



**PRELIMINARY INVESTIGATION OF *Mitragyna speciosa* (KORTH.) HAVIL
LEAVES METHANOL CRUDE EXTRACT AND FORMULATION TOWARDS
WOUND HEALING PROPERTY**

By
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Thesis Submitted to the School of Graduate Studies, Universiti Putra
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December 2023

Chair : Siti Efliza binti Ashari, PhD
Faculty : Science

The demand for natural-based remedies is rising due to their safety and efficiency compared to synthetic-based medicine. In view of this, the unique bioactive properties of *Mitragyna speciosa* (Korth.) Havil (MS) have attracted high interest for its potential application in the pharmaceutical industry. This study aimed to determine *in vitro* the wound healing capacities of methanol crude extract (MCE) and fractions of MS leaves in promoting proliferation, monolayer migration, and angiogenesis activities. The ultrasound-assisted extraction (UAE) method using response surface methodology (RSM) was used to optimised the production of MCE. The optimised extraction conditions were then used to obtain the MCE and the corresponding fractions (hexane, dichloromethane, ethyl acetate, and butanol) using the liquid-liquid extraction (LLE). The developed quadratic polynomial model correlated with the experimental data is based on the coefficient of determination (R^2) of the extraction yield (0.9972, $p < 0.0001$) and the total phenolic content (TPC) (0.9553, $p < 0.0001$). At 25 °C, 15 min sonication time, and 10 mL/g of solvent to solid ratio, the optimal conditions recorded an extraction yield and TPC of 21.99 % and 144.70 (mgGAE)/g, respectively. The wound healing screening of the MCE and fractions revealed that the semi polar solvent of the ethyl acetate fraction (EAF) exhibited highest TPC (277.55 ± 4.89 mg GAE/g) and total flavonoid content (TFC) (90.72 ± 8.96 mg RE/g), a strong antioxidant of DPPH IC₅₀ (25.24 ± 30.56 µg/mL), strong antibacterial activity against *Staphylococcus aureus* (17.89 ± 0.68 mm), and moderate anti-inflammatory inhibition (42.36 ± 1.53 %). The EAF showed the highest migration rate and branching length at a lower concentration (3.13 µg/mL) of 70.85 % and 9014.33 pixels, respectively. EAF was selected to encapsulated into the newly developed cubosomes formulations using a single stabiliser of F127 (F) and a combined stabiliser of F127 and Tween 80 (Mix F-T). The optimal composition of formulation F consisted of 0.5 % F127 as it exhibited the lowest particle size (PS) of 177.93 ± 0.65 nm. Meanwhile the formulation Mix F-T consists of 0.25 % F127 and 0.25 % Tween 80 as it

demonstrated lowest PS (141.53 ± 0.21 nm). The measured PDI was 0.17 ± 0.01 (F) and 0.23 ± 0.01 (Mix F-T), zeta potential was -26.40 ± 0.10 (F) and -28.07 ± 2.40 mV (Mix F-T), and the pH was 4.17 (F) ± 0.02 and 4.18 ± 0.03 (Mix F-T). Furthermore, % entrapment efficiency was 95.63 ± 1.54 % (F) and 90.09 ± 1.89 % (Mix F-T). Both formulations showed no toxic effect on the 3T3 fibroblast cells, with cell viability values of higher than 80 % (up to 500 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$). The mortality rate of zebrafish embryos was unaffected when exposed to all formulations of less than 500 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$. Normal morphological features were observed when zebrafish embryos were exposed to unencapsulated EAF at concentrations less than 200 $\mu\text{g}/\text{mL}$, except that they exhibited hatching inhibition compared to the control group. This study suggests the potential of MS as wound healing and thus supporting its traditional claim.

Keywords: Cubosomes, methanolic crude extract, *Mitragyna speciosa*, wound healing

SDG: GOAL 3: Good Health

Abstrak thesis yang dikemukakan kepada Senat Universiti Putra Malaysia
sebagai memenuhi keperluan untuk Ijazah Doktor Falsafah

**SIASATAN AWAL TERHADAP *Mitragyna speciosa* (KORTH.) HAVIL
DAUN EKSTRAK MENTAH METANOL DAN RUMUSAN
KE ARAH PENYEMBUHAN LUKA**

