UNIVERSITI PUTRA MALAYSIA

QURANIC ONTOLOGY FOR RESOLVING QUERY TRANSLATION DISAMBIGUATION IN ENGLISH-MALAY CROSS-LANGUAGE INFORMATION RETRIEVAL

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QURANIC ONTOLOGY
FOR RESOLVING QUERY TRANSLATION DISAMBIGUATION
IN ENGLISH-MALAY CROSS-LANGUAGE INFORMATION RETRIEVAL

By

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Chairman: Muhamad Taufik bin Abdullah, PhD
Faculty: Computer Science and Information Technology

This research proposed a Cross Language Information Retrieval (CLIR) method based on specific domain/ontology using specific concepts for disambiguating translation of the query. This research experiment the use of specific domain/ontology: Quran, written in English and Malay languages as a bilingual parallel-corpora and specific concepts: Quran, as a resource for cross-language query translation along with dictionary-based translation.

This study evaluates the effectiveness of query translation using dictionary-based and ontology for CLIR system. For translation, we use two basic approaches as benchmark: 1) first translation listed in the dictionary; and 2) all translation candidates listed in the dictionary. For the proposed CLIR method, we use three approaches: 1) based on verse list; 2) based on concepts similarity; and 3) based on concepts expansion. For concepts
matching before and after query translation, we used two approaches: 1) query concepts; and 2) translation concepts.

The experimental result shows that retrieval performance using dictionary-based is lower than monolingual either in English or Malay document collections. Direct translation involved in returning many possibility results which can affect the decreasing in document retrieval performance either in English or Malay document collections.

For the proposed CLIR method, performance of CLIR query translation based on verse list approach, concepts similarity approach and concepts expansion approach, obtained a better result either using query concepts or translation concepts matching compared to dictionary-based for English document collections but not in Malay document collections. In Malay document collections the retrieval performance only improved in concepts expansion approach. English language has a better structure compared to Malay language which affects the retrieval performance. A single Malay word may have a variety of meaning, not only by the word itself but also depends on the meaning of the verse or chapter. This is one of the reasons why retrieval performance decreasing in Malay document collections.
Abstrak tesis yang dikemukakan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk ijazah Master Sains

**ONTOLOGI QURAN UNTUK MENYELESAIKAN PENYAHTAKSAAN TERJEMAHAN PERTANYAAN DALAM DAPATAN SEMULA MAKLUMAT SILANG BAHASA INGGERIS-MELAYU**

Oleh

**ZULAINI BINTI YAHYA**

November 2012

Pengerusi: Muhamad Taufik bin Abdullah, PhD

Fakulti: Sains Komputer dan Teknologi Maklumat


Kajian ini menilai keberkesanan terjemahan pertanyaan dengan menggunakan kamus dwibahasa dan ontologi untuk sistem DSMSB. Untuk terjemahan, kami menggunakan dua pendekatan sebagai penanda aras, iaitu: 1) terjemahan pertama yang tersenarai dalam kamus; dan 2) semua terjemahan yang tersenarai dalam kamus. Dalam kaedah DSMSB
yang dicadangkan, kami menggunakan tiga pendekatan iaitu: 1) berdasarkan senarai surah; 2) berdasarkan persamaan konsep; dan 3) berdasarkan pengembangan konsep. Untuk penggunaan padanan konsep sebelum dan selepas terjemahan pertanyaan, kami menggunakan dua pendekatan, iaitu: 1) konsep pertanyaan; dan 2) konsep terjemahan.

Hasil kajian menunjukkan prestasi terjemahan pertanyaan menggunakan kamus dwibahasa pada sistem DSMSB lebih rendah berbanding dengan dapanat semula maklumat satu bahasa. Terjemahan secara langsung menghasilkan pelbagai kemungkinan jawapan yang menyebabkan penurunan prestasi bagi koleksi Inggeris ataupun Melayu.

Bagi pendekatan DSMSB cadangan, prestasi terjemahan pertanyaan menggunakan pendekatan berdasarkan senarai surah, berdasarkan persamaan konsep and berdasarkan pengembangan konsep, mendapat keputusan yang lebih baik sama ada dengan menggunakan konsep pertanyaan atau konsep terjemahan berbanding dengan kamus bagi koleksi dokumen Inggeris tetapi tidak dalam koleksi dokumen Melayu. Prestasi terjemahan pertanyaan hanya baik dengan menggunakan pendekatan berdasarkan pengembangan konsep bagi koleksi dokumen Melayu. Bahasa Inggeris mempunyai struktur yang lebih baik berbanding dengan bahasa Melayu yang mana ia memberi kesan kepada prestasi terjemahan pertanyaan. Satu perkataan bahasa Melayu boleh mempunyai pelbagai makna, bukan sahaja dari perkataan itu sendiri, tetapi juga
bergantung kepada makna ayat atau bab. Inilah satu sebab mengapa prestasi dapatan semula maklumat menurun dalam koleksi dokumen Melayu.
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Thank you Allah
I certify that a Thesis Examination Committee has met on **22 November 2012** to conduct the final examination of Zulaini binti Yahya on her thesis entitled “**Quranic Ontology for Resolving Query Translation Disambiguation in English-Malay Cross-Language Information Retrieval**” in accordance with the Universities and University Colleges Act 1971 and the Constitution of the Universiti Putra Malaysia [P.U.(A) 106] 15 March 1998. The Committee recommends that the student awarded the degree of Master of Science (Information Retrieval).

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Date:
DECLARATION

I declare that the thesis is my original work except for quotations and citations which have been duly acknowledged. I also declare that it has not been previously, and is not concurrently, submitted for any other degree at Universiti Putra Malaysia or at any other institution.

ZULAINI BINTI YAHYA

Date: 22 November 2012
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