

UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

ONE-DIMENSIONAL HIGH-ORDER COMPACT METHOD FOR SOLVING EULER'S EQUATIONS

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ONE-DIMENSIONAL HIGH-ORDER COMPACT METHOD FOR **SOLVING EULER'S EQUATIONS**



MAHMOD ABD HAKIM BIN MOHAMAD

Thesis Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies, Universiti Putra Malaysia, in Fulfilment of the Requirements for the Degree of Master of Science

September 2010

Dedicated

to

My beloved wife Hafsa,

Our daughters Sumaiyah & Najihah

All My Parents,

Hj. Mohamad and Hjh. Jawahil, Ir. Hj. Mohamed Makki and Hjh. Siti Rohani

For all their love, support, motivation and understanding

Abstract of thesis presented to the Senate of Universiti Putra Malaysia in fulfilment of the requirement for the degree of Master of Science

ONE-DIMENSIONAL HIGH-ORDER COMPACT METHOD FOR SOLVING EULER'S EQUATIONS

By

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In the field of computational fluid dynamics, many numerical algorithms have been developed to simulate inviscid, compressible flows problems. Among those most famous and relevant are based on flux vector splitting and Godunov-type schemes. Previously, this system was developed through computational studies by Mawlood (2004). However the new test cases for compressible flows, the shock tube problems namely the receding flow and shock waves were not investigated before by Mawlood (2004). Thus, the objective of this study is to develop a high-order compact (HOC) finite difference solver for one-dimensional Euler equation. Before developing the solver, a detailed investigation was conducted to assess the performance of the basic third-order compact central discretization schemes. Spatial discretization of the Euler equation is based on flux-vector splitting. From this observation, discretization of the convective flux terms of the Euler equation is based on a hybrid flux-vector splitting, known as the advection upstream splitting method (AUSM) scheme which combines the accuracy of flux-difference splitting and the robustness of flux-vector splitting. The AUSM scheme is based on the thirdorder compact scheme to the approximate finite difference equation was completely analyzed consequently. In one-dimensional problem for the first order schemes, an explicit method is adopted by using time integration method. In addition to that, development and modification of source code for the one-dimensional flow is validated with four test cases namely, unsteady shock tube, quasi-one-dimensional supersonic-subsonic nozzle flow, receding flow and shock waves in shock tubes. From these results, it was also carried out to ensure that the definition of Riemann problem can be identified. Further analysis had also been done in comparing the characteristic of AUSM scheme against experimental results, obtained from previous works and also comparative analysis with computational results generated by van Leer, KFVS and AUSMPW schemes. Furthermore, there is a remarkable improvement with the extension of the AUSM scheme from first-order to third-order accuracy in terms of shocks, contact discontinuities and rarefaction waves.

Abstrak tesis yang dikemukakan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk ijazah Master Sains

KAEDAH PADAT PERINGKAT TINGGI SATU DIMENSI UNTUK MENYELESAIKAN PERSAMAAN EULER

Oleh

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Terdapat banyak algoritma berangka dalam bidang dinamik bendalir pengkomputeran, yang dihasilkan untuk simulasi aliran likat termampat. Di antara skim-skim yang paling terkenal dan relevan adalah berdasarkan pada jenis skim "Flux Vector Splitting" dan skim "Godunov". Sebelumnya, sistem ini dibangunkan melalui kajian pengkomputeran oleh Mawlood (2004). Namun ujian kes baru untuk aliran termampat, masalah tiub kejutan iaitu aliran surut dan gelombang kejutan tidak diselidiki terlebih dahulu oleh Mawlood (2004). Dengan demikian, objektif kajian ini ialah untuk membangunkan penyelesaian perbezaan terhingga peringkat tinggi padat (HOC) bagi persamaan Euler satu dimensi. Satu penyiasatan rapi telah dijalankan bagi menilai keupayaan skim pendiskretan padat peringkat tiga asas pusat sebelum penyelesaian dibina. Pendiskretan ruang untuk persamaan Euler adalah berasaskan pemisahan fluks-vector. Daripada pemerhatian ini, istilah pendiskretan fluks berolak persamaan Euler adalah berasaskan pemecahan vector-fluks hybrid sebagai skim kaedah pemecahan yang dikenali 'advection' hulu menggabungkan ketepatan pemecahan perbezaan fluks dan kekuatan pemecahan vektor-fluks. Skim AUSM yang berdasarkan skim padat peringkat ketiga merupakan

suatu penghampiran kepada persamaan perbezaan telah lengkap dianalisa secara berperingkat. Dalam menyelesaikan masalah aliran satu dimensi untuk kaedah pengkamiran masa, satu kaedah tak tersirat digunakan pada skim yang mempunyai kejituan tertib pertama. Selain itu, pembangunan dan pengubahsuaian terhadap kod sumber bagi aliran satu dimensi disahkan dengan empat kes ujian iaitu, tiub kejutan tidak mantap, aliran muncung supersonik-subsonik mirip satu matra, aliran surut dan gelombang kejutan dalam tibu kejutan. Daripada hasil kajian ini, ia juga dilakukan untuk memastikan bahawa definisi masalah "Riemann" boleh dikenalpasti. Analisis selanjutnya juga telah dilakukan dalam membandingkan ciri-ciri skim AUSM terhadap keputusan eksperimen, yang diperolehi daripada kerja-kerja sebelumnya dan juga analisis perbandingan dengan hasil pengkomputeran yang dihasilkan oleh skim-skim van Leer, KFVS dan AUSMPW. Selanjutnya, terdapat penambahbaikan terhadap skim AUSM daripada ketepatan peringkat pertama kepada ketiga melibatkan kejutan, perhubungan keadaan yang terputus dan penyebab gelombang.

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I certify that a Thesis Examination committee has met on 2 September 2010 to conduct the final examination of Mahmod Abd Hakim bin Mohamad on his thesis entitled "One-Dimensional High -Order Compact Method for Solving Euler's Equations" in accordance with the Universities and University College Act 1971 and the Constitution of the Universiti Putra Malaysia [P.U.(A) 106] 15 March 1998. The committee recommends that the student be awarded the Master of Science.

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DECLARATION

I declare that the thesis is my original work except for quotation and citations, which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously and is not concurrently, submitted for any degree at Universiti Putra Malaysia or other institutions.

MAHMOD ABD HAKIM BIN MOHAMAD

Date: 2 September 2010

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