Oleh

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Permintaan untuk ubat berdasarkan semula jadi semakin meningkat kerana keselamatan dan kecekapannya berbanding dengan ubat berdasarkan sintetik. Memandangkan perkara ini, sifat bioaktif yang unik oleh *Mitragyna speciosa* (Korth.) Havil (MS) telah menarik minat yang tinggi untuk potensi aplikasinya dalam industri farmakologi. Kajian ini bertujuan untuk menentukan kapasiti penyembuhan luka secara *in vitro* bagi ekstrak mentah metanol (MCE) dan pecahan daun MS dalam menggalakkan percambahan, migrasi lapisan mono, dan aktiviti angiogenesis. Kaedah pengekstrakan berbantuan ultrasound (UAE) menggunakan metodologi permukaan tindak balas (RSM) digunakan untuk mengoptimumkan pengeluaran MCE. Keadaan pengekstrakan yang dioptimumkan kemudiannya digunakan untuk mendapatkan MCE dan pecahan sepadan (heksana, diklorometana, etil asetat, dan butanol) menggunakan kaedah pengekstrakan cecair-cecair (LLE). Model polinomial kuadratik yang dibangunkan berkorelasi dengan data eksperimen adalah berdasarkan pekali penentuan (R^2) hasil pengekstrakan (0.9972, $p < 0.0001$) dan TPC (0.9553, $p < 0.0001$). Pada 25 °C, masa sonikasi 15 minit, dan 10 mL/g nisbah pelarut kepada pepejal, merupakan keadaan optimum mencatatkan hasil pengekstrakan dan TPC sebanyak 22.69 % dan 143.51 mg bersamaan asid gallik (GAE)/g. Saringan penyembuhan luka MCE dan pecahan mendedahkan pelarut separa polar bagi pecahan etil asetat (EAF) menunjukkan TPC tertinggi (277.55 ± 4.89 mg GAE/g) dan TFC (90.72 ± 8.96 mg RE/g), antioksidan yang tinggi dengan IC₅₀ DPPH (25.24 ± 30.56 µg/mL), aktiviti antibakteria yang tinggi terhadap *Staphylococcus aureus* (17.89 ± 0.68 mm), dan sederhana perencatan keradangan (42.36 ± 1.53 %). EAF menunjukkan kadar migrasi tertinggi dan panjang cabang (potensi tinggi untuk angiogenesis) pada kepekatan yang lebih rendah (3.13 µg/mL) masing-masing sebanyak 70.85 % dan 10986 piksel. EAF telah dipilih untuk dikapsulkan ke dalam formulasi kubosom yang dibangunkan menggunakan penstabil tunggal F127 (F) dan penstabil gabungan F127 dan Tween 80 (Mix F-T). Komposisi optimum rumusan F terdiri daripada 0.5 % F127 kerana ia

mempamerkan saiz zarah (PS) terendah iaitu 177.93 ± 0.65 nm. Sementara itu, rumusan Mix F-T terdiri daripada 0.25 % F127 dan 0.25 % Tween 80 kerana ia menunjukkan PS terendah (141.53 ± 1 nm). PDI yang diukur ialah 0.17 ± 0.01 (F) dan 0.23 ± 0.01 (Mix F-T), potensi zeta ialah -26.40 ± 0.10 (F) dan -28.07 ± 2.40 mV (Mix F-T), dan pH ialah 4.17 (F) dan pH 2.17 (Mix F) dan 4.18 ± 0.03 (Mix F-T). Tambahan lagi, peratus kecekapan perangkap ialah 95.63 ± 1.54 % (F) dan 90.09 ± 1.89 % (Mix F-T). Kedua-dua formulasi tidak menunjukkan kesan ketoksikan pada sel fibroblas 3T3, dengan nilai sel lebih tinggi daripada 80 % (sehingga 500 $\mu\text{g/mL}$). Kadar kematian embrio ikan zebra tidak terjejas apabila terdedah kepada semua formulasi kurang daripada 500 $\mu\text{g/mL}$. Ciri morfologi normal diperhatikan apabila embrio ikan zebra terdedah kepada EAF yang tidak berkapsul pada kepekatan kurang daripada 200 $\mu\text{g/mL}$, kecuali ia menunjukkan perencatan penetasan berbanding kumpulan kawalan. Kajian ini mencadangkan potensi MS sebagai penyembuhan luka dan dengan itu menyokong tuntutan tradisionalnya.

Kata Kunci: Ekstrak mentah metanol, kubosom, *Mitragyna speciosa*, penyembuhan luka

SDG: GOAL 3: Good Health

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TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
ABSTRACT	i
ABSTRAK	iii
ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS	v
APPROVAL	vi
DECLARATION	viii
LIST OF TABLES	xiii
LIST OF FIGURES	xv
LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS	xviii
 CHAPTER	
1 INTRODUCTION	1
1.1 Background Study	1
1.2 Problems Statement	3
1.3 Scope of Study	4
1.4 Research Objectives	6
2 LITERATURE REVIEW	7
2.1 Human Skin	7
2.2 Wounds	8
2.3 Stages of Wound Healing Process	8
2.3.1 Hemostasis	9
2.3.2 Inflammation	9
2.3.3 Proliferation	10
2.3.4 Remodelling	10
2.4 Plant for Wound Healing	11
2.4.1 Antioxidants from Plant Extracts	13
2.4.2 Antibacterial Agents from Plant Extracts	14
2.4.3 Angiogenesis from Plant Extracts	14
2.5 <i>Mitragyna speciosa</i>	17
2.6 Extraction of Plant	19
2.6.1 Ultrasound-assisted Extraction	19
2.6.2 Liquid-liquid Extraction	20
2.7 Response Surface Methodology	21
2.8 Cubosomes as a Delivery System	23
2.8.1 Main Compositions of Cubosomes	26
2.8.2 Encapsulation of Plant Extract in Cubosomes	27
2.8.3 Advantages and Limitations of Cubosomes	28
2.9 Toxicity Evaluation of Cubosomes	29
2.9.1 <i>In vitro</i> Cytotoxicity Assay	29
2.9.2 Zebrafish Embryos as <i>In vivo</i> Toxicity Model	30
3 MATERIALS AND METHODS	31
3.1 Materials and Instruments	31
3.1.1 List of Materials	31
3.1.2 List of Instruments	32

