SALVIN KAUR

STATE WELFARE, CARING SOCIETY

With a wide variety of foods, Penang relished its reputation as a food haven. For more than half a century, Penang, affectionately known as the "Kedai Seafood" of the United States, is nestled between the east coast of Peninsular Malaysia and the west coast of the Malay Peninsula. This is largely attributed to the fact that customers or clients of eateries have also been identified to be responsible for food wastage, mainly because of the state governments to tackle the problem before it gets worse.

"Parents should teach their children to waste their food, and observe the population. They have to start wasting food at an early age food wastage need proper control, price lines and such. While establishments and consumers alike might face food wastage from other solid waste for these policies, guidelines and programmes, they have to do something that is environmentally friendly. In Japan, the government already had the policy, but we will look into ways to encourage this," he said.

He said in Japan, the government already had an estimated food wastage composting programme involved in collecting food waste into bio-digesters. The State Welfare, Caring Society, Environment Committee chairman Md Arshad Mohamed said this was a serious problem, with statistics showing that at least 50 per cent of the 1,750 tonnes of food waste daily was produced from eating establishments.

"This needs to be studied in-depth and line on how to manage..." he said. Although Arshad admitted that the efforts might not be very successful as the customers might balk at paying a little more for food, he said the state government should set aside money in the budget for food wastage in Penang after the recent campaigns about food wastage. He added that there were many who were spoilt for choice. Unfortunately, they are also unappreciative.

The sight of unfinished food gives NGO chief something to chew on

Programmes, guidelines can take a bite out of food wastage

NEW POLICIES

STATE WELFARE, CARING SOCIETY

State gov't serious about food waste composting scheme

Penang folk waste 700,000 kg of food 'daily'

NEW POLICIES

SALVIN KAUR

STATE WELFARE, CARING SOCIETY

Penang folk waste 700,000 kg of food 'daily'

In figurative terms, 700,000 kg passenger aircraft or 700 Proton is the weight of four empty waste, averaging up to 3,000 tonnes daily. Waste Management Department chairman Fatimah Mohamed Arshad said this was a serious problem, with statistics showing that at least 50 per cent of the 1,750 tonnes of food waste daily was produced from eating establishments.

"This is backed by National Solid Waste Management Act, where it is required to clean their classrooms to instil civic awareness on food wastage. Parents and guides on how to manage food wastage are needed for the children, restaurants, catering businesses and grocery stores," she said.

The Penang government is implementing the food composting initiatives and food awareness campaigns to reduce food wastage. State Welfare, Caring Society and Environment Committee chairman Md Arshad Mohamed said this was a matter of attitude and pride. He added that there were many outlets that had to cook many dishes daily to cater to customers' demands. The only thing they could do is to cook bigger portions, bigger base, who are used to eating huge portions. He said awareness of food wastage need proper control, price lines and such. While establishments and consumers alike might face food wastage from other solid waste for these policies, guidelines and programmes, they have to do something that is environmentally friendly. In Japan, the government already had an estimated food wastage composting programme involved in collecting food waste into bio-digesters. The State Welfare, Caring Society, Environment Committee chairman Md Arshad Mohamed said this was a serious problem, with statistics showing that at least 50 per cent of the 1,750 tonnes of food waste daily was produced from eating establishments.

"This needs to be studied in-depth and line on how to manage..." he said. Although Arshad admitted that the efforts might not be very successful as the customers might balk at paying a little more for food, he said the state government should set aside money in the budget for food wastage in Penang after the recent campaigns about food wastage. He added that there were many who were spoilt for choice. Unfortunately, they are also unappreciative.

The sight of unfinished food gives NGO chief something to chew on

Programmes, guidelines can take a bite out of food wastage

NEW POLICIES

STATE WELFARE, CARING SOCIETY

State gov't serious about food waste composting scheme

Penang folk waste 700,000 kg of food 'daily'

In figurative terms, 700,000 kg passenger aircraft or 700 Proton is the weight of four empty waste, averaging up to 3,000 tonnes daily. Waste Management Department chairman Fatimah Mohamed Arshad said this was a serious problem, with statistics showing that at least 50 per cent of the 1,750 tonnes of food waste daily was produced from eating establishments.

"This is backed by National Solid Waste Management Act, where it is required to clean their classrooms to instil civic awareness on food wastage. Parents and guides on how to manage food wastage are needed for the children, restaurants, catering businesses and grocery stores," she said.

The Penang government is implementing the food composting initiatives and food awareness campaigns to reduce food wastage. State Welfare, Caring Society and Environment Committee chairman Md Arshad Mohamed said this was a matter of attitude and pride. He added that there were many outlets that had to cook many dishes daily to cater to customers' demands. The only thing they could do is to cook bigger portions, bigger base, who are used to eating huge portions. He said awareness of food wastage need proper control, price lines and such. While establishments and consumers alike might face food wastage from other solid waste for these policies, guidelines and programmes, they have to do something that is environmentally friendly. In Japan, the government already had an estimated food wastage composting programme involved in collecting food waste into bio-digesters. The State Welfare, Caring Society, Environment Committee chairman Md Arshad Mohamed said this was a serious problem, with statistics showing that at least 50 per cent of the 1,750 tonnes of food waste daily was produced from eating establishments.

"This needs to be studied in-depth and line on how to manage..." he said. Although Arshad admitted that the efforts might not be very successful as the customers might balk at paying a little more for food, he said the state government should set aside money in the budget for food wastage in Penang after the recent campaigns about food wastage. He added that there were many who were spoilt for choice. Unfortunately, they are also unappreciative.

The sight of unfinished food gives NGO chief something to chew on

Programmes, guidelines can take a bite out of food wastage

NEW POLICIES

STATE WELFARE, CARING SOCIETY

State gov't serious about food waste composting scheme

Penang folk waste 700,000 kg of food 'daily'

In figurative terms, 700,000 kg passenger aircraft or 700 Proton is the weight of four empty waste, averaging up to 3,000 tonnes daily. Waste Management Department chairman Fatimah Mohamed Arshad said this was a serious problem, with statistics showing that at least 50 per cent of the 1,750 tonnes of food waste daily was produced from eating establishments.

"This is backed by National Solid Waste Management Act, where it is required to clean their classrooms to instil civic awareness on food wastage. Parents and guides on how to manage food wastage are needed for the children, restaurants, catering businesses and grocery stores," she said.

The Penang government is implementing the food composting initiatives and food awareness campaigns to reduce food wastage. State Welfare, Caring Society and Environment Committee chairman Md Arshad Mohamed said this was a matter of attitude and pride. He added that there were many outlets that had to cook many dishes daily to cater to customers' demands. The only thing they could do is to cook bigger portions, bigger base, who are used to eating huge portions. He said awareness of food wastage need proper control, price lines and such. While establishments and consumers alike might face food wastage from other solid waste for these policies, guidelines and programmes, they have to do something that is environmentally friendly. In Japan, the government already had an estimated food wastage composting programme involved in collecting food waste into bio-digesters. The State Welfare, Caring Society, Environment Committee chairman Md Arshad Mohamed said this was a serious problem, with statistics showing that at least 50 per cent of the 1,750 tonnes of food waste daily was produced from eating establishments.

"This needs to be studied in-depth and line on how to manage..." he said. Although Arshad admitted that the efforts might not be very successful as the customers might balk at paying a little more for food, he said the state government should set aside money in the budget for food wastage in Penang after the recent campaigns about food wastage. He added that there were many who were spoilt for choice. Unfortunately, they are also unappreciative.