## Synthesis and characterization of bismuth tantalate binary materials for potential application in multilayer ceramic capacitors (MLCC)

## **ABSTRACT**

The single phase bismuth tantalate (BiTaO4) was successfully synthesized by conventional solid-state method at sintering temperature  $1100 \, \text{oC}$ . This material crystallized in a triclinic system, space group P with a = 7.6585 , b = 5.5825 , c = 7.7795 , =  $90.03 \, \text{o}$ , =  $77.04 \, \text{o}$  and =  $86.48 \, \text{o}$ , respectively. The electrical properties of BiTaO4 were characterized by AC impedance analyzer, HP4192 at temperature ranging from  $250 \, \text{C} \, \text{o} \, \text{S} \, \text{5} \, \text{O} \, \text{O}$  over frequency range of  $5613 \, \text{MHz}$ . The sample was highly resistive as the conductivities were unlikely to be determined below  $550 \, \text{o} \, \text{C}$ . On the other hand, BiTaO4 exhibited moderate dielectric constant, r = 47 at ambient temperature in the frequency region of 1 MHz and near zero temperature coefficient of capacitance (TCC), 0.00022, making it a potential candidate for multilayer ceramic capacitors (MLCC).

**Keyword:** Solid-state method; Electroceramics; Dielectric constant; AC impedance spectroscopy