3.1.3	Collection of <i>Mitragyna speciosa</i> Leaves and Preparation	32
3.2	Methanol Crude Extract of <i>Mitragyna speciosa</i> Leaves by Ultrasound-assisted Extraction	32
3.2.1	Determination of Extraction Yield Extract	33
3.2.2	Total Phenolic Content	33
3.2.3	Optimisation of Experimental Design	33
3.2.4	Statistical Analysis	34
3.2.5	Verification of the Constructed Model	34
3.3	Preparation of Methanol Crude Extract Fractions	35
3.4	Screening the Wound Healing Activities	35
3.4.1	Total Phenolic Content	35
3.4.2	Total Flavanoid Content	35
3.4.3	Antioxidant Assay	35
3.4.4	Antibacterial Assay	36
3.4.5	Anti-Inflammatory Assay	36
3.4.6	<i>In vitro</i> Cell Culture Assay	37
3.4.7	Ultra-High Performance Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry	38
3.5	Preparation of Methanol Crude Extract/Fractions-loaded Cubosomes Formulations	39
3.6	Physicochemical Characterisation of the Cubosomes Formulations	40
3.6.1	Particle Size, Zeta Potential, and Polydispersity Index Measurement	40
3.6.2	pH Measurement	40
3.6.3	Entrapment Efficiency	40
3.6.4	Transmission Electron Microscopy	41
3.6.5	Storage Stability Study	41
3.6.6	<i>In vitro</i> Permeation Study	42
3.7	Toxicity of Cubosomes Formulations	43
3.7.1	<i>In vitro</i> Cytotoxicity	43
3.8	<i>In vivo</i> Toxicity of Zebrafish Embryos	43
3.8.1	Zebrafish Husbandry	43
3.8.2	Preparation of Test Solutions	43
3.8.3	Embryonic Exposure Experiment	44
3.8.4	Evaluation of the Toxicity Effect	44
3.8.5	Evaluation of Teratogenicity	44
3.9	Statistical Analysis	44
4	RESULTS AND DISCUSSION	45
4.1	Optimisation of Extraction Process of <i>Mitragyna speciosa</i>	45
4.1.1	Multiple Regression Results and the Analysis of the Adequacy of the Fitted Model	45
4.1.2	Effects of Ultrasound-assisted Extraction Parameters on the Extraction Yield	47
4.1.3	Effects of Extraction Parameters on Total Phenolic Content	50
4.1.4	Verification of the Developed Models	53

4.1.5 Extraction Parameters under Optimised Conditions	53
4.2 The Methanol Crude Extract and Fractions	54
4.3 Screening the Wound Healing Activities	55
4.3.1 Total Phenolic Content	55
4.3.2 Total Flavonoid Content	56
4.3.3 Antioxidant Activity Assay	57
4.3.4 Antibacterial Activity	58
4.3.5 Anti-Inflammatory	61
4.3.6 <i>In vitro</i> Wound Healing Assessment	62
4.3.7 Ultra-High Performance Liquid Chromatography Tandem Mass Spectrometry Analysis	71
4.4 Preparation of Cubosomes Formulations	75
4.4.1 Effect of Stabiliser Concentration	75
4.4.2 Effect of Stabiliser Types	75
4.5 Physicochemical Characterisation of Formulations	76
4.5.1 Particle Size, Zeta Potential and Polydispersity Index Analysis	76
4.5.2 pH Analysis	77
4.5.3 Entrapment Efficiency	77
4.5.4 Morphology Analysis	77
4.5.5 Storage Stability Analysis	78
4.5.6 <i>In vitro</i> Permeation Study	83
4.6 Toxicity of Formulation	85
4.6.1 <i>In vitro</i> Study	85
4.6.2 <i>In vivo</i> Study	86
5 CONCLUSION AND RECOMMENDATIONS FOR FUTURE RESEARCH	94
5.1 Conclusion	94
5.2 Recommendations for Future Research	95
REFERENCES	96
APPENDICES	122
BIODATA OF STUDENT	129
LIST OF PUBLICATIONS	130

