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SYMPLECTIC TECHNIQUES IN GEOMETRIC QUANTUM MECHANICS AND NONLINEAR QUANTUM MECHANICS

SAEID MOLLADAVOUDI

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SYMPLECTIC TECHNIQUES IN GEOMETRIC QUANTUM MECHANICS AND NONLINEAR QUANTUM MECHANICS



By

SAEID MOLLADAVOUDI

Thesis Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies, Universiti Putra Malaysia, in Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree of Doctor of Philosophy

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DEDICATIONS





Abstract of thesis presented to the Senate of Universiti Putra Malaysia in fulfilment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy

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SAEID MOLLADAVOUDI

June 2013

Chair: Associate Professor Hishamuddin B Zainuddin, PhD

Faculty: Institute for Mathematical Research

In this thesis we study the roles played by symplectic geometry in quantum mechanics, in particular quantum dynamics and quantum information theory treated as two separate parts. The common ground for both parts is the geometrical formulation of quantum mechanics. In Chapter 2, we review the associated complex projective Hilbert space of quantum pure states, with symplectic and Riemannian structures and their roles in quantum dynamics and kinematics.

In Chapter 3, we motivate the idea of information-theoretic constraint on the differentiable manifold of probability distributions through the maximum uncertainty principle and the linear Schrödinger equation by introduction of the wavefunction.

In Chapter 4, we review both regular and singular symplectic reduction of a symplectic manifold, which is acted upon properly and symplectically by a compact Lie group.

Chapter 5 contains the author's original contributions to the first part of the thesis. In this chapter, by using the same information-theoretic discussion of the Chapter 3 we propose a non-relativistic, spin-less, non-linear quantum dynamical equation, with the Fisher information metric replaced by the Jensen-Shannon distance information. Furthermore, we show that the non-linear Schrödinger equation is in fact a Hamiltonian dynamics, namely it preserves the symplectic structure of the complex Hilbert space. The projected dynamics on the corresponding projective Hilbert space is derived and its properties are highlighted in further details.

Chapter 6 contains the author's primary contributions to the second part of the thesis. In particular, by using the singular symplectic reduction of the Chapter 4 we explicitly construct the space of entanglement types of three-qubit pure states with a specific (shifted) spectra of single-particle reduced density matrices. Moreover, we obtain the image of the symplectic quotient under the induced Hilbert map, by using local unitary invariant polynomials. Then the symplectic structure on the principal stratum of the symplectic quotient is derived. Finally, it is discussed that other lower dimensional strata are relative equilibria on the original manifold and their stability properties are investigated under compact subgroups of the local unitary transformations.

Abstrak tesis yang dikemukakan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk ijazah Doktor Falsafah

TEKNIK SIMPLEKTIK DALAM MEKANIK KUANTUM BERGEOMETRI DAN MEKANIK KUANTUM TAK LINEAR

Oleh

SAEID MOLLADAVOUDI

Jun 2013

Pengerusi: Profesor Madya Hishamuddin B Zainuddin, PhD

Fakulti: Institut Penyelidikan Matematik

Dalam tesis ini, kita kaji peranan yang dimainkan oleh geometri simplektik dalam mekanik kuantum, khususnya dalam dinamik kuantum dan teori maklumat kuantum yang dikaji sebagai dua bahagian berasingan. Yang menjadi asas sama-sama bagi kedua-dua bahagian adalah formulasi bergeometri mekanik kuantum. Dalam Bab 2, kita tinjau kembali ruang Hilbert unjuran kompleks bagi keadaan tulen kuantum, bersama dengan struktur-struktur simplektik dan Riemannian dan peranan mereka dalam dinamik dan kinematik kuantum.

Dalam Bab 3, kita bangunkan idea kekangan berteori maklumat ke atas manifold terbezakan bagi taburan kebarangkalian melalui prinsip ketakpastian maksimum dan persamaan linear Schrodinger dengan memperkenalkan fungsi gelombang. Dalam Bab 4, kita tinjau semula penurunan simplektik nalar dan singular bagi manifold simplektik yang ditindak secara wajar dan simplektik oleh satu kumpulan Lie yang padat.

Bab 5 mengandungi sumbangan asli penulis bagi bahagian pertama tesis. Dalam bab ini, menggunakan perbincangan berteori maklumat Bab 3, kita usulkan satu per-

samaan dinamik kuantum yang bukan kereatifan, tanpa spin dan tak linear, dengan menggantikan metrik maklumat Fisher dengan maklumat jarak Jensen-Shannon. Tambahan itu, kita tunjukkan bahawa persamaan Schrodinger tak linear adalah sebenarnya dinamik Hamiltonan, iaitu ia mengekalkan struktur simplektik ruang Hilbert kompleks. Dinamik yang terunjur ke atas ruang Hilbert terunjur yang berpadanan diterbitkan dan sifatnya disorot dengan terperinci.

