terms of nucleotide sequence with other nodaviruses, suggesting that it is of interest to locate the RNA binding site of MrNv capsid protein. Removal of the RNA interaction sites might affect the virus morphology and hence halt the virus assembly.

Amino acid sequence analysis of the first 50 amino acid residues of MrNv capsid available in the Genbank revealed that 11 residues of these 50 amino acids are positively-charged and 8 out of 10 amino acids located at positions 20^{th} to 29^{th} of the

N-terminal end are rich in positively-charged amino acids. The positively-charged amino acids are found to accumulate at this position but their functions are yet to be understood. This suggests that this rich positively-charged amino acid region of the *Mr*Nv capsid might be the RNA interaction site. Thus, the objective for the last part of this study is to determine the RNA binding site for this virus. Deletion or point mutation of the positively-charged amino acids located at residue 20th to 29th might result in the absence of RNA molecules in the mature virus cavity. Therefore, a study will be carried out to identify the RNA binding site of this virus via deletion and amino acid substitution mutageneses.

From the hypotheses and research questions mentioned above, the objectives of this study were:

- 1. To determine the nucleotide sequence of the *capsid* gene of *Macrobrachium rosenbergii* nodavirus (*Mr*Nv) isolated from Malaysia
- 2. To compare the *capsid* gene of Malaysian *Mr*Nv with other isolates
- 3. To produce the *Mr*Nv capsid protein in bacteria system via recombinant DNA technology
- 4. To characterise the recombinant MrNv capsid protein
- 5. To identify the RNA binding site of *Mr*Nv capsid protein by deletion and point mutageneses

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