LIST OF TABLES

Table		Page
2.1	Plant-based of Rubiaceae with wound healing activities	12
2.2	Mechanisms on bacterial action of plant-derived compounds	14
2.3	Proangiogenic potential of various plants	16
2.4	Application of RSM for leaves extraction using UAE	22
2.5	Variation of widely used lipid nanocarriers and their properties for topical delivery	24
2.6	Encapsulation of plant extract in cubosomes for topical application	28
2.7	Type of cell used in wound healing studies	29
3.1	List of chemicals	31
3.2	List of reagents used in bioactivity study	31
3.3	List of instruments	32
3.4	The three independent variables and their coded levels for the CCRD	34
4.1	The actual values for the design matrices and predicted data of the extraction temperature (X_1), sonication time (X_2), and solvent to solid ratio (X_3) for the optimisation of UAE of MS leaves using the CCRD	47
4.2	The quadratic polynomial equations for the two responses based on the coded factors	47
4.3	The actual values and predicted data for the model verification	53
4.4	The values of actual and predicted response from the optimised UAE conditions	54
4.5	The fractionation yields of the MCE of MS	54
4.6	The total phenolic content, flavanoid content and DPPH IC ₅₀ of MCE and fractions of MS	58
4.7	Antibacterial activity of MCE and fractions of MS	59

4.8	Anti-inflammatory of MCE and fractions	61
4.9	The IC ₅₀ of the fibroblast cells and HUVECs treated with the MCE, HF, DCMF, and EAF of the MS leaves	64
4.10	The MS/MS data of the tentatively identified compounds in <i>Mitragyna speciosa</i> of the methanol crude extract, dicholoromethane fraction and ethyl acetate fraction through UHPLC-ESI-QTOF-MS/MS	73
4.11	Composition of cubosomes formulations	75
4.12	Composition of the prepared cubosomes formulations	76
4.13	Physicochemical characterisation of cubosomes formulations	77
4.14	Physical stability of the cubosomes formulations (day 1, 30, 60, and 90) containing EAF under different storage temperatures (4, 25, and 45 °C)	79
4.15	Teratogenic effects of varying concentrations of unencapsulated EAF and cubosomes formulations on zebrafish embryos at 96 hpf	92
4.16	Inhibitory and lethal doses of unencapsulated EAF and cubosomes formulations on fibroblast cells and zebrafish embryos	93

LIST OF FIGURES

Figure		Page
1.1	Schematic diagram of research study	5
2.1	The structure of the human skin. (a) The three tissue layers, (b) The internal structures (cytoskeleton) of fibroblasts, and (c) The stratum basale (stem cell layer)	7
2.2	The complex wound healing process comprising four main stages (a) Hemostatis, (b) Inflammation, (c) Proliferation, and (d) Remodeling	9
2.3	Classification of natural antioxidants in plant	13
2.4	MS leaves	17
2.5	The chemical structures of three main alkaloids in MS (a) Mitragynine, (b) 7-Hydroxymitragynine, and (c) Corynantheidine	18
2.6	(a) Cavitation bubble and (b) schematic of ultrasound bath configuration	20
2.7	The 3-D representation of (a) QII D ($Pn3m$) (b) QII P ($Im3m$), and (c) QII G ($Ia3d$) inverse bicontinuous cubic phases of cubosomes	25
2.8	Cubosomes with bioactive substances	26
3.1	Tube Formation Assay	38
4.1	The predicted data versus actual values of the (a) extraction yield and (b) TPC of MS leaves	46
4.2	Response surface 3-D plots of; the interaction effect of extraction yield as a function of (a) extraction temperature, (b) sonication time, and (c) solvent to solid ratio	49
4.3	Response surface 3-D plots of; the interaction effect of TPC as a function of (a) extraction temperature, (b) sonication time, and (c) solvent to solid ratio	52
4.4	Calibration curve of gallic acid	56
4.5	Calibration curve of rutin	57
4.6	Photographs of agar diffusion of MCE and fractions of MS	60

4.7	The effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, HF, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, 6.25, 12.50, 25.00, 50.00 and 100.00 µg/mL) on the cell viability of 3T3 fibroblast cells	63
4.8	The effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, HF, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, 6.25, 12.50, 25.00, 50.00 and 100.00 µg/mL) on the cell viability of HUVECs	63
4.9	The effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, and 6.25 µg/mL) on the 3T3 fibroblast cells migration	65
4.10	The scratch assay representative images of the effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, and 6.25 µg/mL) on the 3T3 fibroblast cells migration	66
4.11	The effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, and 6.25 µg/mL) on HUVECs migration	67
4.12	The scratch assay digital images of the effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, and 6.25 µg/mL) on HUVECs migration	68
4.13	The effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, and 6.25 µg/mL) on the tube-like structures in the Matrigel® tube formation assay	69
4.14	The representative images of the effects of varying concentrations of the MCE, DCMF, and EAF (1.56, 3.13, and 6.25 µg/mL) on the tube-like formations in the Matrigel® tube formation assay	70
4.15	Chromatograms of (a) MCE, (b) DCMF, and (c) EAF	72
4.16	Chromatograms of (a) standard Mitragynine and (b) EAF	74
4.17	TEM images of cubosomes formulations of (a) F and (b) Mix F-T	78
4.18	Physical stability of the formulations containing EAF in terms (a) particle size, (b) zeta potential, and (c) PDI	80
4.19	$1/r^2$ versus storage time (sec) (a) F (b) Mix F-T	81
4.20	r^3 versus storage time (sec) of cubosomes formulations of (a) F and (b) Mix F-T	83
4.21	Calibration curve of EAF	84