Bab 6 mengandungi sumbangan utama penulis ke bahagian kedua tesis. Khususnya, dengan menggunakan penurunan simplektik singular dari Bab 4, kita bangunkan secara eksplisit ruang jenis keterbelitan bagi keadaan tulen tiga-qubit dengan spektrum (teranjak) khas bagi matriks ketumpatan terturun zarah tunggal. Tambahan lagi, kita memperoleh imej hasil bahagi simplektik di bawah pemetaan Hilbert teraruh dengan menggunakan polinomial tak varian unitary setempat. Kemudian itu, struktur simplektik di atas stratum utama hasil bahagi simplektik diterbitkan. Akhir sekali, dibincangkan strata berdimensi lebih rendah adalah equilibria relatif di atas manifold asal dan ciri kestabilan mereka dikaji di bawah subkumpulan padat bagi transformasi unitary setempat.

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Members of the Thesis Examination Committee were as follows:

Mohamad Rushdan Md. Said, PhD

Associate Professor Institute for Mathematical Research Universiti Putra Malaysia (Chairperson)

Adem Kilicman, PhD

Professor Faculty of Science Universiti Putra Malaysia (Internal Examiner)

Isamiddin Rakhimov, PhD

Professor Faculty of Science Universiti Putra Malaysia (Internal Examiner)

Syed Twareque Ali, PhD

Professor Department of Mathematics and Statistics Concordia University Canada (External Examiner)

NORITAH OMAR, PhD

Assoc. Professor and Deputy Dean School of Graduate Studies Universiti Putra Malaysia

Date: 2 August 2013

This thesis was submitted to the Senate of Universiti Putra Malaysia and has been accepted as fulfilment of the requirement for the degree of Doctor of Philosophy. The members of the Supervisory Committee were as follows:

Hishamuddin B Zainuddin, PhD

Associate Professor Institute for Mathematical Research Universiti Putra Malaysia (Chairperson)

Norihan Bt Md Arifin, PhD

Associate Professor Institute for Mathematical Research Universiti Putra Malaysia (Member)

Zuriati Bt Ahmad Zukarnain, PhD

Associate Professor Faculty of Computer Science and Information Technology Universiti Putra Malaysia (Member)

BUJANG BIN KIM HUAT, PhD Professor and Dean School of Graduate Studies Universiti Putra Malaysia

Date:

DECLARATION

I declare that the thesis is my original work except for quotations and citations which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously, and is not concurrently, submitted for any other degree at Universiti Putra Malaysia or at any other institution.



TABLE OF CONTENTS

		Page			
DEDI	ii				
ABST	iii				
ABST	v				
ACKN	vii				
APPR	viii				
DECL	x				
LIST	xiii				
LIST	OF SYMBOLS AND ABBREVIATIONS	xiv			
CHAF	PTER				
1 IN	TRODUCTION	1			
1.1	Problem Statements	2			
1.2	Objectives and Motivations	3			
1.3	Hamiltonian Dynamics in Quantum Mechanics	7			
2 GE	OMETRIC QUANTUM MECHANICS	10			
2.1	The Hilbert Space as Kähler Manifold	10			
2.2	The Quantum Phase Space	16			
2.3	Symplectic Structure and Quantum Dynamics	19			
	2.3.1 Quantum Evolution as Hamiltonian Dynamics	19			
2.4	2.3.2 Quantum Dynamics as Classical Integrable System	23			
2.4	Riemannian Structure and Quantum Kinematics	25			
	2.4.1 Uncertainty Principle	25			
	2.4.2 Metric of Quantum Phase Space	29			
25	2.4.5 Measurement and Quantum Observables	32 34			
2.0		01			
3 IN	INFORMATION-THEORETIC CONSTRAINT AND QUANTUM				
DY	NAMICS	38			
3.1	Information Geometry	38			
3.2	Statistical Inference Method	40			
3.3	Linear Quantum Dynamics	42			
3.4	Kullback-Leibler Information Measure	44			
0 5	3.4.1 Beyond the Linear Theory	46			
3.5	Jensen-Shannon Information Measure	47			

	4	SYI	MPLECTIC REDUCTION THEORY	51
		4.1	Regular Symplectic Reduction	51
		4.2	Singular Symplectic Reduction	60
		4.0	4.2.1 Embedding of Symplectic Reduced Space	74
		4.3	Relative Equilibria	-77
5 GEN			NERALIZED QUANTUM DYNAMICS	80
		5.1	Generalized Quantum Dynamics	80
			5.1.1 The Non-linear Schrödinger Equation	80
			5.1.2 Many Quantum Particles in Higher Dimensions	83
		59	5.1.3 Parametric Non-linear Schrödinger Equation	80 87
		5.2	5.2.1 Background	87
			5.2.2 Hamiltonian Dynamics	88
			5.2.3 Metric Structure	91
	6	SYI	MPLECTIC QUOTIENT OF TRIPARTITE PURE STATES	93
		6.1	Review of Local Unitary Action	93
		6.2	Singular Reduction of Local Unitary Action	97
		6.3	Principal Stratum of Symplectic Quotient	103
		6.4	Relative Equilibria for Three-Qubit Pure States	105
	7	CO	NCLUSION AND OUTLOOK	110
		7.1	Conclusions	110
		7.2	Future Works	115
REFERENCES		RENCES	117	
	APPENDICES		NDICES	124
	BIODATA OF STUDENT LIST OF PUBLICATIONS			157
				158