

Correlations between speciation of Cd, Cu, Pb and Zn in sediment and their concentrations in total soft tissue of green-lipped mussel *Perna viridis* from the west coast of Peninsular Malaysia

ABSTRACT

Total concentrations and speciation of cadmium (Cd), copper (Cu), lead (Pb) and zinc (Zn) in surface sediment samples were correlated with the respective metal measured in the total soft tissue of the green-lipped mussel *Perna viridis*, collected from water off the west coast of Peninsular Malaysia. The aim of this study is to relate the possible differences in the accumulation patterns of the heavy metals in *P. viridis* to those in the surface sediment. The sequential extraction technique was employed to fractionate the sediment into freely leachable and exchangeable (EFLE), acid-reducible, oxidisable organic and resistant fractions. The results showed that significant ($P < 0.05$) correlations were observed between Cd in *P. viridis* and Cd in the sediment (EFLE fraction and total Cd), Cu in *P. viridis* and Cu in the sediment (EFLE and acid-reducible fractions and total Cu) and Pb in *P. viridis* and Pb in the sediment (oxidisable organic fraction and total Pb). No significant correlation ($P > 0.05$) was found between Zn in *P. viridis* and all the sediment geochemical fractions of Zn and total Zn in the sediment. This indicated that Zn was possibly regulated from the soft tissue of *P. viridis*. The present results supported the use of *P. viridis* as a suitable biomonitoring agent for Cd, Cu and Pb.

Keyword: Heavy metals; Correlations; Sediment; Geochemical speciation; *Perna viridis*