4.22	Graph of drug release of unencapsulated EAF and cubosomes formulations F and Mix F-T	84
4.23	Cytotoxicity of unencapsulated EAF, positive control (allantoin) and cubosomes formulations on cell viability of 3T3 fibroblast cell	86
4.24	Toxicity of zebrafish embryos at 96 hpf based on mortality rate of unencapsulated EAF and cubosomes formulations	88
4.25	Toxicity of zebrafish embryos at 48 hpf based on heartbeat of unencapsulated EAF and cubosomes formulations	89
4.26	Toxicity of zebrafish embryos at 72 hpf based on hatching rate of unencapsulated EAF and cubosomes formulations	90
4.27	Toxicity of zebrafish embryos at 24 hpf based on spontaneous tail coiling of unencapsulated EAF and cubosomes formulations	91
4.28	Morphology of the zebrafish embryo at 96 hpf exposed to (a) control (b) EAF (300 µg/mL), (c) formulation F (500 µg/mL), (d) blank F (500 µg/mL) (e) Mix F-T (400 µg/mL), and (f) blank Mix F-T (500 µg/mL)	93

LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS

2-D	Two-dimensional
3-D	Three-dimensional
ANOVA	Analysis of variance
API	Active Pharmaceutical Ingredient
BF	Butanol fraction
bpm	Beats per min
CCRD	Central Composite Rotatable Design
CFU	Colony-forming unit
CV	Coefficients of Variation
DCMF	Dichloromethane fraction
DMSO	Dimethyl sulfoxide
DNA	Deoxyribonucleic acid
DPPH	2,2-diphenyl-1-picrylhydrazyl
E3M	Embryo medium
EAF	Ethyl acetate fraction
ECM	Extracellular matrix
EE	Entrapment Efficiency
F127	Poloxamer 407
FDA	Food and Drug Administration
GMO	Glyceryl monooleate
GRAS	Generally Recognised as Safe
HF	Hexane fraction
hpf	Hour of post fertilization

HUVECs	Human umbilical vein endothelial cells
IC ₅₀	Inhibition Concentration of 50%
IR	Industrial revolution
kV	Kilovolt
LC	Liquid chromatography
LC/MS-MS	Tandem Liquid chromatography–Mass spectrometry
LC ₅₀	Concentration that cause 50% mortality
LCNPs	Liquid crystalline nanoparticles
LLE	Liquid-liquid extraction
MCE	Methanol crude extract
MG	Mitragynine
mg GAE/g	Milligram gallic acid equivalent per gram
mg RE/g	Milligram of rutin equivalent per gram
mM	Millimolar
MO	Monoolein
MS	<i>Mitragyna speciosa</i>
MS/MS	Mass spectrometry
MTT	3-[4,5-dimethylthiazol-2yl]-2,5-diphenyltetrazolium bromide
mV	Millivolt
NADH	Nicotinamide adenine dinucleotide (NAD) + hydrogen (H)
NCI	American National Cancer Institute
NIH	National Institute of Health
NIST	National Institute Standard
nm	Nanometer
NPs	Nanoparticles

O ²⁻	Superoxide radical
OECD	Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development
OH·	Hydroxyl radicals
PBS	Phosphate Buffer Saline
PDI	Polydispersity Index
PEO	Polyethylene Oxide
pH	Power of hydrogen
PPO	Polypropylene
PS	Particle size
PT	Phytantriol
ROS	Reactive oxygen species
rpm	Revolutions per minutes
RSE	Residual standard error
RSM	Response surface methodology
R ²	Coefficient of determination
RT	Retention time
SD	Standard deviation
TEM	Transmission electron microscopy
TFC	Total Flavanoid Content
TPC	Total Phenolic Content
UAE	Ultrasound-assisted extraction
UHPLC	Ultra-High Performance Liquid Chromatography
UV-Vis	Ultraviolet Visible
ZP	Zeta potential

CHAPTER 1

INTRODUCTION

1.1 Background Study

Wounds are referred to as an unnatural break, defect, or tear in the skin as a result of thermal/physical injury or an underlying pathological condition. Depending on the restoration process, wounds can be categorised into acute or chronic. Tissue injuries from acute wounds mostly tend to be completely restored with minimal scarring around 8 - 12 weeks. In contrast, chronic wounds have an extended healing time of more than 12 weeks and tend to reoccur. Underlying physiological conditions may delay the wound healing process or lead to completely unsuccessful restoration (Mir *et al.*, 2018).

Non-healing wounds pose a heavy financial burden to healthcare organisations, causing significantly reduced quality of life of affected individuals and usually antecede severe health-related events, such as premature deaths and amputations (Järbrink *et al.*, 2017). The Medicare beneficiaries retrospective analysis 2018 reported that around 8.2 million people had been injured with and without infections (Sen, 2019). In addition, the global advanced wound management market was projected to rise at a Compound Annual Growth Rate (CAGR) of 6.6% from 2020 to 2027 and reach \$18.7 billion by 2027 (Sen, 2021). The search for ideal plant-based medicine as a wound healing agent has begun since early human civilisation (Fazil & Nikhat, 2020). The prevalence and effectiveness of plant-derived products, including in crude preparations, have made them a primary option as potential wound healing agents (Sasidharan *et al.*, 2010). Although plants' secondary metabolites, such as flavonoids, phenols, alkaloids, and saponin, may not be helpful for their growth or reproduction, they have been scientifically proven to provide selective advantages in terms of natural therapeutic effects (Pai *et al.*, 2022). In fact, numerous conventional drugs are plant-based, some with outstanding treatment efficiency. These phytomedicines, including digoxin (from foxglove), aspirin (from willow bark), morphine (from the opium poppy) (Vickers *et al.*, 2001), and quinine (from cinchona bark), are very cheap, affordable, and safe. Hence, the discovery of various life-sustaining bioactive constituents in plant-based medicine has prompted the scientific community to explore these plants and determine the extent of their potential wound healing properties (Thakur *et al.*, 2011).

Despite that, various studies have specifically investigated the efficacy of natural plant metabolites in cell culture and preclinical animal model systems for human consumption, their *in vitro* and *in vivo* effects have yet been implemented for clinical practice due to many factors, such as the poor systemic delivery outcome and inadequate bioavailability of the promising agents. In this respect, the development of novel carriers and drug delivery systems for herbal drugs should preferably achieve certain objectives, such as proper rate of drug delivery

according to the body's needs over the treatment period, and the herbal drug should reach the target site and carry out its role as expected (Rahman *et al.*, 2020).

Over the years, the emergence of nanopharmaceuticals as a branch of pharmaceutics has attracted considerable attention owing to its effective topical delivery of drug molecules. The human skin is regarded as the most accessible organ for topical drug delivery due to its exceptionally high surface area. Concurrently, the advancement of nanosized particulate systems highlights the beneficial applications of nanocarriers, such as the varying levels of membrane stress, large membrane surface area-to-volume ratio, and hydrophobic and membrane proteins with elevated loading capacities. Nano-self-assembling lipid-based systems represent one such nanocarrier system, in which the liquid crystalline phase has received a growing research interest and has been broadly studied for drug delivery applications (Rapalli *et al.*, 2020).

One of the various lipid-based carriers that have gained massive attention from the pharmaceutical industry is the liquid crystalline nanoparticles (LCNPs) not only because of their ability to boost the bioavailability and improve the absorbency of active ingredients (Elnaggar *et al.*, 2015; Liu & Feng, 2015) but also because LCNPs offers such improvements with no visible skin irritation (Freag *et al.*, 2019). Most of the LCNPs currently applied are thermodynamically stable in excess water and categorised into four types of mesophase: three-dimensional (3-D) inverse bicontinuous and discontinuous cubic phases and two-dimensional (2-D) and 3-D inverse hexagonal phases. The ability of each phase to disperse into LCNPs results in a different formation. As such, the inverse bicontinuous cubic phase forms cubosomes, the discontinuous cubic phase forms micellar cubosomes while the inverted hexagonal phase forms hexosomes (Lancelot *et al.*, 2014). The formation of a highly organised internal structure in cubosomes enables the slow-release matrix of active pharmaceutical ingredient (API) of different sizes and polarities. In addition, they possess unique physicochemical properties, including the high compatibility to encapsulate various active molecules ranging from hydrophilic, hydrophobic, and amphiphilic classes (Singhvi *et al.*, 2018). Such potential use of cubosomes and their unique features have received wide interest from the scientific community.

Mitragyna speciosa (Korth.) Havil., (MS) locally known in Malaysia as 'ketum' or 'biak-biak' and in Thailand as 'kratom,' is a popular contentious herbal plant with various remedy values. Since ancient times, it has been applied as a traditional herbal remedy to heal wounds through decoction and poultices of its leaves. Previous literature stated that various compounds in MS, such as alkaloids, flavonoids, saponins, sterols, and tannins, offer a wide range of pharmacological activities, such as antimicrobial, antioxidant (Parthasarathy *et al.*, 2009) and antinociceptive and anti-inflammation (Mossadeq *et al.*, 2009) that are vital in treating wounds.

In line with the global shift towards the fast-paced Industrial Revolution 4.0 (IR 4.0), each stakeholder must adapt swiftly to the rapid development of technological products. Researchers within academic circles also have a crucial role in contributing to the development of high-quality products, and the extent of commercialisation will significantly impact the industry, community, and country. Therefore, efforts have been focused on emphasising design and innovation to drive IR 4.0 by producing output-based natural resources using native plants in Malaysia, such as MS, which was listed in the 2015 Malaysian Herbal Monograph.

1.2 Problems Statement

Extraction of plant components via the conventional approach such as maceration, decoction, soxhlet extraction is restricted due to various drawbacks and challenges, such as time consumption, huge solvent usage, multiple experimental runs, and low crude yield percentage (Krakowska *et al.*, 2017; Tzanova *et al.*, 2020). Antioxidant bioactive substances in plant extracts are also naturally unstable, easily oxidised, and degrade upon exposure to light (Hoang *et al.*, 2021). Therefore, there is a need to develop a reliable model to optimise the independent variables, including the sonication time, the concentration and volume of solvent, extraction temperature, and solvent to solid ratio, to achieve a sufficient amount of extract yield and phenolic recovery from plant samples (Arteaga-Crespo *et al.*, 2020).

Both the empirical and statistical approaches can be used to study the optimisation process (Ameena Ali *et al.*, 2017; Ilghami *et al.*, 2015). In view of this, the response surface methodology (RSM) is a useful technique that involves mathematical and statistical analysis, which is acquired from the fit of empirical models to the obtained data from experiments. Generally, the linear or square polynomial functions are utilised to describe the studied system. Therefore, an optimisation study can be performed to investigate the experimental conditions (Zainol *et al.*, 2012). Since the RSM reduces the total amount of experimental trials, operational cost, and time compared to other techniques, thus, it is widely employed in the optimisation of extraction of several compounds, such as polysaccharides, phenolic compounds, and carotenoids from different plant materials (Ghasemzadeh *et al.*, 2014; Shirzad *et al.*, 2017).

Throughout modern history, numerous infectious pathogens or inflammatory conditions have contributed to unhealed of wounds and posing significant challenges (Pereira & Bárto, 2016). The role of dermatologists in the ever-expanding field of global health (Seth *et al.*, 2017) is becoming more crucial as the global burden of wound cases (Yao *et al.*, 2020). Therefore, it is essential to develop safer and more efficient compounds to cure wounds so that the healing process may be improved, and treatment expenses can be decreased. Furthermore, plant-based products possess significant properties and effects on immunity, which are advantageous in treating wounds (Liu *et al.*, 2019). Production cost is also generally low due to the abundance of natural plants.

Furthermore, plant extracts might reduce the risks of adaptive resistance commonly reported in single-agent therapies (Ng *et al.*, 2018).

Formulating plant extract products containing beneficial bioactive ingredients has also encountered challenging obstacles due to various factors, including poor solubility and low bioavailability, which may affect topical drug delivery (Mohapatra *et al.*, 2021). A practical topical application requires the target product to permeate through the skin's inner layer successfully (Casanova & Santos, 2016). Although penetration enhancers are typically added to promote drug delivery across the stratum corneum, some of them, such as dimethyl sulfoxide (DMSO) and propylene glycol, trigger undesirable side effects such as skin irritation, systemic drug absorption, and skin damage (Rapalli *et al.*, 2020).

In addition, the utmost challenge in lipid-based development systems is maintaining the nanometre particle size range while remaining physically stable for a certain period (Mishra *et al.*, 2018). Despite intense research on using drug or plant extract formulation for the encapsulation of bioactive ingredients, the interaction between the components in the formulation may directly or indirectly affect the stability of the formulation, making them inaccessible for absorption (Rahman *et al.*, 2020). Therefore, it is crucial to investigate the encapsulation process of bioactive compounds into plant extract-based formulations with stable, compatible physicochemical characteristics and safe for optimal topical drug delivery.

1.3 Scope of Study

The current study was conducted in four major stages. The first stage involved ultrasound-assisted extraction (UAE) using RSM to optimise the process parameters, including sonication time, extraction temperature, solvent to solid ratio in response to the percentage yield, and total phenolic content (TPC), to produce methanol crude extract (MCE) of MS. The optimised crude extract was then fractionated using liquid-liquid extraction to obtain hexane (HF), dichloromethane (DCMF), ethyl acetate (EAF), and butanol (BF) fractions.

In the second part, the wound healing effects of the MCE and its fractions were evaluated, which includes TPC, total flavonoid content (TFC), antioxidant, antibacterial, anti-inflammatory, cytotoxicity assay (proliferation), scratch assay, and tube formation assay.

In the third stage of the study, the selected MCE or fractions was encapsulated in a lipid-based lyotropic (cubosomes) formulations. This was followed by physicochemical characterisation of the developed formulations, such as the particle size, zeta potential, polydispersity index, pH measurement, morphological observation, entrapment efficiency, stability study, and permeation release using Franz diffusion cell.

In the final stage, the toxicity of the cubosomes formulations was determined *in vitro* using fibroblast cells and *in vivo* using zebrafish embryos. Figure 1.1 illustrates the overall schematic methodological flow of the present research.

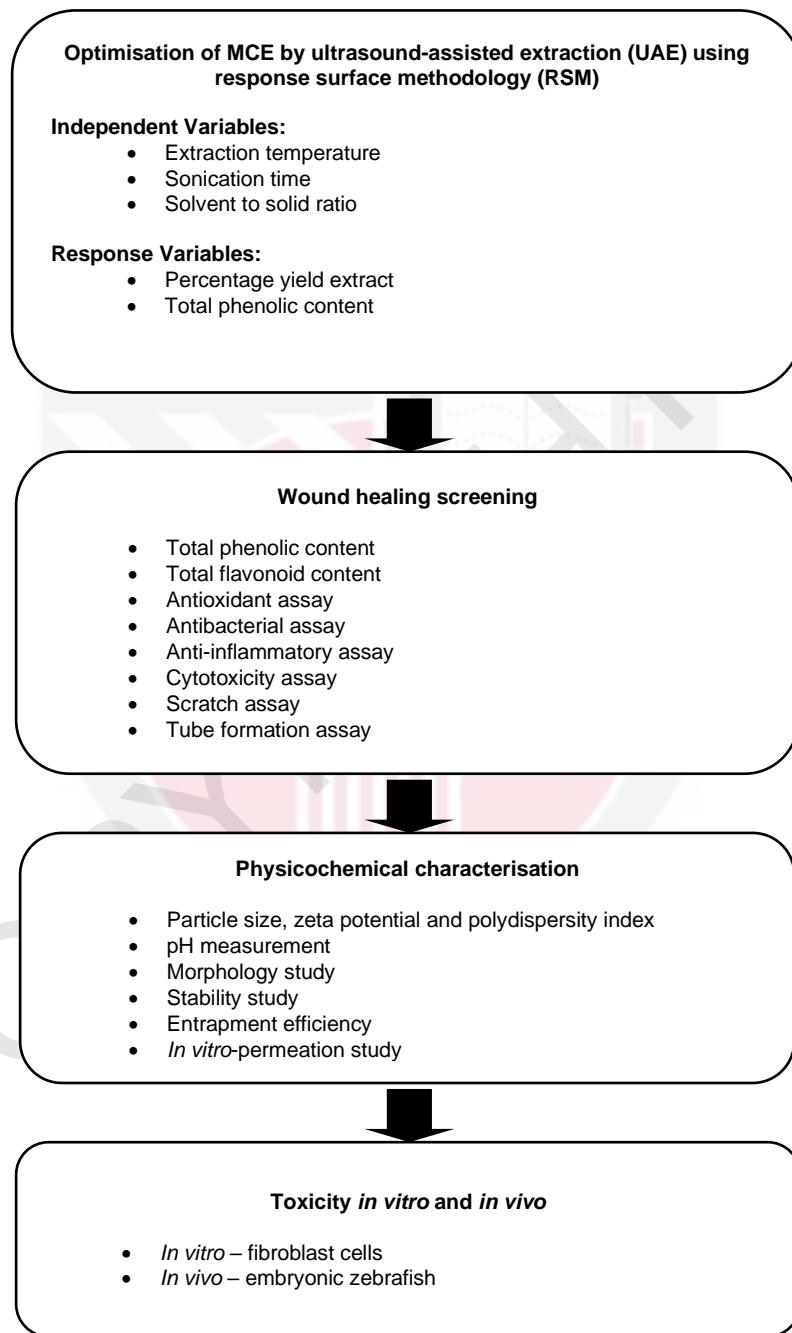


Figure 1.1: Schematic diagram of research study

1.4 Research Objectives

The objectives of the research are as follows:

1. To optimise the extraction method of MS leaves by UAE using central composite rotatable design (CCRD) of RSM.
2. To determine biological activities (total phenolic content, total flavonoid content, antioxidant, antibacterial, and anti-inflammatory), *in vitro* wound healing cell-based assays (cytotoxicity, migration assay, and tube formation assay), and identify the phytocompounds using tandem Liquid chromatography–Mass spectrometry (LC/MS-MS).
3. To encapsulate the MCE/fraction of MS loaded with a lipid-based lyotropic liquid crystal (cubosomes) formulations and characterise the physicochemical properties.
4. To evaluate *in vitro* cytotoxicity (3T3 fibroblast cells) and *in vivo* toxicity (embryonic zebrafish) of the lipid-based-lyotropic liquid crystal (cubosomes) formulations containing MS MCE/fraction.

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